# Montana Natural Heritage - SOC Report Plant Species of Concern

**453** Species of Concern **90** Potential Species of Concern All Records (no filtering)



A program of the Montana State Library's Natural Resource Information System operated by the University of Montana.

### Introduction

The Montana Natural Heritage Program (MTNHP) serves as the state's information source for Species of Concern (SOC) -- plants and animals that are rare, threatened, and/or have declining populations and as a result are at risk or potentially at risk of extirpation in Montana. This report is based on information gathered from field inventories, publications, reports, herbaria specimens, and the knowledge of botanists and other taxonomic experts. Taxa in the SOC category generally include all vascular plant taxa ranked S1, S2, S3 or SH. Nonvascular taxa (bryophytes and lichens) which are not as well documented or studied as vascular plant taxa in the state, are listed as SOC using similar criteria as vascular taxa but are more strictly limited to those taxa which are believed to be the rarest or most vulnerable to extirpation based on current information.

Species List Last Updated 02/19/2021

Designation as a Species of Concern is not a statutory or regulatory classification. Instead, these designations provide a basis for resource managers and decision-makers to make proactive decisions regarding species conservation and data collection priorities in order to maintain viable populations and avoid extirpation of species from the state. MTNHP may designate additional taxa as Potential Species of Concern (PSOC). Taxa in this designation include species or subspecies which may be rare, have a restricted range in the state or are otherwise vulnerable to extirpation in at least part of their range but otherwise do not meet the criteria for inclusion as a SOC. An additional designation of Status Under Review is used for those taxa for which additional information is needed to accurately assign a status rank or for which conflicting information exists. Taxa designated as Status Under Review are not included in this document but can be found in the on-line **Fieldguide (fieldguide.mt.gov)**.

This web-based report, which replaces the 2006 Plant Species of Concern publication, identifies vascular plant Species of Concern (SOC), bryophyte SOC and lichen SOC in Montana. The MTNHP continuously reviews and updates status ranks as new information and data become available through field surveys, research, and submitted observations. Status ranks and information supporting them are reviewed by botanists and resource specialists. If you wish to comment or contribute information to this process please contact the MTNHP Botanist. The information we receive from botanists and others throughout the state is essential in this process, and contributes to more accurate assessments of species' status. We continue to ask that all observations for SOC, PSOC and Review Status plants be reported to the Heritage Program. A copy of the field survey form specifying the information that should be submitted is available on our **website (mtnhp.org)**.

Information concerning plant species contained on the SOC, PSOC or Review lists may be viewed on the MTNHP's on-line Montana Plant Field Guide. The Field Guide provides information for vascular and non-vascular plants, including species' characteristics, identification, habitat, distribution, state rank reasons and references, as well as technical illustrations and photographs of the plants and their habitats. For each species, a link to the **NatureServe website (natureserve.org)** provides access to information on the status of the species throughout North America, assembled from state and provincial Natural Heritage databases. Information in the Montana Field Guide is continuously updated and expanded, so please check it often for current species' information. If you have questions concerning the field guide or find errors or omissions please contact the MTNHP.

Status lists of SOC plants may be queried on-line by county and/or township; taxonomic group or one of several rank/status criteria. More detailed information or additional assistance can be requested from MTNHP using the Information Request function on our website, or by phone, e-mail or mail.

#### How to Read the Lists

The SOC list is organized alphabetically by scientific name (Genus and specific epithet followed by subspecific epithet if any) within the major groups of Vascular Plants, Bryophytes (Mosses and Liverworts) and Lichens. Vascular plants are further sorted by the subgroups: Ferns and Fern Allies, Gymnosperms (if any), Flowering Plants-Dicots and Flowering Plants-Monocots. The list can also be sorted alphabetically by the common name. Additional scientific names as well as the Family name are included in adjacent columns for each species. The nomenclature and taxonomy for many groups of plants continues to change as new research is conducted and published, and as a result no one nomenclatural reference is followed. Publications and web resources which are most relevant to Montana plants include Vascular Plants of Montana (Dorn 1984), NatureServe Explorer, The USDA PLANTS database, Flora of North America (1993-), Grasses of Montana (Lavin and Seibert 2011) and Flora of the Pacific Northwest (Hitchcock and Cronquist 1973). Additionally, an abundance of scientific literature pertinent to Montana plants is available and indispensable in the process of determining the nomenclature and taxonomic concepts used in this report.

Species that have been added to or deleted from the SOC list due to changes in their global or state rank are reported in separate sections below. These changes are also reflected in the date displayed at the top of the report which shows when an addition or deletion to the list last occurred.

#### **County Distribution**

Montana counties of record are listed alphabetically with each species. County records of occurrence are determined directly from mapped species occurrences (SO's) in MTNHP databases. A record of occurrence for a particular county may be based on a historical observation which may no longer be extant. Additionally, some plant observations with vague locality information are not mapped in MTNHP databases and as result would not be included in the county distribution for that particular species.

#### Montana Species Ranking Codes (GRank, SRank)

Montana employs a standardized ranking system to denote global (range-wide) and state status (NatureServe 2006). Species are assigned numeric ranks ranging from 1 (highest risk, greatest concern) to 5 (demonstrably secure), reflecting the relative degree of risk to the species' viability, based upon available information.

A number of factors are considered in assigning ranks — the number, size and quality of known occurrences or populations, distribution, trends (if known), intrinsic vulnerability, habitat specificity, and definable threats. The process of assigning state ranks for each taxon relies heavily on the number of occurrences and Species Occurrence (OE) ranks, which is a ranking system of the quality (usually A through D) of each known occurrence based on factors such as size (# of individuals) and habitat guality. The remaining factors noted above are also incorporated into the ranking process when they are known. The "State Rank Reason" field in the Montana Field Guide provides additional information on the reasons for a particular species' rank.

#### Rank Definition

- G1 S1 At high risk because of extremely limited and/or rapidly declining population numbers, range and/or habitat, making it highly vulnerable to global extinction or extirpation in the state.
- G2 S2 At risk because of very limited and/or potentially declining population numbers, range and/or habitat, making it vulnerable to global extinction or extirpation in the state.
- G3 S3 Potentially at risk because of limited and/or declining numbers, range and/or habitat, even though it may be abundant in some areas.
- G4 S4 Apparently secure, though it may be quite rare in parts of its range, and/or suspected to be declining.
- **G5 S5** Common, widespread, and abundant (although it may be rare in parts of its range). Not vulnerable in most of its range.
- GX SX Presumed Extinct or Extirpated Species is believed to be extinct throughout its range or extirpated in Montana. Not located despite intensive searches of historical sites and other appropriate habitat, and small likelihood that it will ever be rediscovered
- GH SH Historical, known only from records usually 40 or more years old: may be rediscovered.
- GNR SNR Not Ranked as of yet.
- GU SU Unrankable Species currently unrankable due to lack of information or due to substantially conflicting information about status or trends.
- GNA SNA A conservation status rank is not applicable because the species or ecosystem is not a suitable target for conservation activities as a result of being: 1) not confidently present in the state; 2) non-native or introduced; 3) a long distance migrant with accidental or irregular stopovers; or 4) a hybrid without conservation value.

#### **Combination or Range Ranks**

#### G#G#

Indicates a range of uncertainty about the status of the species (e.g., G1G3 = Global Rank ranges between G1 and G3). or S#S#

S#, S# Indicates that populations in different geographic portions of the species' range in Montana have a different conservation status (e.g., S1 west of the Continental Divide and S4 east of the Continental Divide).

#### Sub-rank

T# Rank of a subspecies or variety. Appended to the global rank of the full species, e.g. G4T3

#### Qualifiers

- Questionable taxonomy that may reduce conservation priority-Distinctiveness of this entity as a taxon at the current level is questionable; resolution of this uncertainty may result in change from a species to a subspecies or hybrid, or inclusion of Q this taxon in another taxon, with the resulting taxon having a lower-priority (numerically higher) conservation status rank. Appended to the global rank, e.g. G3Q
- ? Inexact Numeric Rank Denotes uncertainty: inexactness.

HYB Hybrid - Entity not ranked because it represents an interspecific hybrid and not a species.

- С Captive or Cultivated Only - Species at present exists only in captivity or cultivation, or as a reintroduced population not yet established.
- Accidental Species is accidental or casual in Montana, in other words, infrequent and outside usual range. Includes species (usually birds or butterflies) recorded once or only a few times at a location. A few of these species may have bred on А the few occasions they were recorded.
- SYN Synonym Species reported as occurring in Montana, but the Montana Natural Heritage Program does not recognize the taxon; therefore the species is not assigned a rank.
- в Breeding - Rank refers to the breeding population of the species in Montana. Appended to the state rank, e.g. S2B.S5N = At risk during breeding season, but common in the winter
- Ν Nonbreeding - Rank refers to the non-breeding population of the species in Montana. Appended to the state rank, e.g. S5B, S2N = Common during breeding season, but at risk in the winter
- М Migratory - Species occurs in Montana only during migration.

#### **Federal Status**

Designations in this column reflect the status of a species under the U.S. Endangered Species Act (ESA), or as "sensitive" by the U.S. Forest Service (USFS) or Bureau of Land Management (BLM).

#### U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Endangered Species Act)

Status of a taxon under the federal Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C.A. § 1531-1543 (Supp. 1996))

#### **Designation Descriptions**

- LE Listed endangered: Any species in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range (16 U.S.C. 1532(6)).
- LT Listed threatened: Any species likely to become an endangered species within the foreseeable future throughout all or a significant portion of its range (16 U.S.C. 1532(20)).
- c Candidate: Those taxa for which sufficient information on biological status and threats exists to propose to list them as threatened or endangered. We encourage their consideration in environmental planning and partnerships; however, none of the substantive or procedural provisions of the Act apply to candidate species.
- P Proposed threatened: Any species that is proposed in the Federal Register to be listed under section 4 of the Act.
- DM Recovered, delisted, and being monitored Any previously listed species that is now recovered, has been delisted, and is being monitored.
- NL Not listed No designation.
- XE Experimental Essential population An experimental population whose loss would be likely to appreciably reduce the likelihood of the survival of the species in the wild.
- XN Experimental Nonessential population An experimental population of a listed species reintroduced into a specific area that receives more flexible management under the Act.
- CH Critical Habitat The specific areas (i) within the geographic area occupied by a species, at the time it is listed, on which are found those physical or biological features (I) essential to conserve the species and (II) that may require special management considerations or protection; and (ii) specific areas outside the geographic area occupied by the species at the time it is listed upon determination that such areas are essential to conserve the species.
- PS Partial status status in only a portion of the species' range. Typically indicated in a "full" species record where an infraspecific taxon or population, that has a record in the database has USESA status, but the entire species does not. For example, Yellow-billed Cuckoo (*Coccyzus americanus*) is ranked PS:LT. Partial Status Listed Threatened. Designated as Threatened in the Western U.S. Distinct Population Segment (DPS) (subspecies *occidentalis*) The Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940 (BGEPA) (16 U.S.C. 668-668c) prohibits anyone, without a permit issued by the Secretary of the Interior, from taking bald or golden eagles, including their parts, nests, or eggs. The BGEPA provides criminal and civil penalties for persons who take, possess, sell, purchase, barter, offer to sell, purchase or barter, transport, export or import, at any time or any manner, any bald eagle ... [or any golden eagle], alive or dead, or any part, nest, or eggth to a degree that causes, or is likely
- BGEPA to cause, based on the best scientific information available, 1) injury to an eagle, 2) a decrease in its productivity, by substantially interfering with normal breeding, feeding, or sheltering behavior, or 3) nest abandonment, by substantially interfering with normal breeding, feeding, or sheltering behavior. In addition to immediate impacts, this definition also covers impacts that result from human-induced alterations initiated around a previously used nest site during a time when eagles are not present, if, upon the eagles return, such alterations agitate or bother an eagle to a degree that injures an eagle or substantially interferes with normal breeding, feeding, or sheltering habits and causes, or is likely to cause, a loss of productivity or nest abandonment.

The Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) - (16 U.S.C. §§ 703-712, July 3, 1918, as amended 1936, 1960, 1968, 1969, 1974, 1978, 1986 and 1989) implements four treaties that provide for international protection of migratory birds. The statute's language is clear that actions resulting in a "taking" or possession (permanent or temporary) of a protected species, in the absence of a U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) permit or regulatory authorization, are a violation of the MBTA. The MBTA states, "Unless and except as permitted by regulations ... it shall be unlawful at any time, by any means, or in any manner to pursue, hunt, take, capture, kill ... possess, offer for sale, sell ... purchase ... ship, export, import

- MBTA ... transport or cause to be transported ... any migratory bird, any part, nest, or eggs of any such bird .... [The Act] prohibits the taking, killing, possession, transportation, import and export of migratory birds, their eggs, parts, and nests, except when specifically authorized by the Department of the Interior." The word "take" is defined by regulation as "to pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect, or attempt to pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect." The USFWS maintains a **list of species protected by the MBTA** at 50 CFR 10.13. This list includes over one thousand species of migratory birds, including eagles and other raptors, waterfowl, shorebirds, seabirds, wading birds, and passerines. The USFWS also maintains a **list of species not protected by the MBTA**. MBTA does not protect species that are not native to the United States or species groups not explicitly covered under the MBTA; these include species such as the house (English) sparrow, European starling, rock dove (pigeon), Eurasian collared-dove, and non-migratory upland game birds.
- The 1988 amendment to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Act mandates the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to identify species, subspecies, and populations of all migratory nongame birds that, without additional conservation actions, are likely to become candidates for listing under the Endangered Species Act. Birds of Conservation Concern 2008 (BCC 2008) is the most recent effort to carry out this mandate. The overall goal of this report is to accurately identify the migratory and non-migratory bird species (beyond those already designated as federally threatened or endangered) that represent the Service's highest conservation priorities. BCC10, BCC11, and BCC17 designations represent inclusion on the Birds of Conservation Concern 18t for Bird Conservation Repeating 10, 11, and 17 in Montana, respectively.

#### Bureau of Land Management (BLM)

BLM Sensitive Species are defined by the BLM 6840 Manual as native species found on BLM-administered lands for which the BLM has the capability to significantly affect the conservation status of the species through management, and either: (1) there is information that a species has recently undergone, is undergoing, or is predicted to undergo a downward trend such that the viability of the species or a distinct population segment of the species is at risk across all or a significant portion of the species range, or; (2) the species depends on ecological refugia or specialized or unique habitats on BLM-administered lands, and there is evidence that such areas are threatened with alteration such that the continued viability of the species in that area would be at risk.

#### **Designation Descriptions**

Endangered	Denotes species that are listed as Endangered under the Endangered Species Act
Threatened	Denotes species that are listed as Threatened under the Endangered Species Act
Sensitive	Denotes species listed as Sensitive on BLM lands

#### U.S. Forest Service (USFS)

#### **Designation Descriptions**

Endangered	Listed as Endangered (LE) under	the U.S. Endangered Species Act.
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Threatened Listed as Threatened (LT) under the U.S. Endangered Species Act.

**Proposed** Any species that is proposed in the Federal Register to be listed under section 4 of the Act.

- Candidate Those taxa for which sufficient information on biological status and threats exists to propose to list them as threatened or endangered. We encourage their consideration in environmental planning and partnerships; however, none of the substantive or procedural provisions of the Act apply to candidate species.
- U.S. Forest Service Manual (2670.22) defines Sensitive Species on Forest Service lands as those for which population viability is a concern as evidenced by a significant downward trend in population or a significant downward trend in habitat capacity. These designations were last updated in 2011 and they apply only on USFS-administered lands with land management plans finalized prior to 2017. Sensitive Species designations are being replaced by Species of Conservation Concern designations on individual National Forest as revised land management plans are finalized under the 2012 planning rule.

Species of A species, other than federally recognized Threatened, Endangered, Proposed, or Candidate species, that is known to occur in the plan area and for which the regional forester has determined that the best available scientific information indicates substantial concern about the species' capability to persist over the long-term in the plan area (36 CFR 219.9). Species of Conservation Concern replace regional forester Sensitive Species on individual National Forests as revised land management plans are finalized under the 2012 planning rule.

#### Acknowledgements

We would like to gratefully acknowledge the many people who contributed information on plant species' occurrences and distribution throughout Montana over the years -- those contributions are the building blocks of the MTNHP databases and this publication. We encourage you to continue submitting data for SOC, PSOC and Under Review taxa so that status ranks and this document are as accurate and comprehensive as possible.

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#### **Contact Information**

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SCIENTIFIC NAME COMMON NAME TAXA SORT	OTHER NAMES	FAMILY (SCIENTIFIC) FAMILY (COMMON)	GLOBAL RANK	STATE RANK	USFWS	USFS	BLM	MNPS THREAT CATEGORY	HABITAT
Asplenium trichomanes- ramosum Limestone Maidenhair Spleenwort	Asplenium viride	Aspleniaceae Spleenwort Family	State Rank Reaso	on: S3 SOC: Aspleni	um trichomanes-ra	bon, Fergus, Flathead, Gla amosum plants are never o vides some protections.			ina, and occur where land
Botrychium ascendens Upward-lobed Moonwort		Ophioglossaceae Adder's-Tongue /	G3	S3		Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT)		4	Various Mesic Sites
		Moonworts	State Rank Reason federally-manage		species is docume rrences are small i				all observations are on As such, it is vulnerable to
otrychium campestre		Ophioglossaceae	G3G4	S1S2				4	Various Mesic Sites
Prairie Moonwort		Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts	State Rank Reaso	nces verified in th on: Reported from a dozen plants. All kr	a very small numbe		occurrences are small	with the largest population	on count at a single site bei
Botrychium crenulatum Wavy Moonwort	Botrychium dusenii	Ophioglossaceae Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts	G4	53		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD, KOOT, LOLO) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		4	Various Mesic Sites
Botrychium		Ophioglossaceae Adder's-Tongue /	State Rank Reaso or State lands. Po such as weed inv G2	opulations are gene asion, weed sprayir \$1\$2	species is known f rally small in size ng and road mainte	and occupy roadsides or o			ated on either National Fore h, it is vulnerable to activit Grasslands (Fescue)
<b>gallicomontanum</b> Frenchman's Bluff Moonwort		Moonworts		nces verified in the on: A globally rare s		locumented in Montana fr	om Glacier National Pa	rk	
Botrychium hesperium Western Moonwort	Botrychium matricariifolium,	Ophioglossaceae Adder's-Tongue /	G4	S3		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD, KOOT)		4	Various Mesic Sites
	Botrychium michiganense [in part]	Moonworts	State Rank Reaso Many sites are po	orly documented in	species is known fi n terms of populat	ion size or are small in siz	e, though several sites	have been observed with	k or on National Forest land >100 plants. Many populati vasion, weed spraying and r
Botrychium		Ophioglossaceae	G5	S3				3	
<b>anceolatum</b> Lanceleaf Moonwort		Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts				dozen sites. Population le	evels are poorly docum	ented. As this species wa	s not previously tracked in t
Botrychium lineare	Slender Moonwort	Ophioglossaceae	G3	S1S2				4	Various Mesic Sites
Linearleaf Moonwort		Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts	State Rank Reaso remaining site is	located in a tribal	species is known to wilderness area. H	o occur in western Montar owever, occurrences are g es such as weed invasion,	generally small in size a	and occupy roadsides or o	
Botrychium	Botrychium hesperium s.l.	Ophioglossaceae	G3	S2				4	Various Mesic Sites
<b>michiganense</b> Michigan Moonwort		Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts				• • • •			

			State Rank Reaso		e Counties: Itly has been split from <i>B. hesperium</i> , altho <i>ssperium</i> almost certainly belong here. See			
			This enity would	be included within the	e concept of <i>B. hesperium</i> as used by the F	orest Service on their	Sensitive species list.	
Botrychium pallidum		Ophioglossaceae	G3	S1S2			4	Grasslands (Fescue)
Pale Moonwort		Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts	State Rank Reaso		e Counties: rery small number of sites in Montana. All o es are in northwest Montana.	ccurrences are small w	rith the largest populat	tion count at a single site being
Botrychium paradoxum Peculiar Moonwort	n	Ophioglossaceae Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts	G3G4	53	Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD, KOOT) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (LOLO) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT, HLC)	SENSITIVE	4	Meadows (Mesic Montane/Subalpine)
			Species Occurre	nces verified in these	e Counties:			
			federally-manage include livestock	d lands. Many occurre grazing, weed invasio	ecies is known to occur in western Montana ences are small in size and occupy mesic m on and recreational uses. Though some thre on of potential impacts in the state.	eadows and bunchgras	s communities. Potent	ial impacts to the these sites
Botrychium pedunculosum Stalked Moonwort		Ophioglossaceae Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts	G3G4	S2	Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)		4	Forests (Mesic bottmlands)/Open sites
Botrychium pinnatum	Botrychium boreale ssp.	Ophioglossaceae	State Rank Reaso National Forest la Several site recor	ands. Many occurrence ds are based upon spe	e countes: ecies is known to occur in western Montana es are small in size and occupy western red ecimen collections with no available popula with >100 plants. Sites could be negatively	lcedar forests and road ation data; almost all o	dsides or other similarly other sites have popula	y open or disturbed habitats. ation counts with <10 plants
	DULI VEITIUITI DUI Eale SSD.							
	obtusilobum	Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts	Species Occurren	nces verified in these	e Councies:			
Northern Moonwort		Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts Ophioglossaceae	Species Occurren				4	
Botrychium pinnatum Northern Moonwort Botrychium simplex Least Moonwort		Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts	G5				4	
Northern Moonwort Botrychium simplex Least Moonwort Botrychium sp. (SOC)		Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts Ophioglossaceae Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts Ophioglossaceae	G5	S2			4	
Northern Moonwort Botrychium simplex		Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts Ophioglossaceae Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts	G5 Species Occurrent G1G3 Species Occurrent Powell, Ravalli, S State Rank Reaso species in the sta Ranks for this rec	S2 nces verified in these S1S3 nces verified in these anders, Sweet Grass, on: This is a general re te excluding <i>B</i> , <i>multi</i> ord are placeholders	e Counties: e Counties: e Counties: Deer Lodge, Flathead, Glacier,	TNHP. MTNHP tracks ar common and readily id	ike, Lewis and Clark, Li nd maintains observatic entifiable from all othe	on data for all Botrychium er Botrychiums. Global and State
Northern Moonwort Botrychium simplex Least Moonwort Botrychium sp. (SOC) Moonworts (SOC)	obtusilobum	Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts Ophioglossaceae Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts Ophioglossaceae Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts	G5 Species Occurrent G1G3 Species Occurrent Powell, Ravalli, S State Rank Reaso species in the sta Ranks for this rec	S2 nces verified in these S1S3 nces verified in these anders, Sweet Grass, on: This is a general re te excluding <i>B.</i> multip ord are placeholders es, please see the ind	e Counties: e Counties: Deer Lodge, Flathead, Glacier, Teton eccord for Botrychium species tracked by MT fidum and B. virginianum which are fairly o only to allow Botrychium SOC to appear in	TNHP. MTNHP tracks ar common and readily id	ike, Lewis and Clark, Li nd maintains observatic entifiable from all othe	on data for all Botrychium er Botrychiums. Global and State formation pertinent to specific
Northern Moonwort Botrychium simplex Least Moonwort Botrychium sp. (SOC) Moonworts (SOC)		Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts Ophioglossaceae Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts Ophioglossaceae Adder's-Tongue /	G5 Species Occurrent G1G3 Species Occurrent Powell, Ravalli, S State Rank Reaso species in the sta Ranks for this rec Botrychium speci G1? Species Occurrent	S2 nces verified in these S1S3 nces verified in these anders, Sweet Grass, on: This is a general re te excluding <i>B</i> , <i>multi</i> ord are placeholders es, please see the ind S1S2 nces verified in these	e Counties: e Counties: Deer Lodge, Flathead, Glacier, Teton ecord for Botrychium species tracked by MI (fidum and B. virginianum which are fairly of only to allow Botrychium SOC to appear in tividual species' accounts.	INHP. MTNHP tracks ar common and readily id searches using global a	ike, Lewis and Clark, Li nd maintains observatio entifiable from all othe and state ranks. For inf <b>4</b>	on data for all Botrychium er Botrychiums. Global and State formation pertinent to specific Grasslands (Fescue)
Northern Moonwort Botrychium simplex Least Moonwort Botrychium sp. (SOC) Moonworts (SOC) Botrychium sp. 4 Adnate Moonwort Botrychium spathulatum	obtusilobum	Adder's-Tongue /         Moonworts         Ophioglossaceae         Adder's-Tongue /         Moonworts	G5 Species Occurrent G1G3 Species Occurrent Powell, Ravalli, S State Rank Reaso species in the sta Ranks for this rec Botrychium speci G1? Species Occurrent	S2 nces verified in these S1S3 nces verified in these anders, Sweet Grass, on: This is a general re te excluding <i>B</i> , <i>multi</i> ord are placeholders es, please see the ind S1S2 nces verified in these	e Counties: e Counties: Deer Lodge, Flathead, Glacier, Teton eccord for Botrychium species tracked by MT fidum and B. virginianum which are fairly of only to allow Botrychium SOC to appear in tividual species' accounts. e Counties:	INHP. MTNHP tracks ar common and readily id searches using global a	ike, Lewis and Clark, Li nd maintains observatio entifiable from all othe and state ranks. For inf <b>4</b>	on data for all Botrychium er Botrychiums. Global and State formation pertinent to specific Grasslands (Fescue)
Northern Moonwort Botrychium simplex Least Moonwort Botrychium sp. (SOC) Moonworts (SOC) Botrychium sp. 4	obtusilobum	Ádder's-Tongue /         Moonworts         Ophioglossaceae         Adder's-Tongue /         Moonworts	G5 Species Occurrent Fowell, Ravalli, S State Rank Rease species in the sta Ranks for this rec Botrychium speci G1? Species Occurrent State Rank Rease G3 Species Occurrent	S2         nces verified in these         S1S3         nces verified in these         anders, Sweet Grass,         on: This is a general re         te excluding B. multipord are placeholders         ord are placeholders         se, please see the ind         S1S2         nces verified in these         nces verified in these         S1         S1         nces verified in these         S1	e Counties: e Counties: Deer Lodge, Flathead, Glacier, Teton eccord for Botrychium species tracked by MT <i>fidum</i> and <i>B. virginianum</i> which are fairly of only to allow Botrychium SOC to appear in tividual species' accounts. e Counties: gnized species that has not been formally p	INHP. MTNHP tracks ar common and readily id searches using global a published; currently kr	ike, Lewis and Clark, Li and maintains observation entifiable from all other and state ranks. For inf 4 nown only from northwe 4	on data for all Botrychium er Botrychiums. Global and Stati formation pertinent to specific Grasslands (Fescue) est Montana. Forests (Mesic bottmlands)/Open sites
Northern Moonwort Botrychium simplex Least Moonwort Botrychium sp. (SOC) Moonworts (SOC) Botrychium sp. 4 Adnate Moonwort Botrychium spathulatum	obtusilobum	Adder's-Tongue /         Moonworts         Ophioglossaceae         Adder's-Tongue /         Moonworts	G5 Species Occurrent Forwell, Ravalli, S State Rank Reaso Species in the sta Ranks for this rec Botrychium speci G1? Species Occurrent State Rank Reaso G3 Species Occurrent State Rank Reaso	S2         nces verified in these         S1S3         nces verified in these         anders, Sweet Grass,         on: This is a general re         te excluding B. multipord are placeholders         ord are placeholders         se, please see the ind         S1S2         nces verified in these         nces verified in these         S1         S1         nces verified in these	e Counties: e Counties: Deer Lodge, Flathead, Glacier, Teton ecord for Botrychium species tracked by MT <i>fidum</i> and <i>B. virginianum</i> which are fairly of only to allow Botrychium SOC to appear in tividual species' accounts. e Counties: gnized species that has not been formally p e Counties:	INHP. MTNHP tracks ar common and readily id searches using global a published; currently kr	ike, Lewis and Clark, Li and maintains observation entifiable from all other and state ranks. For inf 4 nown only from northwe 4	on data for all Botrychium er Botrychiums. Global and Stati formation pertinent to specific Grasslands (Fescue) est Montana. Forests (Mesic bottmlands)/Open sites

Botrychium		Ophioglossaceae	G3G4	S1				4	Open sites (mesic)
<b>yaaxudakeit</b> Yakutat Moonwort		Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts		ces verified in the n: A globally rare s		ocumented in Montana fro	m Glacier National Par	ˈk.	
Cryptogramma		Pteridaceae	G5	S3				3	
cascadensis Cascade Rockbrake		Maidenhair Fern Family	State Rank Reason historical, 5 locati	n: Cryptogramma o ions occur in Wilde	cascadensis is know erness areas, and th	nead, Lincoln, Missoula, Ra n from 11 locations in we ne remaining 4 locations o ppulation and location data	stern Montana, of whic ccur on U.S. Forest Ser	vice lands. Although th	he fern is thought to be
Dryopteris cristata Crested Shieldfern		Dryopteridaceae Wood Fern Family	G5	53		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT, KOOT, LOLO) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)		3	Wetland/Riparian
			State Rank Reaso	n: Rare to uncomm	non in Montana whe	nead, Glacier, Lake, Linco ere it is known from scatte Trust Lands and private la	ered occurrences acros	s the western portion o	of the state. Most documented
Equisetum palustre		Equisetaceae	G5	S3				3	
Marsh Horsetail		Horsetails	Lincoln, Madison, State Rank Reason	Missoula, Phillips, <b>n:</b> Equisetum palus	Powell, Ravalli, Sa stre is known from	nders	eight counties of west		Basin, Lake, Lewis and Clark, na. Plant observations from
Equisetum pratense		Equisetaceae	G5	S2				3	
Meadow Horsetail		Horsetails	Powell, Ravalli, Sv State Rank Reaso Observations in ot Montana will also	veet Grass, Teton <b>n:</b> Equisetum prate her counties need need to be examin	ense has accurately to be verified beca	/ been identified to occur	in a few places within can easily be mis-ident	Lake, Powell, and Mea ified. Specimens depo stributed.	coln, Meagher, Missoula, Park, gher counties of Montana. sited in herbaria outside of
Isoetes echinospora	Isoetes tenella	Isoetaceae	G5	S3				3	feshwater lakes
Spiny-spore Quillwort		Quillworts	State Rank Reaso	n: Isoetes echinosp	oora is known from	nead, Lake, Madison, Misso 8 occurrences scattered in current survey work is ne	n western Montana. At		pecies has been observed in s, and threats.
Isoetes howellii		Isoetaceae	GNR	S3				3	feshwater lakes
Howell's Quillwort		Quillworts	State Rank Reaso	n: Isoetes howellii	is known from abo	nead, Glacier, Lake, Misso ut 5 locations in Northwes nd threats is greatly need	tern Montana. Based o	n limited information 1	hreats appear to be minimal, bu
Isoetes occidentalis	Isoetes lacustris var.	Isoetaceae	G4G5	S1				3	feshwater lakes
Western Quillwort	paupercula	Quillworts	State Rank Reaso				t Montana. Survey wor	k to identify other loca	tions, document population
Lycopodium dendroideum Treelike Clubmoss	Lycopodium obscurum var. dendroideum, Dendrolycopodium dendroideum	Lycopodiaceae Club-moss (Lycopod) Family	G5	S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		3	Forests (Mesic valley and montane)
			State Rank Reaso	<b>n:</b> Rare in Montana	a where the species	nead, Glacier, Lewis and C s has been documented fre	om only a few sites in		f the state. Trend data are e to negative impacts from fire.
Lycopodium inundatum Northern Bog Clubmoss	Lycopodiella inundata	Lycopodiaceae Club-moss (Lycopod) Family	G5	S2		Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (KOOT) Species of		3	Fens

			State Rank Reaso	n: Rare in Montana	ese Counties: Flathead, Missou where it is known from only a ted or extirpated in the future	few occurrences in			
Lycopodium lagopus Running-pine	Lycopodium clavatum var. lagopus	Lycopodiaceae Club-moss (Lycopod)	G5	S2		Known on (KOOT)		3	Alpine
		Family	State Rank Reaso	n: Rare in Montana	ese Counties: Flathead, Glacie . Currently known from two oc tively impacted or threatened	currences in the no			ta are unavailable. The known
Marsilea oligospora		Marsileaceae	G5	S2				3	
Pepperwort		Water-Clover Family	State Rank Reaso	n: Marsilea oligosp Refuge, but has no	ese Counties: Lake ora has relatively recently bee t been documented elsewhere				
<b>Ophioglossum pusillum</b> Adder's Tongue	Ophioglossum vulgatum [misapplied]	Ophioglossaceae Adder's-Tongue /	G5	S3		· Known on (KOOT)		3	Fens, Wet meadows
		Moonworts	State Rank Reaso	n: Rare in Montana	ese Counties: Flathead, Lake, , where it is known from a cou e at risk from any human-cause	ple dozen fens and		he northwest corner	of the state. Its viability in the
Phegopteris connectilis Northern Beechfern	Thelypteris phegopteris	Thelypteridaceae Beechfern-Marsh Fern	G5	S2S3		Known on (KOOT)		2	Forests (Mesic valley to subalpine)
		Family	State Rank Reaso led to declines in	n: Rare in Montana the species' abund		treme northwest of weeds (Orange and	orner of the state t		ark. Past timber harvesting likely ng activity, timber harvesting and
Polystichum	Kruckeberg's Hollyfern	Dryopteridaceae	G4	S2S3				3	Alpine
<b>kruckebergii</b> Kruckeberg's Swordfern		Wood Fern Family	State Rank Reaso	n: Sparsely distribu		n alpine and subalp	oine cliffs and talus		lata are available for the locatior litional survey and monitoring dat
Polystichum scopulinum	Mountain Hollyfern	Dryopteridaceae	G4	S1S2				3	Rock Crevices
Mountain Swordfern		Wood Fern Family			ese Counties: Ravalli, Sanders locations from western Monta	na. Very little data	are available for t	he known occurrenc	es. Additional surveys are
Selaginella selaginoides Northern Spikemoss		Selaginellaceae Spike-mosses	G5	S2S3				3	Wet, mossy soil (montane/subalpine)
				n: Rare in Montana	ese Counties: Beaverhead, Dee , where it is known from a few			tion of the state. Lit	tle survey data are available for

GYMNOSPERM	(CONIFERS)								1 SPECIES
SCIENTIFIC NAME COMMON NAME TAXA SORT	OTHER NAMES	FAMILY (SCIENTIFIC) FAMILY (COMMON)	GLOBAL RANK	STATE RANK	USFWS	USFS	BLM	MNPS THREAT CATEGORY	HABITAT
Pinus albicaulis Whitebark Pine		Pinaceae Fir / Hemlock / Larch / Pine / Spruce	G3G4	53	Р	Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD, BRT, CG, KOOT, LOLO)	SENSITIVE	2	Subalpine forest, timberline
			Jefferson, Judith		and Clark, Liberty	verhead, Broadwater, Car , Lincoln, Madison, Meagl			llatin, Glacier, Granite, avalli, Sanders, Silver Bow,
			almost all major r been severely imp major declines in	mountain ranges of pacted by past mou whitebark pine po	western and centr untain pine beetle pulations across la	al Montana. Populations outbreaks and by the intr	of whitebark pine in Mo oduced pathogen, whit ditionally, negative imp	ntana and across most of e pine blister rust. The r pacts associated with enc	holtz habitats. It occurs in western North America have esults of which have been roachment and increased

## FLOWERING PLANTS - DICOTS (MAGNOLIOPSIDA)

FAMILY (COMMON)         Adoxaceae         Moschatel Family         Lamiaceae         Mints         Ile         Asteraceae         Aster/Sunflowers	State Rank Reaso human disturband G3G4 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso relative remotene be vulnerable to o rock/gravel. G4	n: Sparsely distribute or invasive weed S2S3 Acces verified in the m: This species is lease sess of most populat	uted across southw ds. Building of road ese Counties: Bear snown in Montana f ions minimizes its	ds and trails may potentiall Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD) verhead from only a few locations i vulnerability to grazing an ies such as mining or road Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT) Sensitive -	are generally small, the y impact populations. SENSITIVE n the Tendoy and Beav d timber harvest the	2 rerhead Mountains. The st	es. However, these slopes ca
Mints le Asteraceae	State Rank Reaso human disturband G3G4 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso relative remotene be vulnerable to o rock/gravel. G4	n: Sparsely distribute or invasive weed S2S3 Acces verified in the n: This species is k ess of most populat destabilization if ir	uted across southw ds. Building of road ese Counties: Bear snown in Montana f ions minimizes its	vest Montana. Populations ds and trails may potentiall Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD) verhead from only a few locations i vulnerability to grazing an ies such as mining or road Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT) Sensitive -	are generally small, the y impact populations. SENSITIVE n the Tendoy and Beav d timber harvest the	2 rerhead Mountains. The street principle current land us est occurrence is in an are	Rock/Talus eeply sloping habitat and es. However, these slopes ca hat hat is quarried for
Mints le Asteraceae	Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso relative remotene be vulnerable to rock/gravel. G4	nces verified in the m: This species is k ess of most populat destabilization if in	known in Montana ions minimizes its	Forests (BD) verhead from only a few locations i vulnerability to grazing an ies such as mining or road Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT) Sensitive -	n the Tendoy and Beav d timber harvest the	rerhead Mountains. The st principle current land us est occurrence is in an are	eeply sloping habitat and es. However, these slopes ca a that is quarried for
	State Rank Reaso relative remotene be vulnerable to rock/gravel. G4	n: This species is k ess of most populat destabilization if in	known in Montana ions minimizes its	from only a few locations i vulnerability to grazing an ies such as mining or road Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT) Sensitive -	d timber harvest the	principle current land use est occurrence is in an are	es. However, these slopes ca a that is quarried for
		S2		Forests (BRT) Sensitive -		3	Rock/Talus
	Species Occurren			Suspected on Forests (BD, KOOT, LOLO)			
	State Rank Reaso	<b>n:</b> This peripheral d with a rock quar	species in Montana		of small to large popula	ations in the extreme wes	tern part of the state. Minor been documented for the
Asteraceae	G4	S1				3	mesic grasslands
Aster/Sunflowers	State Rank Reaso		ciflorus was first d			ites in central and northe	astern Montana. It grows in
Betulaceae	G5	S2S3				3	Forest (Mesic)
Birch/Alder		nces verified in the n: Rare in Montana			m portion of the state.	The species is at the east	tern end of its range in the
sp. Lythraceae	G5	S2				2	Wetland/Riparian
Loosestrife Family	State Rank Reaso	n: Known from a fe	ew extant populati	k, Phillips, Valley, Yellowst ions and a historical collec would be on private lands a	tion in northeastern Mo		lditional wetlands in Montana
Fabaceae	G5	S3				3	Prairie
Pea Family	State Rank Reaso various field proj survey of the 192 on the Custer-Gal healthy, reproduc	n: Amorpha canesa ects reported anoth 2 location did not f latin National Fore ctive plants with no	cens was document ner 8 locations of A find any plants in 2 st found and verifi apparent threats.	Amorpha canescens, but pr 2021. A 1984 search to re-lu ied 10 sites in Montana (Ha . Relative to the State of <i>N</i>	Carter County (Lockhar ovided no specimens of ocate the plants found insen 196 and 264, MON ontana Amorpha canes	r photographs to validate at the 1948 location was u NTU; Hansen 2019). The 20 ccens is ranked as a Specie	the identifications. A cursory unsuccessful. In 2019 surveys 019 observations found es of Concern because it
Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G4G5	S1		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD)		3	Alpine
	State Rank Reaso occurrence is in a	n: Known from one designated wilder	e high elevation sit	r Lodge, Granite te in the Anaconda-Pintler			
		State Rank Reason         various field projes         survey of the 192:         on the Custer-Gal         healthy, reproduc         occupies relative         Asteraceae         Aster/Sunflowers         Species Occurrent         State Rank Reason         occurrence is in a	State Rank Reason: Amorpha canese         various field projects reported anoti         survey of the 1922 location did not f         on the Custer-Gallatin National Fore         healthy, reproductive plants with no         occupies relatively little habitat and         Asteraceae         Aster/Sunflowers         Species Occurrences verified in the         State Rank Reason: Known from one	State Rank Reason: Amorpha canescens was documen various field projects reported another 8 locations of a survey of the 1922 location did not find any plants in 2 on the Custer-Gallatin National Forest found and verif healthy, reproductive plants with no apparent threats occupies relatively little habitat and almost half of the Aster/Sunflowers         Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers       G4G5       S1         Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Dee State Rank Reason: Known from one high elevation si occurrence is in a designated wilderness, which should	State Rank Reason: Amorpha canescens was documented in 1922 and 1948 from various field projects reported another 8 locations of Amorpha canescens, but pr survey of the 1922 location did not find any plants in 2021. A 1984 search to re-le on the Custer-Gallatin National Forest found and verified 10 sites in Montana (Ha healthy, reproductive plants with no apparent threats. Relative to the State of M occupies relatively little habitat and almost half of the reported observations ne Aster/Sunflowers         Asteraceae       G4G5       S1       Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD)         Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Deer Lodge, Granite State Rank Reason: Known from one high elevation site in the Anaconda-Pintler occurrence is in a designated wilderness, which should protect it from most hum	State Rank Reason: Amorpha canescens was documented in 1922 and 1948 from Carter County (Lockha various field projects reported another 8 locations of Amorpha canescens, but provided no specimens o survey of the 1922 location did not find any plants in 2021. A 1984 search to re-locate the plants found on the Custer-Gallatin National Forest found and verified 10 sites in Montana (Hansen 196 and 264, MOI healthy, reproductive plants with no apparent threats. Relative to the State of Montana Amorpha canescens o survey of the 1922 location did not for the reported observations need to be validated before a ster/Sunflowers         Asteraceae       G4G5       S1       Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD)         Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Deer Lodge, Granite       State Rank Reason: Known from one high elevation site in the Anaconda-Pintler Wilderness on the bord occurrence is in a designated wilderness, which should protect it from most human-caused disturbance	State Rank Reason: Amorpha canescens was documented in 1922 and 1948 from Carter County (Lockhart 25, USFS-RM; Booth 2675 various field projects reported another 8 locations of Amorpha canescens, but provided no specimens or photographs to validate to survey of the 1922 location did not find any plants in 2021. A 1984 search to re-locate the plants found at the 1948 location was u on the Custer-Gallatin National Forest found and verified 10 sites in Montana (Hansen 196 and 264, MONTU; Hansen 2019). The 20 healthy, reproductive plants with no apparent threats. Relative to the State of Montana Amorpha canescens is ranked as a Specie occupies relatively little habitat and almost half of the reported observations need to be validated before re-assessing its state state state /Sunflowers         Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers       G4G5       S1       Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD)       3         Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Deer Lodge, Granite       State Rank Reason: Known from one high elevation site in the Anaconda-Pintler Wilderness on the border of Deerlodge and Granito occurrence is in a designated wilderness, which should protect it from most human-caused disturbance. However, it is susceptible

Aquilegia brevistyla Short-styled Columbine		Ranunculaceae Buttercup Family	G5	S2S3	Sensitive - Known Forests (CG) Species of Conservation Concern on Fores (HLC)		3	Forest (Mesic)
				nces verified in the on: See rank details	ese Counties: Judith Basin		1	-
Aquilegia formosa		Ranunculaceae	G5	S3			3	Forest (Mesic)
Sitka Columbine		Buttercup Family	State Rank Reaso	on: Known from sev	ese Counties: Beaverhead, Madison, Par reral areas in southwest Montana. Howey species are uncertain.		large, high quality pop	ulations. Effects of human
Arctostaphylos patula	Arctostaphylos x media	Ericaceae	G4	S1			4	Forest (Montane)
Greenleaf Manzanita		Heath Family	State Rank Reason associated with s	on: Known from two uch. Additional neg	ese Counties: Lake, Ravalli, Sanders o or three seperate locations in Montana gative impacts from timber harvesting, in in and California, and disjunct in Montar	nvasive weeds and develop	ment are possible.	ible to the negative effects
Artemisia tilesii		Asteraceae	G5	S3			3	grassland, meadows
Tilesius Wormwood		Aster/Sunflowers	State Rank Reaso	on: Artemisia tilesii	ese Counties: Glacier, Lake, Lewis and ( i is known from seven locations located nichauxiana. Survey work to identify occ	at higher elevations in wes	tern Montana. This spe	ecies can be difficult to separat threats is greatly needed.
Asclepias incarnata		Asclepiadaceae	G5	S1?			4	Wetland/Riparian
Swamp Milkweed		Milkweeds	State Rank Reaso	on: Known in Monta	ese Counties: Carbon, Wibaux Ina from Carbon County. One of the know rends and threats within Montana.	vn sites is likely extirpated	I. Additional informati	on is needed on the species'
Asclepias ovalifolia Ovalleaf Milkweed		Asclepiadaceae Milkweeds	G5?	S1S2	Sensitive - Known Forests (CG)	on	4	Prairie
					ese Counties: Carter, Rosebud, Sheridar ate from two sites in extreme eastern M		tion on population lev	els, threats and trends are
Asclepias stenophylla		Asclepiadaceae	G4G5	S2			3	Sandy sites
Narrowleaf Milkweed		Milkweeds	State Rank Reaso	on: In Montana, Asc	ese Counties: Carter, Rosebud lepias stenophylla is known from only a numbers only several hundred plants. T		utheastern counties. S	o far, surveys in Montana have
Astragalus aretioides	Astragalus sericoleucus	Fabaceae	G4	S2S3			3	Exposed ridges and slop
Sweetwater Milkvetch	var. aretioides, Orophaca aretioides	Pea Family	State Rank Reaso	on: Sweetwater mil	ese Counties: Big Horn, Carbon kvetch is a reginal regional endemic froi the Pryor Mountains / Bighorn Canyon a			
<b>Astragalus barrii</b> Barr's Milkvetch		Fabaceae Pea Family	G3G4	S3	Sensitive - Known Forests (CG)	on	2	Sparsely vegetated kno and buttes
			State Rank Reason known from nume grazing, and the	on: Barr's Milkvetch erous watersheds, s location of its habit	ese Counties: Big Horn, Carbon, Carter, is endemic to southwestern South Dako several of which contain large, expansiv tat makes it less vulnerable to all but lar sive weeds have the potential to be a th	a, northeastern Wyoming, e populations. The habitat ge-scale developments. Pr	occupied by this speci oposed resource extra	ies is not typically suitable for ction in southeast Montana ma
Astragalus ceramicus	Painted Milkvetch	Fabaceae	G4	S3				sandy sites, sand dune
Pottery Milkvetch		Pea Family	State Rank Reaso which together a outcrops which in	re known from abou	<i>micus</i> is found in Beaverhead County an ut 25 occurrences observed between 190 t specialized habitats. Most sites have n	3 and 2005. Plants grow in	sand, very sandy soil	of sandhills, or below sandston
		Fabaceae	G4T3	S1S2		SENSITIVE	2	sandy sites, sand dune

			State Rank Reaso restricted to the of activity, can lead	on: Astragalus ceran Centennial Valley o to dune stabilizatio	<i>micus</i> variety <i>apus</i> of Beaverhead Cour on, reducing the ex	nty. The disruption of nat	ural disturbance regime th early successional v	es, including fire, ungula	adjacent Montana, where it is ate grazing and pocket gopher his species depends. Portions of
Astragalus ceramicus	Pottery Milkvetch	Fabaceae	G4T4	S3				2	sandy sites, sand dunes
<b>var. filifolius</b> Painted Milkvetch		Pea Family	State Rank Reason known from about it rare for the reg	on: Astragalus ceran t 20 occurrences ob jion except in the N	micus variety filifo oserved mostly fror lebraska sandhill a	n 1983 to 2000. Some pop	ndy soils of the sandhill ulations occur in State at common. Based on a	ls and sandstone outcrop Parks. The Flora of the aging data, limited distri	os in eastern Montana. It is Great Plains (1986) considered bution, and an association to needed.
Astragalus convallarius Lesser Rushy Milkvetch	Astragalus diversifolius [misapplied]	Fabaceae Pea Family	G5	53		Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		2	Grasslands (Intermountain)
			State Rank Reaso extreme southwe development in the The grassland hat to tolerate some l	on: The distribution st Montana in Beave he Helena Valley lil pitats this species o	of A. convallarius erhead County. The kely eliminated ext occupies are also be	e species has been and co tensive areas of previousl	wo disjuct localities in ontinues to be negative y occupied habitat rest oxious weeds, partcula	n the state: the Helena V ely impacted by develop ulting in the more fragm Irly in the Helena vicinit	Alley vicinity and an area in ment in the Helena area. Past vented distribution seen today. y. However, the species appears some areas of potentially
Astragalus geyeri		Fabaceae	G4	S2				3	Sandy sites
Geyer's Milkvetch		Pea Family	State Rank Reaso estimated to be in		ch has a very limite It population levels	ed distribution in Montana			ne population in Montana is populations occur entirely or
Astragalus grayi		Fabaceae	G4?	S2S3				3	Sagebrush-Grassland
Gray's Milkvetch		Pea Family	State Rank Reaso documented. Add		e. Locally restricte		counties. Population le	1	s to the species are poorly
Astragalus lackschewitzii Lackschewitz' Milkvetch	Astragalus molybdenus var. lackschewitzii	Fabaceae Pea Family	G2G3	S2S3		Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		3	Alpine
			State Rank Reaso		ic restricted to hig			s. Several of the known	occurrences are in designated
Astragalus oreganus Wind River Milkvetch		Fabaceae Pea Family	G4?	S2				2	Sandy sites/Sagebrush- Grassland
			State Rank Reaso	ew known occurren	vetch is a regional	endemic known in Monta			n populations are relatively razing, ORV use, and extractive
Astragalus racemosus		Fabaceae	G5	S2S3				3	Grasslands (Clay soils)
Raceme Milkvetch		Pea Family	State Rank Reaso		ch occurs near the	margin of its range in Mo			s have been found in Carter and population and trend data are
Astragalus scaphoides Bitterroot Milkvetch		Fabaceae Pea Family	G3	S3		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD)	SENSITIVE	3	Sagebrush-grassland
			State Rank Reaso confined to an are		etch occurs only in opper Creek draina	Lemhi County, Idaho and age south to the Tendoy N			e documented occurrences are is has been estimated in the tens
Astragalus terminalis		Fabaceae	G3	S2S3			SENSITIVE	3	Sagebrush steppe
Railhead Milkvetch		Pea Family		,	1	11			

			State Rank Reaso documented from noxious weeds, at	on: Astragalus term Beaverhead Coun t least in low-eleva		wn from southwest Monta /alley. The species appear	rs to be vulnerable to intensive	grazing and competition from
Athysanus pusillus Sandweed		Brassicaceae Mustards	G5	S1S2	Sensitive - Forests Sensit Suspec Forests	(BRT) ive - :ed on	2	Rock/talus-Mesic
			State Rank Reaso	on: Known in Monta	ese Counties: Ravalli, Sanders ana from a limited area of the Bi otted knapweed and/or cheatgra		5	
Atriplex truncata Wedge-leaf Saltbush		Amaranthaceae Amaranth (Pigweed) Family			ese Counties: Beaverhead, Deer			
					o extent occurrences; one in the e state. Additional population a			
Bacopa rotundifolia Roundleaf Water-hyssop		Plantaginaceae Plantain Family	G5	S3?	ese Counties: Cascade, Fergus,		4	Wetland/Riparian
Balsamorhiza hookeri	Balsamorhiza hispidula,	Asteraceae	widely distributed	d and appears tole in the state and w	known in Montana from only a fe rant of brackish waters as well a hether it responds negatively to	s some degree of nutrient	enrichment. As such, it is uncle	ar to what extent the species'
Hooker's Balsamroot	Balsamorhiza hookeri var. hispidula	Aster/Sunflowers			ese Counties: Beaverhead, Deer ana only from the vicinity of Mon		Haggin WMA.	
Berberis nervosa	Mahonia nervosa	Berberidaceae	G5	S1			4	
Longleaf Oregon-grape		Barberries	State Rank Reaso	on: Berberis nervos	<b>ese Counties:</b> Sanders a is disjunct in northern Idaho. I plants. Additional data on locati			y, of which one population in
<b>Bidens beckii</b> Beck Water-marigold	Megalodonta beckii	Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G5	S2	Sensitive - Forests LOL	(KOOT,	3	Aquatic
			State Rank Reaso from Salmon Lake	on: Known from ter e dating to 1937. He	ese Counties: Broadwater, Flath n occurrences in the western val powever, the species may be mor ring activity, lake shore develop	eys of the state, including e abundant in the state th	g 6 moderate to large population an what current data suggests.	
Boechera demissa Daggett Rockcress	Arabis demissa	Brassicaceae Mustards	G5	S1S3			3	Open woodland and sagebrush steppe
			State Rank Reaso	on: Daggett rockcre	ese Counties: Carbon ess is at the northern edge of its survey information for most occu	5	t is known only from the vicinit	y of the Pryor Mountains and
Boechera fecunda Sapphire Rockcress	Arabis fecunda	Brassicaceae Mustards	G2	52	Sensitive - Forest Sensit Suspec Forests (Bl	s (BD) ive - ced on	VE 1	Rocky, calcareous, montane slopes
			State Rank Reaso	<b>on:</b> Sapphire rockcr	ese Counties: Beaverhead, Rava ress is a state endemic known fro knapweed threatens several pop	lli, Silver Bow om several locations in sou		
<b>Brasenia schreberi</b> Watershield		Cabombaceae Watershields	G5	S1S2	Sensitive - Forests LOL	(KOOT,	3	Aquatic
			State Rank Reaso including six relat	n: Restricted in Ma tively high quality	ese Counties: Flathead, Lake, L ontana to shallow waters in the populations. Potential threats to fields, though it is uncertain if	valleys of the northwest co the species include boating	ng activity, aquatic weeds, and	

Low Braya	Neotorularia humilis	Brassicaceae Mustards	G5	S2	Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		3	Alpine
			State Rank Reaso	<b>n:</b> Known from fou activity and may ha	ese Counties: Beaverhead, Fergus, Teton r locations in the state, including one site ave been detrimentally impacted. Another			
Driekellie eblensifelie		Actorecon	G5	S1S2	at this site based upon preliminary data.	1	3	Rock/Talus
Brickellia oblongifolia Mojave Brickellbush		Aster/Sunflowers	Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso near Wilsall is un	nces verified in the on: Few collections known.	se Counties: Park, Silver Bow known for Montana. Only known extant oc threat at this time and the rocky, sparsely		rose. The current sta	tus of one historical occurre
			impacts. Livestoc	k grazing may be n	egatively impacting the species at one site e likely to be found in Montana.			
Camissonia andina Obscure Evening-primrose	Oenothera andina, Holmgrenia andina	Onagraceae Evening-primrose Family	State Rank Reaso are from Carbon (	<b>n:</b> This species is a County. These popu	ese Counties: Carbon, Missoula at the edge of its range in Montana, where alations collectively cover less than 20 acre tant in maintaining a suitable seedbed of e	es, but they can vary great	ly in size from year t	to year. It tolerates grazing v
Camissonia parvula	Oenothera parvula	Onagraceae	G5	S1S2			4	Sandy sites
Small Camissonia		Evening-primrose Family	State Rank Reaso County. Populatio	on: Camissonia parv ons are thought to b	ese Counties: Carbon vula is currently known from one extant loc be small, but may vary widely from year to itional population and site data are needed	year. As an annual plant,	it may tolerate - or e	
Cardamine oligosperma	Cardamine umbellata	Brassicaceae	G5T5	S2?			3	Alpine
var. kamtschatica		Mustards			ese Counties: Flathead	· · ·		
Few-seeded Bittercress			State Rank Reaso Montana.	on: Only known fror	n 1 collection in Montana. Additional data	are needed to reliably det	ermine the species' of	conservation status and nee
Few-seeded Bittercress		Brassicaceae Mustards	Montana.	S3	n 1 collection in Montana. Additional data		ermine the species' of 3	conservation status and need Alpine
Few-seeded Bittercress Cardamine rupicola			Montana. G3 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso occurrences have in rock and scree	S3 nces verified in the n: State endemic k not been surveyed fields that general	ese Counties: Flathead, Lake, Lewis and Cl snown from 3 population clusters. These ar I for 30 or more years and many are based ly are not subject to disturbance or other t rences likely exist across the known range Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT) Sensitive - Suspected on	ark, Missoula, Powell e in the Mission Mtns, Swa on a single herbarium spe hreats. Many populations of the species.	3 In Range and the Roc cimen. However, the	Alpine ky Mtn Front Range. Many species grows at high eleva
Few-seeded Bittercress Cardamine rupicola Cliff Toothwort Castilleja covilleana		Mustards Orobanchaceae	Montana. G3 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso occurrences have in rock and scree further protection G3G4 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso known from histo	S3 mage verified in the m: State endemic k not been surveyed fields that general h. Additional occurr S3 mage verified in the m: This species is k rical collections or	ese Counties: Flathead, Lake, Lewis and Cl known from 3 population clusters. These ar I for 30 or more years and many are based ly are not subject to disturbance or other t rences likely exist across the known range Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT) Sensitive -	ark, Missoula, Powell e in the Mission Mtns, Swa on a single herbarium spe threats. Many populations of the species. Missoula, Ravalli Fork of the Bitterroot Riv ontain minor amounts of s	3 In Range and the Roc cimen. However, the also occur in designa 2 er on the Bitterroot N spotted knapweed an	Alpine ky Mtn Front Range. Many species grows at high eleva ted wilderness areas which Subalpine slopes vational Forest. 5 occurrence d others occur in habitats th
Few-seeded Bittercress Cardamine rupicola Cliff Toothwort Castilleja covilleana Coville Indian Paintbrush Castilleja exilis	Castilleja minor ssp. minor	Mustards Orobanchaceae Broomrape Family Orobanchaceae	Montana. G3 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso occurrences have in rock and scree further protection G3G4 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso known from histo	S3 mage verified in the m: State endemic k not been surveyed fields that general h. Additional occurr S3 mage verified in the m: This species is k rical collections or	ese Counties: Flathead, Lake, Lewis and Cl snown from 3 population clusters. These ar I for 30 or more years and many are based ly are not subject to disturbance or other t rences likely exist across the known range. Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (BD) ese Counties: Beaverhead, Flathead, Lake, snown in Montana, primarily from the West have unknown status. A few occurrences c	ark, Missoula, Powell e in the Mission Mtns, Swa on a single herbarium spe threats. Many populations of the species. Missoula, Ravalli Fork of the Bitterroot Riv ontain minor amounts of s	3 In Range and the Roc cimen. However, the also occur in designa 2 er on the Bitterroot N spotted knapweed an	Alpine         ky Mtn Front Range. Many         species grows at high eleva         ted wilderness areas which         Subalpine slopes         National Forest. 5 occurrence         d others occur in habitats the         populations.
Few-seeded Bittercress Cardamine rupicola Cliff Toothwort Castilleja covilleana Coville Indian Paintbrush	Castilleja minor ssp. minor	Mustards Orobanchaceae Broomrape Family	Montana. G3 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso occurrences have in rock and scree further protection G3G4 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso known from histo are susceptible to G5T5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso lands. Many areaso lands. Many areaso	S3 Deces verified in the not been surveyed fields that general Additional occurr S3 Deces verified in the n: This species is k rical collections or invasion by knapw S2 Deces verified in the n: Annual Indian P: s of suitable habita	ese Counties: Flathead, Lake, Lewis and Cl snown from 3 population clusters. These ar I for 30 or more years and many are based ly are not subject to disturbance or other t rences likely exist across the known range. Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (BD) ese Counties: Beaverhead, Flathead, Lake, snown in Montana, primarily from the West have unknown status. A few occurrences c	ark, Missoula, Powell e in the Mission Mtns, Swa on a single herbarium spe hreats. Many populations of the species. Missoula, Ravalli Fork of the Bitterroot Riv ontain minor amounts of s rvest activities may also p gus, Gallatin, Jefferson, / ties in southwest Montana	3 In Range and the Roc cimen. However, the also occur in designa 2 er on the Bitterroot N spotted knapweed an pose a threat to some 3 Addison, Park with the majority of	Alpine         ky Mtn Front Range. Many         species grows at high eleva         ted wilderness areas which         Subalpine slopes         National Forest. 5 occurrence         d others occur in habitats the populations.         Wetland/Ripariar         documented locations on pr
Few-seeded Bittercress Cardamine rupicola Cliff Toothwort Castilleja covilleana Coville Indian Paintbrush Castilleja exilis Annual Indian Paintbrush Castilleja gracillima	Castilleja miniata ssp.	Mustards Orobanchaceae Broomrape Family Orobanchaceae Broomrape Family Orobanchaceae	Montana. G3 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso occurrences have in rock and scree further protection G3G4 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso known from histo are susceptible to G5T5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso lands. Many areaso lands. Many areaso	S3 Deces verified in the not been surveyed fields that general Additional occurr S3 Deces verified in the n: This species is k rical collections or invasion by knapw S2 Deces verified in the n: Annual Indian P: s of suitable habita	ese Counties: Flathead, Lake, Lewis and Cl known from 3 population clusters. These ar I for 30 or more years and many are based ly are not subject to disturbance or other t rences likely exist across the known range Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (BD) ese Counties: Beaverhead, Flathead, Lake, snown in Montana, primarily from the West have unknown status. A few occurrences c weed and other invasive species. Timber ha ese Counties: Broadwater, Deer Lodge, Fer aintbrush is known from a half dozen count t have been converted to agricultural uses	ark, Missoula, Powell e in the Mission Mtns, Swa on a single herbarium spe hreats. Many populations of the species. Missoula, Ravalli Fork of the Bitterroot Riv ontain minor amounts of s rvest activities may also p gus, Gallatin, Jefferson, / ties in southwest Montana	3 In Range and the Roc cimen. However, the also occur in designa 2 er on the Bitterroot N spotted knapweed an pose a threat to some 3 Addison, Park with the majority of	Alpine         ky Mtn Front Range. Many         species grows at high eleva         ted wilderness areas which         Subalpine slopes         Vational Forest. 5 occurrence         d others occur in habitats the populations.         Wetland/Ripariar         documented locations on pr
Few-seeded Bittercress Cardamine rupicola Cliff Toothwort Castilleja covilleana Coville Indian Paintbrush Castilleja exilis Annual Indian Paintbrush		Mustards Orobanchaceae Broomrape Family Orobanchaceae Broomrape Family	Montana. G3 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso occurrences have in rock and scree further protection G3G4 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso known from histo are susceptible to G5T5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso Lands. Many areas to hydrologic chai G3G4 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso	S3         neces verified in the         not been surveyed         fields that general         Additional occurr         S3         neces verified in the         not been surveyed         fields that general         Additional occurr         S3         neces verified in the         not been surveyed         fields that general         not been surveyed         s3         notes verified in the         not been surveyed         S2         notes verified in the         not been surveyed         S2         notes verified in the         S2         not been surveyed         not been surveyed	ese Counties: Flathead, Lake, Lewis and Cl known from 3 population clusters. These ar I for 30 or more years and many are based ly are not subject to disturbance or other t rences likely exist across the known range Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (BD) ese Counties: Beaverhead, Flathead, Lake, snown in Montana, primarily from the West have unknown status. A few occurrences c weed and other invasive species. Timber ha ese Counties: Broadwater, Deer Lodge, Fer aintbrush is known from a half dozen count t have been converted to agricultural uses	ark, Missoula, Powell e in the Mission Mtns, Swa on a single herbarium spe hreats. Many populations of the species. , Missoula, Ravalli Fork of the Bitterroot Riv ontain minor amounts of s rvest activities may also p gus, Gallatin, Jefferson, / ties in southwest Montana and/or are used for livest	3 In Range and the Roc cimen. However, the also occur in designa 2 er on the Bitterroot M spotted knapweed an oose a threat to some 3 Addison, Park with the majority of ock grazing. Addition 3	Alpine         ky Mtn Front Range. Many         species grows at high eleval         ted wilderness areas which         Subalpine slopes         Vational Forest. 5 occurrence         d others occur in habitats the populations.         Wetland/Ripariar         documented locations on pially, populations are susception         Wetland/Ripariar

			State Rank Reaso Populations tend t general have britt	n: Castilleja kerrya to be small and sca tle stems that are a	attered on slopes a easily damaged by	ecognized species that gr nd ridges, and apparently	y absent on broad, fairly known to occur where K	y flat alpine terrain. Al	goat Wilderness in Montana. though Castilleja species in s. The plant appears to be limit
Castilleja nivea		Orobanchaceae	G3	S3				3	Alpine
Snow Indian Paintbrush		Broomrape Family	State Rank Reaso	n: Currently know	n from a few colleo the known mounta		s, Crazy Mtns, Tobacco	Root Mtns and the Cen	tennial Range. It is very likely elevation habitat generally lin
Celastrus scandens		Celastraceae	G5	S1				2	Wetland/Riparian
Bittersweet		Bittersweet Family	State Rank Reaso al. 1986). The pre at four locations in of woody draws ar	n: Celastrus scand vious Montana ran n woody draws. It re needed to accur	<i>ens</i> occurs frequer k of SH was based appears that the M	on a vague location provi	ded on a 1975 herbariu ne western edge of its ra	m specimen. In recent ange, and currently it r	n the Great Plains (McGregor e years it has been been collect anks as an S1. Additional surv
Centunculus minimus	Anagallis minima,	Myrsinaceae	G5	S2				3	Wetland/Riparian
Chaffweed	Lysimachia minima	Myrsine Family	State Rank Reaso	n: Known from sca	ttered locations ad	ade, Lake, Missoula, Phil cross the state, though it for vernally moist habita	is rare to uncommon in		eptible to some adverse impac
Cercocarpus montanus		Rosaceae	G5	S2S3				3	Open, stony slopes
Alderleaf mountain- mahogany		Rose Family	State Rank Reaso	n: This widespread				ure County where it is	reported to be fairly extensiv
Chenopodium	Chenopodium	Amaranthaceae	G3G4	S2				2	Sandy sites
<b>subglabrum</b> Smooth Goosefoot	leptophyllum var. subglabrum	Amaranth (Pigweed) Family	State Rank Reaso that is vulnerable monitoring data a	n: Smooth goosefo to loss of natural re lacking though 1	ot is known from ji disturbance regime		ntana, one of which may ng. Invasion of exotic pl	y be extirpated. It occu ants may also pose a th	upies an early-succession habi nreat. Population data and tre
Cirsium longistylum Long-styled Thistle		Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G2G3	S2S3				2	Meadows (Montane- subalpine )
			State Rank Reaso promising for the significant and im lands that provide benefit at this tim	n: Population estir long-term viability mediate threats. I e a degree of prote ne is the active we	nates of approxima of the species. Ha n the near future, oction and two large	bitat in the largest popu little change in habitat q	ding seven high quality lations is generally of hi uality is expected in the lands that have a histor e landowners on their la	populations, scattered igh quality with few if ese populations. Sites y of light to moderate	eatland I over four mountain ranges ar any problem weeds posing are mostly on National Forest grazing appear stable. Also of
			provide some evid	lence that populat	ion levels have at		ole over the past decade		
Cirsium pulcherrimum		Asteraceae	provide some evid	lence that populat	ion levels have at	least remained fairly stat	ole over the past decade		ly fluctuations possible. Threa
Cirsium pulcherrimum Wyoming Thistle		Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	provide some evid posed by invasive G5 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso	lence that populat weeds and the int S3 Inces verified in the n: Known in Monta	ion levels have at roduced bio-contro ese Counties: Big H na from one badla	east remained fairly stal ol agent do provide reaso Horn, Carbon, Powder Riv	le over the past decade n for concern. er, Prairie County with a small nu	e, with significant year 3 mber of scattered indi	ly fluctuations possible. Threa
			provide some evid posed by invasive G5 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso	lence that populat weeds and the int S3 Inces verified in the n: Known in Monta	ion levels have at roduced bio-contro ese Counties: Big H na from one badla	east remained fairly stat al agent do provide reaso Horn, Carbon, Powder Riv nds area of Powder River	le over the past decade n for concern. er, Prairie County with a small nu llection from each of C	e, with significant year 3 mber of scattered indi	ly fluctuations possible. Threa Sparsely-vegetated soi viduals observed in 2006. Also ties.
Wyoming Thistle Clarkia rhomboidea		Aster/Sunflowers Onagraceae	provide some evic posed by invasive G5 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso reported for Daws G5 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso	lence that populat weeds and the int S3 ces verified in th n: Known in Monta on and Garfield Co S3 ces verified in the n: Rare in Montana	ion levels have at l roduced bio-contro ese Counties: Big l na from one badla punties by Flora of ese Counties: Lake a, where it is know	east remained fairly stat ol agent do provide reaso Horn, Carbon, Powder River the Great Plains and 1 cc Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT, KOOT, LOLO) e, Lincoln, Ravalli, Sande	The over the past decade in for concern. (er, Prairie County with a small nu bllection from each of C () () () () () () () () () () () () ()	e, with significant year	Forests (Open, montane
Wyoming Thistle Clarkia rhomboidea Diamond Clarkia Claytonia arenicola	Montia arenicola	Aster/Sunflowers Onagraceae Evening-primrose Family Portulacaceae	provide some evic posed by invasive G5 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso reported for Daws G5 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso River drainage. So	lence that populat weeds and the int S3 ces verified in th n: Known in Monta on and Garfield Co S3 ces verified in the n: Rare in Montana	ion levels have at l roduced bio-contro ese Counties: Big l na from one badla punties by Flora of ese Counties: Lake a, where it is know	east remained fairly stat al agent do provide reaso Horn, Carbon, Powder River the Great Plains and 1 cc Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT, KOOT, LOLO) e, Lincoln, Ravalli, Sande n from only a small portie re weeds and subsequent Sensitive - Known on	The over the past decade in for concern. (er, Prairie County with a small nu ollection from each of C () () () () () () () () () () () () ()	e, with significant year	ty fluctuations possible. Threa Sparsely-vegetated soi viduals observed in 2006. Also ties. Forests (Open, montand rily along the lower Clark Fork
Wyoming Thistle Clarkia rhomboidea	Montia arenicola	Aster/Sunflowers Onagraceae Evening-primrose Family	provide some evic posed by invasive G5 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso reported for Daws G5 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso River drainage. So suppression. G4 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso	lence that populat weeds and the int s3 ces verified in the n: Known in Monta on and Garfield Co S3 ces verified in the n: Rare in Montana me detrimental in S2S3 ces verified in the n: Rare in Montana	ion levels have at l roduced bio-contro ese Counties: Big l na from one badla punties by Flora of ese Counties: Lake a, where it is know apacts from invasiv ese Counties: Sanc a, where it is curre	east remained fairly state al agent do provide reaso Horn, Carbon, Powder River the Great Plains and 1 cc Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT, KOOT, LOLO) e, Lincoln, Ravalli, Sande n from only a small porti- re weeds and subsequent Sensitive - Known on Forests (LOLO) ders	le over the past decade n for concern. er, Prairie County with a small nu Illection from each of C son of the northwest corr herbicide treatments a	e, with significant year	ly fluctuations possible. Threa Sparsely-vegetated soi viduals observed in 2006. Also ties. Forests (Open, montand rily along the lower Clark Fork of habitat due to fire

			State Rank Reaso	on: Rare in Montana,	e Counties: Big Horn, Carbon, Deer Lodg where it is currently known from only a s n populations likely fluctuate widely from	mall area in the south-c		
Collomia debilis var. camporum		Polemoniaceae Phlox Family	G5T2	S1S2			3	Rock/Talus (Valleys to Montane)
Alpine Collomia			State Rank Reaso	on: Only known from	e Counties: Granite, Missoula, Ravalli a few sites in western Montana and Lemi weed invasion are possible. Current statu			
Corydalis sempervirens Pale Corydalis	Capnoides sempervirens	Fumariaceae Fumary family	G5	S2	Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)		3	Forests/Meadows (Recently-burned)
			State Rank Reason historical occurre	on: Known to occur ir ences are also known ain populations. Thus	e Counties: Flathead, Glacier, Lincoln, P northwest Montana from approximately This species occurs in disturbed habitat: s, the main threat to this species' viability	a dozen recently docum s, predominantly burned	forests and it depends	s heavily on historical fire
Cryptantha fendleri		Boraginaceae	G5	S2		SENSITIVE	2	Sandy sites
Fendler Cat's-eye		Borage Family	State Rank Reaso known from a tota	on: Fendler cat's-eye al of three moderate	e Counties: Beaverhead, Gallatin, Sheric is restricted to very localized sandhills h to large-sized populations. It responds p orts have likely had an adverse effect on	abitat in the far southwe ositively to disturbance t	that maintains its spars	ely vegetated habitat. Fire
Cryptantha humilis Round-headed Cryptantha		Boraginaceae Borage Family	G4?	SH			4	Sagebrush Steppe (low- elevation)
			State Rank Reaso	<b>on:</b> Known from 3 his	e Counties: Beaverhead, Jefferson torical collections in the state, including ollection from the Yellowstone Valley in F		f Dillon in the Grasshop	pper Valley, a 1952 collection 3
<b>Cryptantha scoparia</b> Miner's Candle		Boraginaceae Borage Family	G4?	S2			4	Sagebrush Steppe (low- elevation)
			State Rank Reaso southwest Wyomi	ng and central Idaho	e Counties: Carbon cumented from a single area in Carbon C . In 1991 about 1,000 plants were reporte tt. Additional surveys and monitoring dat	d occupying less than or		
Dalea enneandra		Fabaceae	G5	S2S3			3	Grasslands (Plains)
Nine-anther prairie clover		Pea Family			e Counties: Big Horn, Custer, Fallon, Ric n from a few poorly documented occurre		of the state. Additiona	l surveys and updated populatic
Dalea villosa	Petalostemon villosus	Fabaceae	G5	S2			4	Sandy sites
Silky prairie clover		Pea Family			e Counties: Carter, Fallon, Richland, She n from a few, small occurrences in the e		of the state. Current po	opulation levels and trends are
<b>Delphinium burkei</b> Meadow Larkspur	[including] Delphinium distichum	Ranunculaceae Buttercup Family	G4	S1S2			4	Meadows (Moist, low- elevation)
					e Counties: Beaverhead, Flathead, Silver a few collections from the western half of		1	•
Delphinium		Ranunculaceae	G5	S2			3	
<b>depauperatum</b> Slim Larkspur		Buttercup Family	State Rank Reaso	<b>on:</b> Delphinium depai	e Counties: Beaverhead, Flathead, Madis uperatum has been identified in Beaverho ccurrences have been documented.		bly Jefferson Counties	in western Montana. It is found
Delphinium glaucum		Ranunculaceae	G5	S1?			3	
Pale Larkspur		Buttercup Family	State Rank Reaso County distribution	on: Based on the disc on (Lesica 2012), the	e Counties: Beaverhead, Gallatin, Madisi repancy in the number of herbarium spec re seems to be an issue in how to accurat n be demonstrated that this plant is more	timens identified as Delp ely identify this species.	ohinium glaucum (CPN)	

Descurainia torulosa		Brassicaceae	G2	S1				1	
Wyoming Tansymustard		Mustards		nces verified in the		Montana (Consortium of I	Pacific Northwest Herba	ria; http://www.pnwhe	rbaria.org).
Douglasia		Primulaceae	G1	S1				3	Ridges (Open, subalpine)
<b>conservatorum</b> Bloom Peak Douglasia		Primrose Family	State Rank Reaso is apparently clos warrants recognit	sely allied to Dougle tion at the specific	new species in 2010 <i>asia idahoensis, D.</i> level or if it should	D from a single location a <i>laevigata</i> and <i>D. nivalis</i> d be treated as conspecif	(Bjork 2010). Additional ic with <i>D. idahoensis</i> or	research may be neede D. nivalis. However, the	n of this newly described species d to determine if this population e discovery of this population is of the previously mentioned
Downingia laeta Great Basin Downingia		Campanulaceae Bellflower Family	G5	S2S3				3	Wetland/Riparian (Shallow water ponds, lakes)
			State Rank Reaso	on: Rare in Montana	a, where it is curre	verhead, Lewis and Clark ntly known from a few so llow-up surveys. Current	cattered sites in the we	stern half of the state, r	nost of these sites were
Draba crassa		Brassicaceae	G3G4	S3				3	Alpine
Thick-leaf Whitlow-grass		Mustards	State Rank Reaso	on: Scattered acros	s southwest Montar	verhead, Carbon, Deer Lo na where it is known fror mon than collections ind	n alpine slopes in sever	al mountain ranges. Ove	rall abundance and distribution
Draba daviesiae	Draba apiculata var.	Brassicaceae	G3	S3				3	Alpine
Bitterroot Draba	daviesiae	Mustards	State Rank Reaso	on: A Montana ende	emic, known from s	verhead, Granite, Ravalli everal occurrences in al puld likely limit most pot	pine areas of the Bitter	root Mountains. Overall a	abundance and distribution are
Draba densifolia Dense-leaf Draba		Brassicaceae Mustards	G5	52		Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		2	Alpine
			Powell, Ravalli, S State Rank Reaso historical or poor	ilver Bow on: Draba densifolio ly documented occ	a is distributed in t urrences. Occupied		ate in four moderate to te to high elevation whi	large populations, six s ch help to minimize dist	x, Madison, Park, Pondera, mall occurrences and nine urbance to some of the
Draba fladnizensis		Brassicaceae	G5	S2?				4	Alpine
White Arctic Draba		Mustards	State Rank Reaso	on: Rare in Montana	a, where it is curre	<sup>r</sup> Lodge, Madison, Stillwa ntly known from a few so does not appear to be at	cattered alpine location		the state. Additional sites are bitat.
Draba globosa	Draba apiculata	Brassicaceae	G3	S2S3				3	Alpine
Round-fruited Draba		Mustards	State Rank Reaso adjacent Montana	on: Round-fruited d a. It has been found	Iraba is a regional e d in three southwes		dely separated sites in ( ges. Current population	levels and trends are u	Jtah, northwest Wyoming and nknown. However, its high-
Draba macounii		Brassicaceae	G5?	S2S3				3	Alpine
Macoun's Draba		Mustards	State Rank Reaso		na from only a few				nds are unknown. However, its I.
Draba porsildii		Brassicaceae	G3G4	S2S3				3	Alpine
Porsild's Draba		Mustards	State Rank Reaso		Nontana from a few	/ collections on the Bear			opulation levels and trends are ikely to be documented.
Draba ventosa		Brassicaceae	G3	S2S3				3	Alpine
Wind River Draba		Mustards	State Rank Reaso	and trends are unl	s known from one s	site in the Madison Range			ne Snowcrest Range. Current ous threats. Additional sites are

Drosera anglica English Sundew		Droseraceae Sundew Family	G5	53	Sensitive - Known ou Forests (BD, BRT, CG, KOOT, LOLO) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		3	Fens
			Sanders State Rank Reaso are on federally n occurrences from	n: Known from ove nanaged lands with many potential thi	ese Counties: Beaverhead, Flathead, Grar r two dozen populations in the state, mos several of these in designated wilderness reats. However, one population is vulneral one location appear to indicate. Plants are	t of these are moderate areas, research natural ole to ski area expansior	to large-sized, healthy l areas or Glacier Nation n and activity, and the s	populations. Most occurrences hal Park which help to protect the species may be negatively
Drosera linearis Slenderleaf Sundew		Droseraceae Sundew Family	G4G5	S2	Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT, HLC)		3	Fens
			State Rank Reaso	n: Only known fror	ese Counties: Flathead, Lake, Lewis and C n four populations in Montana though all a ws Research Natural Area which afford all	re moderate to large-siz	zed occurrences that ar e protection from distu	e located in either the Bob rbance.
Dryas integrifolia		Rosaceae	G5	S2S3			4	Alpine
Entire-leaved Avens		Rose Family	State Rank Reaso collection is unkno	<b>n:</b> Known in Monta own and cannot be	ese Counties: Fergus, Golden Valley na from the Big Snowy Mountains and poss confirmed. Current population levels and ear to be any significant threats.			
Ericameria discoidea var. discoidea Whitestem Goldenbush	Haplopappus macronema var. macronema	Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G4	S2	Sensitive - Known ou Forests (BD, CG) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (BRT)	ו	3	Rock/Talus
			State Rank Reaso	<b>n:</b> Rare in Montana	ese Counties: Beaverhead where it is only known from a couple of s naccessible and not likely to be threatene		orner of the state. Popu	lation levels are poorly
Ericameria parryi var.	Chrysothamnus parryi ssp.	Asteraceae	G5T2	S2			3	Grasslands (subalpine )
<b>montana</b> Parry's Mountain Rabbitbrush	montanus	Aster/Sunflowers	State Rank Reaso Montana with an e	<b>n:</b> A globally rare e	ese Counties: Beaverhead endemic, restricted to a small area of sout undred plants, its habitat is remote and tl e collected.			
Erigeron allocotus Big Horn Fleabane		Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G3	53		SENSITIVE	3	Rock outcrops/Ridges (low elevation)
			State Rank Reaso	n: A regional ende	ese Counties: Big Horn, Carbon mic of Montana and Wyoming. In Montana can be common in areas where it is found.		he Pryor Mountain Dese	rt - Bighorn Basin area of Carbon
Erigeron asperugineus Idaho Fleabane		Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G4	S2	Sensitive - Known o Forests (BD, BRT)	ו	3	Alpine
			State Rank Reaso	n: Idaho fleabane i olated from anthro	ese Counties: Beaverhead, Ravalli s a regional endemic that has been docur pogenic disturbance. Updated population			
Erigeron evermannii Evermann Fleabane		Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G4	S2?	Sensitive - Known or Forests (BRT)	ו	3	Alpine
			State Rank Reaso	<b>n:</b> Rare in Montana he 1960's and 1970	ese Counties: Ravalli , where it is currently known from two all s, though there is no reason to believe th			

Erigeron flabellifolius Fan-leaved Fleabane		Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G3	\$3		Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		3	Alpine
						oon, Meagher, Park, Swee is in the mountains of sou		hough uncommon and n	estricted in distribution, the high
			elevation habitat	tends to reduce the	he potential for any	impacts to the species.			
Erigeron formosissimus Beautiful Fleabane		Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G5	S1S3				3	Meadows (Montane/subalpine)
			State Rank Reas		en documented for	verhead, Carbon, Deer Lo southern Montana from a			for this species to more precisely
Erigeron lackschewitzii		Asteraceae	G3	S3				3	Alpine
Lackschewitz' Fleabane		Aster/Sunflowers	State Rank Reas	on: Endemic to Mo small in size, the s	ntana and adjacent	d over a relatively wide a	majority of the specie	es' range is in Montana.	Though many of the individual int Creek Range. The high
Erigeron leiomerus		Asteraceae	G4	S2				2	Alpine
Smooth Fleabane		Aster/Sunflowers	State Rank Rease levels and trends	on: Rare in Montan	vever, its high-eleva	ntly known from only a c			of the state. Current population ts. Additional sites are likely to be
Erigeron linearis Linear-leaf Fleabane		Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G5	S2				2	Sagebrush/Grasslands (Foothills to Montane)
			Ravalli, Sanders, State Rank Reas federally-manage	Silver Bow, Stillwa on: Erigeron linear ed lands or lands u	iter, Sweet Grass <i>is</i> is a peripheral sp nder conservation e	ecies known from a few	small and moderate-siz lopment on adjacent l	zed, localized occurrence ands may fragment som	her, Mineral, Missoula, Park, ces. Almost all populations are on ne areas of suitable habitat. Two weeds.
<b>Erigeron parryi</b> Parry's Fleabane		Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G2G3	S2S3				3	Slopes and ridges (Open, Montane)
			State Rank Reas	on: Though the spe	ecies is restricted to	verhead, Big Horn, Broad southwest Montana, it is sely vegetated habitat it	locally common at ma		ies. Additionally, threats to the
Erigeron tener Slender Fleabane		Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G4	S2?				3	Slopes (Open, limestone, montane)
			Species Occurre State Rank Rease trends are unkno	on: Rare in Montan	<b>nese Counties:</b> Beav a, where it is curre	verhead, Ravalli ntly known from a single	locality in the southwe	est corner of the state.	Current population levels and
Eriogonum caespitosum Mat Buckwheat		Polygonaceae Buckwheat Family	G5	S2S3				3	Sagebrush steppe (Montane)
			State Rank Reas	on: Rare in Montan					e unknown, though the potential
Eriogonum crosbyae	Eriogonum capistratum	Polygonaceae	G4	S3				3	Alpine
Crosby's Buckwheat	var. muhlickii, Eriogonum chrysops [misapplied]	Buckwheat Family	State Rank Rease locally common i	on: Rare to Uncom n some areas. Goo	mon. This entity is	re lacking for most occur			aconda-Pintlers, where it may be t appear to be a major concern a
Eriogonum	Stenogonum salsuginosum	Polygonaceae	G4?	S1S2				2	Clay Barrens
salsuginosum Smooth Buckwheat		Buckwheat Family	State Rank Rease the south side of	on: This species is the Pryor Mountai	ns. There is active l	ge of its range in south-c	mmediate vicinity of o		ed from only two small areas on ences. Follow-up visits are
Eriogonum soliceps Railroad Canyon Wild		Polygonaceae Buckwheat Family	G3	S3			SENSITIVE	3	Ridges/slopes (Open, Montane)
Buckwheat						verhead, Deer Lodge, Maa ew species in 2004 (Reve			

Eriogonum visheri		Polygonaceae	G3	S2			SENSITIVE	3	Clay Barrens
Visher's Buckwheat		Buckwheat Family	State Rank Reaso	n: Eriogonum vish	<i>eri</i> is a regional e	rter, Powder River ndemic known in Montana sing graphy and as such does not a	ce 1997 from only or ppear to be threater	e area in Carter Count led by weeds, livestoc	ty. This population grows on k or other activities at this time.
upatorium maculatum	Eupatoriadelphus	Asteraceae	G5	S1S2	1			4	Wetland/Riparian
Spotted Joepye-weed	maculatus, Eutrochium maculatum	Aster/Sunflowers			ecies known in Mo	ntana from a few occurrences	in the south-centra	part of the state on a	variety of ownerships. Four of
Euphrasia subarctica	Euphrasia arctica var.	Orobanchaceae	G5	S2				2	Alpine
Arctic Eyebright	disjuncta, Euphrasia disjuncta [misapplied]	Broomrape Family	State Rank Reaso least one populat	ion are subject to	y known from a fe trampling by hike	ew locations in Glacier Nation	and trends are unkno		from 1897. Some plants in at -elevation habitat is relatively
Gentiana glauca		Gentianaceae	G5	S2S3				3	Alpine
Glaucous Gentian		Gentians	State Rank Reaso though it was des		a, where it is has ommon at the col	been documented only from ( lection sites. Its high-elevatio			evels and trends are unknown, obvious threats. Additional sites
Gentianopsis macounii Macoun's Gentian	Gentiana macounii, Gentianella crinita ssp. macounii, Gentianopsis procera ssp. macounii,	Gentianaceae Gentians	G5	S2		Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		3	Fens
	Gentiana detonsa, Gentianopsis virgata ssp. macounii					llatin, Glacier, Madison, Teto wn from several sites along th		ont.	
G <b>entianopsis simplex</b> Hiker's Gentian	Gentiana simplex, Gentianella simplex	Gentianaceae Gentians	G5	S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD, CG) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (KOOT, LOLO)		3	Fens, wet meadows, seep
			State Rank Reaso	n: Rare in Montan	a, where it is kno		red locations. Curre	nt population levels ar	d trends are unknown, though umented if surveys were to be
Githopsis specularioides	Githopsis calycina	Campanulaceae	G5	S1S2				3	Cliffs
Common Blue-cup		Bellflower Family		<b>n:</b> This plant is kn	own from only on	nders e location in Montana more I, however its cliff habitat is n			
Glossopetalon spinescens	Glossopetalon nevadense	Crossosomataceae Greasebush	G5	S1		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT)		1	Rock/Talus
Spiny Greasebush					ecies in Montana	where it is only known from o	ne small occurrence	on the Bitterroot Nation	onal Forest. Population is
Gratiola ebracteata		Plantaginaceae	G4	S2				3	Wetland/Riparian
Bractless Hedge-hyssop		Plantain Family	State Rank Reaso	n: Rare and peripl collections. Availa	neral in Montana. ble data for the s	pecies are limited. However,	imately a half-dozen	5	ocky Mountain Front and from a e minimal. As an annual,
Grayia spinosa		Amaranthaceae	G5	S2				2	Shrublands (Dry)
Spiny Hopsage		Amaranth (Pigweed) Family	State Rank Reaso the Pryor Mounati than 2,000 individ	on: <i>Grayia spinosa</i> in area, it is knowr duals. As the plant	is located in Mont n from less than a is highly palatabl		ences. The total pop d with heavy grazing	ulation of the species i	ords from southwest Montana. In in the state likely numbers less ass invasion may also pose a

Grindelia howellii Howell's Gumweed	Grindelia paysonorum	Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G3	S2S3		Sensitive - Known on Forests (LOLO) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT, HLC)	SENSITIVE	2	Vernally moist sites (Open, Low-elevation)
			State Rank Reaso roadsides or other from place to plac well as the numbe	n: In Montana, Gria similarly disturbe ce or from year to er of extant popula e a threat to many	ndelia howellii is k d habitat. This hat year and as a resul tions at any given occurrences, as th	bitat preference in conjur It many occurrences may time difficult to assess. he habitat occupied by <i>G</i> .	nction with the short-liv be ephemeral. These at howellii is also favorab	red nature of the specie ttributes make determi	are small and many occur on es means occurrences may drift ination of population numbers as ecies. Application of herbicides to
<b>Gymnosteris parvula</b> Small-flower Gymnosteris		Polemoniaceae Phlox Family	G4	S2		lso have a direct, negativ	e impact.	3	Grasslands/Sagebrush steppe
				nces verified in the n: Known in Monta		verhead, Gallatin collection near West Yello	owstone and one recent	collection from Beave	rhead County.
Helianthus pumilus		Asteraceae	G4?	S1				4	
Little Sunflower		Aster/Sunflowers	State Rank Reaso was previously rep occupies dry, rock	oorted for Montana vy places (Schilling	<i>ilus</i> is documented by the <u>Flora of th</u> <i>in</i> Flora of North A	d from a single 2007 colled <u>ne Great Plains</u> (McGregor America 2007). This locati zes, habitat, and threats a	et al. 1986). Globally th on, though imprecisely	his plant occurs in Colo	ountain Herbarium #910246). It rado and Wyoming where it range northward. Surveys that
Listen and second second fill second		Componulacese	G5	S2		Sensitive - Known on		3	Vernally moist habitats
Heterocodon rariflorum Western Pearl-flower		Campanulaceae Bellflower Family		52		Forests (BRT, KOOT, LOLO)			
Western Pearl-flower		Bellflower Family	Species Occurren State Rank Reaso occurrences that populations and a plants.	nces verified in the n: Over a dozen kr need further surve re likely infest oth	own occurrences, y work to documer	Forests (BRT, KOOT, LOLO) verhead, Lake, Lincoln, M including a half-dozen m nt population sizes. Most p	oderate to large-sized p populations are on Natio	l, Ravalli, Sanders xopulations, a few smal onal Forest lands. Invas ations and associated u	sive weeds infest several se may impact <i>H. rariflorum</i>
Western Pearl-flower	Hutchinsia procumbens		Species Occurrent State Rank Reaso occurrences that in populations and a plants. Species Occurrent State Rank Reaso Trend and popular	inces verified in the n: Over a dozen kr need further surve re likely infest oth S2 inces verified in the n: Rare in Montana	work to document ers. Hiking and OR ese Counties: Bear Currently known rally lacking, thoug	Forests (BRT, KOOT, LOLO) verhead, Lake, Lincoln, M including a half-dozen m nt population sizes. Most p V trails occur though or a verhead, Carbon, Flathea n from approximately a ha	oderate to large-sized p populations are on Natio djacent to a few popula d, Powell lf-dozen occurrences sc	I, Ravalli, Sanders populations, a few smal onal Forest lands. Invas ations and associated u <u>3</u> cattered across the mou	sive weeds infest several
Western Pearl-flower Hornungia procumbens Hutchinsia Howellia aquatilis	Hutchinsia procumbens	Bellflower Family Brassicaceae Mustards Campanulaceae	Species Occurrent State Rank Reaso occurrences that in populations and a plants. Species Occurrent State Rank Reaso Trend and popular	ices verified in the n: Over a dozen kr need further surve re likely infest oth S2 ices verified in the n: Rare in Montana tion data are gene	work to document ers. Hiking and OR ese Counties: Bear Currently known rally lacking, thoug	Forests (BRT, KOOT, LOLO) verhead, Lake, Lincoln, M including a half-dozen m nt population sizes. Most p V trails occur though or a verhead, Carbon, Flathea n from approximately a ha	oderate to large-sized p populations are on Natio djacent to a few popula d, Powell lf-dozen occurrences sc	I, Ravalli, Sanders populations, a few smal onal Forest lands. Invas ations and associated u <u>3</u> cattered across the mou	sive weeds infest several se may impact <i>H. rariflorum</i> Sagebrush Steppe           untainous portion of the state.
Western Pearl-flower Hornungia procumbens Hutchinsia	Hutchinsia procumbens	Bellflower Family Brassicaceae Mustards	Species Occurrent State Rank Reaso occurrences that i populations and a plants. Species Occurrent State Rank Reaso Trend and popular viability in Montar G3 Species Occurrent State Rank Reaso level recedes part and it is clustered has invaded into s though it has only dependent on rec	Acces verified in the n: Over a dozen kr need further surve re likely infest oth S2 Acces verified in the n: Rare in Montana tion data are gene na appear to minim S3 Acces verified in the n: Water howellia tially or completely I in a small portion some wetlands in the been found in a si	work to document ers. Hiking and OR ese Counties: Bear a Currently known ally lacking, though al. DM ese Counties: Lake is restricted in Mont of the state, maki the Swan Valley and mall percentage of d; and it has very r	Forests (BRT, KOOT, LOLO) verhead, Lake, Lincoln, M including a half-dozen m nt population sizes. Most p V trails occur though or a verhead, Carbon, Flatheau from approximately a ha gh it is an annual and pop e, Missoula ntana to depressional wet rana contains the largest r ing it vulnerable to localiz d it has the potential to ff f occupied water howellia	oderate to large-sized p populations are on Natio djacent to a few popula d, Powell If-dozen occurrences so ulations probably fluctu clands in the Swan Valle number of occupied pon umber of occupied pon sed events and manager orm dense monoculture sites so far. Additional	I, Ravalli, Sanders sopulations, a few smal onal Forest lands. Invas ations and associated u 3 cattered across the mou- uate widely from year to 2 ry, typically occupying sides and wetlands though ment actions. Reed car s, thereby decreasing to ly, water howellia is ar	sive weeds infest several se may impact <i>H. rariflorum</i> Sagebrush Steppe Untainous portion of the state. to year. Threats to the species'

			State Rank Reasons slopes of the Bitte	on: Rare and periph erroot Mountains. I	neral in Montana. C Populations are hig		e impacts from invasive		na, mostly along the lower ed knapweed and cheatgrass.
Impatiens aurella		Balsaminaceae	G4	S3			,,	3	riparian
Pale-yellow Jewel-weed		Impatiens	State Rank Reaso Counties, where the disturbed and und known locations a	on: Impatiens aurel the majority of obs disturbed wetlands	<i>lla</i> is known from al ervations have bee , and rarely appear	n found, and rare in othe	nted from 1886 to 2016 r counties of western <i>N</i> may require or persist b	<ul> <li>It is considered uncom Nontana. It grows in wet better with some hydrol.</li> </ul>	ula, Sanders imon in Lake and Flathead often organic soil in both ogical disturbance. Revisits to
Ipomoea leptophylla		Convolvulaceae	G3G5	S1S2				4	Prairie
Bush morning-glory		Morning-glory Family	State Rank Reaso	on: Known in Monta	ana from only a few	Horn, Rosebud, Treasure, collections in the souther robably not undercollecte	astern part of the state	e, only 1 of these collec	tions was in the last 2 decades.
Ipomopsis congesta ssp.	Gilia congesta var.	Polemoniaceae	G5T3T4	S2S3				3	Sagebrush Steppe
<b>crebrifolia</b> Ballhead Ipomopsis	crebrifolia Ballhead Gilia, Ball-head Standing-cypress, Compact Gilia	Phlox Family	State Rank Reason the Monida Pass a	on: Rare and periph area in southwest A	Nontana. Additional	urrently known from only	s are needed, though it		the Centennial Mountains to ations are stable. Potential
Ipomopsis minutiflora	Gilia minutiflora,	Polemoniaceae	G4	S1S2				4	Sagebrush (Open)
Small-flower Ipomopsis	Microgilia minutiflora Small-flower Standing-cypress	Phlox Family	State Rank Reaso about this species	on: Rare and periph s in the state. Addi		urrently documented in t needed. Species may be c			t Valley. Very little is known ana occurrence could be the
<b>Kelloggia galioides</b> Kelloggia		Rubiaceae Bedstraws / Madder	G5	SH				4	Forest (Open/low- elevation)
		Family	State Rank Reaso				rk Fish Creek valley app	proximately 12 miles we	st-northwest of Alberton and a
Kochia americana	Bassia americana	Amaranthaceae	G5	S2				2	Saline/Alkaline Sites
Red Sage	Green Molly	Amaranth (Pigweed) Family	State Rank Reaso lands, two histori	on: The species is a cal locations and t	wo other locations	its range in Beaverhead C	ey work. Agricultural co		population on BLM and private ly reduced available habitat.
Koenigia islandica		Polygonaceae	G4	S2				3	Alpine
Island Koenigia		Buckwheat Family	State Rank Reaso determining popu	on: Rare in Montana Ilation levels and t	a, where it is only l rend, though popul				are insufficient for accurately tes and their habitat do not
Lagophylla ramosissima		Asteraceae	G5	S1	1			2	Grasslands (Dry/Valley)
Slender Hareleaf		Aster/Sunflowers	State Rank Reason the species is need	on: Species is poorl	sizes of existing po	ontana where it is known			each other. More survey work for though impacts of invasive
Lathyrus bijugatus Latah Tule Pea		Fabaceae Pea Family	G4	S2S3		Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT)		3	Forest (Open/Valley)
					ese Counties: Flath neral in Montana. C	· ·	n three, widely scatter	ed sites in the valleys-lo	wer mountains of northwest
Leptodactylon	Linanthus caespitosus,	Polemoniaceae	G4	S2S3				2	Sandy Breaks/Outcrops
caespitosum Matted Prickly-phlox	Linanthus cespitosus	Phlox Family	State Rank Reaso	on: This plant occu ins - Bighorn Canyo		e edge of a broad but pat			mostly small populations, all in le human disturbance and there
Lewisia columbiana		Portulacaceae	G4G5	S1S2				1	Rock Crevices
Columbia Lewisia		Purslane Family							

			<b>n:</b> Rare and peripl ntial for negative i		where it is known from on	ly one location in the B	litterroot Mountains. Its	relatively inaccessible habitat
Ligusticum	Apiaceae	G4G5	S3				3	
<b>rerticillatum</b> Idaho Lovage	Parsley/Carrot Family	State Rank Reaso Counties, growing	n: Ligusticum vert in moist forests a	ticillatum occurs in and meadows of spr		Montana, and British Co g common in Idaho. He		und in Lincoln and Ravalli n Missoula and Granite Counties
_obelia kalmii	Campanulaceae	G5	S3				3	
Kalm's Lobelia	Bellflower Family	State Rank Reaso observations have	n: Lobelia kalmii o been made at ab	occurs in fens and o		ds in northwest, centra	al, and northeast Monta	na. Approximately 34 Current observation, population
_obelia spicata	Campanulaceae	G5	S2?				3	Moist meadows
Pale-spiked Lobelia	Bellflower Family	State Rank Reaso	n: Rare and perip	heral in Montana, v	rson, Richland, Sheridan where it is known from a f cumented occurrences ar			ate. Additional data on populatic
Lomatium attenuatum	Apiaceae	G3	S3			SENSITIVE	3	Slopes and Scree (Dry)
Taper-tip Desert-parsley	Parsley/Carrot Family	State Rank Reaso	n: Lomatium atte		d to northwest Wyoming a			in Montana. It is known from and noxious weed invasion.
Lomatium geyeri Geyer's Biscuitroot	Apiaceae Parsley/Carrot Family	G4	S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT)		4	Rocky sites (Mesic)
		State Rank Reaso	n: Geyer's biscuitr		west Montana in less than	a dozen occurrences, by the species is the p		, extensive populations.
			intrastite freeds int					
Lomatium nuttallii Nuttall Desert-parsley	Apiaceae Parsley/Carrot Family	G3 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso	S2 nces verified in th n: The few popula	nese Counties: Big ations of Nuttall's d	Horn, Rosebud esert-parsley in the uppe	SENSITIVE	2 e of Montana are disjun	Rocky, pine woodlands
		G3 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso species in souther on private land m eventually impact	S2 nces verified in th n: The few popula astern Wyoming ar ay make it suscep	nese Counties: Big ations of Nuttall's d nd adjacent Nebras tible to negative in eds are not currentl	Horn, Rosebud esert-parsley in the uppe ka and Colorado. Its posit npacts from development	SENSITIVE r Tongue River drainage ion on mid and lower sl activities. Potential fu	2 e of Montana are disjun lopes along drainages ir ture coal and/or coalbe	
Nuttall Desert-parsley	Parsley/Carrot Family	G3 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso species in souther on private land m eventually impact known occurrence G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso	S2 ces verified in th m: The few popula astern Wyoming ar ay make it suscep t: the species. Wee se with additional S152 ces verified in th m: Only two known itat, though it is u	hese Counties: Big ations of Nuttall's d nd adjacent Nebras tible to negative in eds are not currentl surveys. hese Counties: Bea n occurrences in Mo	Horn, Rosebud esert-parsley in the upper ka and Colorado. Its posit npacts from development y a problem at any of the verhead ontana on BLM and private	SENSITIVE Tongue River drainage ion on mid and lower sl activities. Potential fu known sites. Additiona e lands, including one r	2 e of Montana are disjun lopes along drainages ir ture coal and/or coalbe al locations are likely to 3 moderate-sized populat	ict from the main range of the n conjunction with its occurrence ed methane development could be found in the vicinity of the
Nuttall Desert-parsley	Parsley/Carrot Family Gentianaceae Gentians Asteraceae	G3 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso species in souther on private land m eventually impact known occurrence G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso the occupied habi	S2 ces verified in th m: The few popula astern Wyoming ar ay make it suscep t: the species. Wee se with additional S152 ces verified in th m: Only two known itat, though it is u	hese Counties: Big ations of Nuttall's d nd adjacent Nebras tible to negative in eds are not currentl surveys. hese Counties: Bea n occurrences in Mo	Horn, Rosebud esert-parsley in the upper ka and Colorado. Its posit npacts from development y a problem at any of the verhead ontana on BLM and private	SENSITIVE Tongue River drainage ion on mid and lower sl activities. Potential fu known sites. Additiona e lands, including one r	2 e of Montana are disjun lopes along drainages ir ture coal and/or coalbe al locations are likely to 3 moderate-sized populat	ict from the main range of the n conjunction with its occurrence ed methane development could be found in the vicinity of the Wetland/Riparian ion. Livestock grazing occurs in
Nuttall Desert-parsley  Lomatogonium rotatum Marsh Felwort	Parsley/Carrot Family Gentianaceae Gentians	G3 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso species in souther on private land m eventually impact known occurrence G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso the occupied habi adversely affect p G4 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso	S2 cces verified in th n: The few popula astern Wyoming ar ay make it suscep the species. Wee swith additional S152 cces verified in th n: Only two known itat, though it is u populations. S152 cces verified in th n: Desert dandelig	rese Counties: Big ations of Nuttall's d ad adjacent Nebras tible to negative in eds are not currentl surveys. rese Counties: Bea n occurrences in Mo nclear what effect rese Counties: Carl on is limited in Mor	Horn, Rosebud esert-parsley in the upper ka and Colorado. Its posit npacts from development y a problem at any of the verhead ontana on BLM and private it may have on <i>L. rotatur</i>	SENSITIVE r Tongue River drainage ion on mid and lower sl activities. Potential fu known sites. Additiona e lands, including one r n. Changes in the hydro tes on the south side o	2 e of Montana are disjun lopes along drainages ir ture coal and/or coalbe al locations are likely to 3 moderate-sized populat ology, particularly lowe 3 f the Pryor Mountains. I	ict from the main range of the n conjunction with its occurrence ad methane development could be found in the vicinity of the Wetland/Riparian ion. Livestock grazing occurs in ring of the water table may
Nuttall Desert-parsley         .omatogonium rotatum         Marsh Felwort         Malacothrix torreyi         Desert Dandelion         Mentzelia nuda	Parsley/Carrot Family         Parsley/Carrot Family         Gentianaceae         Gentians         Asteraceae         Aster/Sunflowers         Loasaceae         Blazingstar / Stickleaf	G3 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso species in souther on private land m eventually impact known occurrence G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso the occupied habi adversely affect p G4 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso	S2 cces verified in th n: The few popula astern Wyoming ar ay make it suscep the species. Wee swith additional S152 cces verified in th n: Only two known itat, though it is u populations. S152 cces verified in th n: Desert dandelig	rese Counties: Big ations of Nuttall's d ad adjacent Nebras tible to negative in eds are not currentl surveys. rese Counties: Bea n occurrences in Mo nclear what effect rese Counties: Carl on is limited in Mor	Horn, Rosebud esert-parsley in the upper ka and Colorado. Its posit npacts from development y a problem at any of the verhead ontana on BLM and private it may have on <i>L. rotatur</i> oon	SENSITIVE r Tongue River drainage ion on mid and lower sl activities. Potential fu known sites. Additiona e lands, including one r n. Changes in the hydro tes on the south side o	2 e of Montana are disjun lopes along drainages ir ture coal and/or coalbe al locations are likely to 3 moderate-sized populat ology, particularly lowe 3 f the Pryor Mountains. I	ct from the main range of the n conjunction with its occurrence ed methane development could be found in the vicinity of the Wetland/Riparian ion. Livestock grazing occurs in ring of the water table may Open slopes (low-elevation
Nuttall Desert-parsley       Lomatogonium rotatum       Marsh Felwort       Walacothrix torreyi       Desert Dandelion       Wentzelia nuda	Parsley/Carrot Family Gentianaceae Gentians Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers Loasaceae	G3         Species Occurrer         State Rank Reaso         species in souther         on private land m         eventually impact         G5         Species Occurrer         State Rank Reaso         the occupied habit         adversely affect p         G4         Species Occurrer         State Rank Reaso         but it may respon         G5         Species Occurrer         State Rank Reaso         but it may respon         G5         Species Occurrer	S2 aces verified in th m: The few popula astern Wyoming ar ay make it suscep t the species. Wee es with additional S152 aces verified in th m: Only two known itat, though it is u sopulations. S152 aces verified in than m: Desert dandelid d positively to mo S152 aces verified in than m: Rare and peripl		Horn, Rosebud esert-parsley in the upper ka and Colorado. Its posit npacts from development y a problem at any of the verhead ontana on BLM and private it may have on <i>L. rotatur</i> bon tana to a few localized si turbance. Additional data	SENSITIVE r Tongue River drainage ion on mid and lower sl activities. Potential fu known sites. Additiona e lands, including one r n. Changes in the hydro tes on the south side o a on population levels a wder River, Roosevelt,	2 e of Montana are disjun lopes along drainages ir ture coal and/or coalbe al locations are likely to 3 moderate-sized populat ology, particularly lowe 3 f the Pryor Mountains. I and trends are needed. 3 Rosebud, Valley	ct from the main range of the     n conjunction with its occurrence ed methane development could be found in the vicinity of the     Wetland/Riparian ion. Livestock grazing occurs in ring of the water table may     Open slopes (low-elevation Impacts of grazing are unknown,     Open areas (sandy or
Nuttall Desert-parsley         .omatogonium rotatum         Marsh Felwort         Aalacothrix torreyi         Desert Dandelion         Aentzelia nuda         Bractless blazingstar         Aentzelia pumila	Parsley/Carrot Family         Parsley/Carrot Family         Gentianaceae         Gentians         Asteraceae         Aster/Sunflowers         Loasaceae         Blazingstar / Stickleaf         Family         Loasaceae         Blazingstar / Stickleaf         Blazingstar / Stickleaf	G3         Species Occurrer         State Rank Reaso         species in souther         on private land meventually impact         eventually impact         G5         Species Occurrer         State Rank Reaso         the occupied habit         adversely affect p         G4         Species Occurrer         State Rank Reaso         but it may respon         G5         Species Occurrer         State Rank Reaso         but it may respon         G5         Species Occurrer         State Rank Reaso	S2 aces verified in th m: The few popula astern Wyoming ar ay make it suscep t the species. Wee es with additional S152 aces verified in th m: Only two known itat, though it is u sopulations. S152 aces verified in than m: Desert dandelid d positively to mo S152 aces verified in than m: Rare and peripl		Horn, Rosebud esert-parsley in the upper ka and Colorado. Its posit npacts from development y a problem at any of the verhead ontana on BLM and private it may have on <i>L. rotatur</i> bon tana to a few localized si turbance. Additional data	SENSITIVE r Tongue River drainage ion on mid and lower sl activities. Potential fu known sites. Additiona e lands, including one r n. Changes in the hydro tes on the south side o a on population levels a wder River, Roosevelt,	2 e of Montana are disjun lopes along drainages ir ture coal and/or coalbe al locations are likely to 3 moderate-sized populat ology, particularly lowe 3 f the Pryor Mountains. I and trends are needed. 3 Rosebud, Valley	ct from the main range of the n conjunction with its occurrence ed methane development could be found in the vicinity of the Wetland/Riparian ion. Livestock grazing occurs in ring of the water table may Open slopes (low-elevation Impacts of grazing are unknown, Open areas (sandy or gravelly solis)
Nuttall Desert-parsley	Parsley/Carrot Family         Parsley/Carrot Family         Gentianaceae         Gentians         Asteraceae         Aster/Sunflowers         Loasaceae         Blazingstar / Stickleaf         Family         Loasaceae         Loasaceae	G3         Species Occurrer         State Rank Reaso         species in souther         on private land meventually impact         known occurrence         G5         Species Occurrer         State Rank Reaso         the occupied habit         adversely affect p         G4         Species Occurrer         State Rank Reaso         but it may respon         G5         Species Occurrer         State Rank Reaso         but it may respon         G5         Species Occurrer         State Rank Reaso         but it G4         Species Occurrer         State Rank Reaso         levels and trends         G4         Species Occurrer	S2 ces verified in th m: The few popula astern Wyoming ar ay make it suscep the species. Wee so with additional S1S2 ces verified in th m: Only two known itat, though it is u populations. S1S2 ces verified in th m: Desert dandelid d positively to mo S1S2 ces verified in th m: Rare and peripil are needed. S2S3 ces verified in th	Bese Counties: Big ations of Nuttall's d ad adjacent Nebras tible to negative in eds are not currentl surveys. Bese Counties: Bean n occurrences in Munclear what effect Dese Counties: Carton on is limited in Monderate levels of dis Dese Counties: Big heral in Montana, v pese Counties: Big	Horn, Rosebud esert-parsley in the upper ka and Colorado. Its posit npacts from development y a problem at any of the verhead ontana on BLM and private it may have on <i>L. rotatur</i> boon tana to a few localized si turbance. Additional data Horn, Custer, Dawson, Por yhere it is known from a f	SENSITIVE r Tongue River drainage ion on mid and lower sl activities. Potential fu known sites. Additiona e lands, including one r n. Changes in the hydro tes on the south side o a on population levels a wder River, Roosevelt, ew locations in the eas	2 e of Montana are disjun lopes along drainages ir ture coal and/or coalbe al locations are likely to 3 moderate-sized populat blogy, particularly lowe 3 f the Pryor Mountains. I and trends are needed. 3 Rosebud, Valley tern half of the state. / 2	Additional data on population         Open areas (sandy or gravelly solis)

Micranthes apetala	Saxifraga integrifolia	Saxifragaceae	trends. G3Q	S2?			3	Alpine
Tiny Swamp Saxifrage	Hook, var. apetala, Saxifraga apetala	Saxifrage Family	Species Occurre State Rank Reas single specimen	ences verified in the son: Known from two	Counties: Beaverhead, Deer Lodge, Grap occurrences, one in the East Pioneers and little data are available for the species in <i>I</i> bance.	one in the Absaroka-Bea	w artooth Wilderness. B	oth occurrences are known fron
Micranthes tempestiva Storm Saxifrage	Saxifraga tempestiva	Saxifragaceae Saxifrage Family	G2G3	S2S3	Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD, BRT)		3	Alpine
			State Rank Reas	<b>son:</b> State endemic k	ese Counties: Beaverhead, Deer Lodge, Gra nown from approximately a dozen extant s of the populations in designated wilderness	ites in southwest Montar		
Mimulus ampliatus Stalk-leaved Monkeyflower	Mimulus patulus, Mimulus washingtonensis	Phrymaceae Lopseed Family	G3	\$3	Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT)		4	Vernally moist soil (Valle to subalpine)
				ences verified in the son: See rank details	ese Counties: Beaverhead, Flathead, Glacie	er, Lincoln, Missoula, Par	rk, Ravalli, Sanders	
Mimulus breviflorus Short-flowered Monkeyflower		Phrymaceae Lopseed Family	G4	S152	Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)		2	Rock/Talus (Mesic, Montane)
					ese Counties: Beaverhead, Flathead, Glacie a, where it is known from a few, scattered l		st corner of the state	
Mimulus clivicola North Idaho Monkeyflower		Phrymaceae Lopseed Family	G4	52?	Sensitive - Known on Forests (LOLO) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (KOOT)		4	
				ences verified in the	ese Counties: Mineral, Sanders			
Mimulus floribundus		Phrymaceae	G5	SH			4	
Floriferous Monkeyflower		Lopseed Family			ese Counties: Beaverhead, Cascade, Flathe			tillwater
Mimulus hymenophyllus Thinsepal monkeyflower		Phrymaceae Lopseed Family		on: See rank details	ese Counties: Carbon, Lake, Park, Stillwate . Surveys of the previous collection sites ar		4 he species' status. W	ithout additional data, a rank (
<b>Mimulus nanus</b> Dwarf Purple		Phrymaceae Lopseed Family	G5	S2S3	Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT, CG)		1	Open slopes (low-elevat
Monkeyflower			State Rank Reas	<b>son:</b> <i>Mimulus nanus</i> i	ese Counties: Gallatin, Ravalli s only known from a few extent occurrence invasion. At least a few of the occurrences	es in the state, plus two contain scattered spotte	historical collections. ed knapweed plants.	. Populations are generally sma
Mimulus primuloides Primrose Monkeyflower		Phrymaceae Lopseed Family	G4	53	Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD, BRT)		3	Fens and wet meadow
			State Rank Reas moderate to larg	son: Known from sev ge-sized populations.	ese Counties: Beaverhead, Deer Lodge, Gal eral watersheds in southwest Montana, occ . Two historical locations are also known. F Ind one population could be adversely affec	urring almost entirely or ire may adversely impac	t M. primuloides thou	
Mimulus ringens		Phrymaceae	G5	S2?			3	Wetland/Riparian
Square-stem Monkeyflower		Lopseed Family			ese Counties: Cascade, Chouteau, Fergus known from a few riparian sites along the <i>N</i>	Aissouri River in central	Montana. Additional s	survey data are needed.
		Haloragaceae	G4?	S3			3	

			State Rank Reaso slow-moving river represent a very fruiting structure	on: Myriophyllum qu rs that vary in water narrow geographica	<i>litense</i> is an aquat quality from the l portion of Monta riate and current	Madison River in Yellows na. Proper identification axonomic key, and time	y (2008-2016) been four tone National Park to To of <i>Myriophyllum</i> specie	oston Reservoir on the es require careful colle	es of Montana. Plants are found i Missouri River. These locations ections to obtain flowering or re greatly needed to assess the
Nama densum		Hydrophyllaceae	G5	S1S2				1	Sagebrush (Sandy soil)
Nama		Waterleaf Family	State Rank Reaso Mountains in 1991	1, occupying less th	Nontana on the no			-	the south side of the Pryor
<b>Navarretia divaricata</b> Divaricate Navarretia		Polemoniaceae Phlox Family	G5 Species Occurrer	S1S2 S1S2	se Counties: Sand	lers		3	
Noccaea parviflora Small-flowered Pennycress	Thlaspi parviflorum	Brassicaceae Mustards	G3	S3				3	Meadows (Moist, Montan to alpine)
			State Rank Reaso		ora is a regional ei	rerhead, Carbon, Cascad Idemic, known in Montar			w small, short-lived plant that like
Nuttallanthus texanus Blue Toadflax	Linaria canadensis var. texana	Plantaginaceae Plantain Family	G4G5	S1S2				2	Grasslands/woodlands (sandy to clay soils)
			State Rank Reaso	nces verified in the on: Known from one toring are needed.			na near Alzada and anot	her occurrence from $\Lambda$	Makoshika State Park. Additional
Nymphaea leibergii	Nymphaea tetragona ssp.	Nymphaeaceae	G5	S1				3	Aquatic
Pygmy Water-lily	leibergii	Water-lily Family	State Rank Reaso	on: Known from 4 ex	tant occurrences	nead, Lake, Missoula in western valleys and o on, siltation and aquatic		from Salmon Lake in tl	ne Seeley Lake area. Population:
Oenothera pallida ssp.	Oenothera pallida var.	Onagraceae	G5T4Q	S1				2	Sandy sites
<b>pallida</b> Pale Evening-primrose	idahoensis	Evening-primrose Family	State Rank Reaso		ana to the sandhill	s of the Centennial Valle			al disturbances, including fire, al (blowout) habitat in the area.
Oxytropis campestris var. columbiana	Oxytropis columbiana	Fabaceae Pea Family	G5T2	S1				1	Wetland/Riparian, Grave shoreline
Columbia Locoweed			State Rank Reaso		in Montana from				ences are now extirpated. Privat
Oxytropis deflexa var.		Fabaceae	G5T5	S2S3				3	Alpine
foliolosa Nodding Locoweed		Pea Family				verhead, Gallatin, Madison n documented from a fe		in the mountains of th	e southwest portion of the state
Oxytropis parryi		Fabaceae	G5	S2S3				3	Alpine
Parry's Locoweed		Pea Family	State Rank Reaso		where it is known			rn portion of the state	. However, the species high-
Oxytropis podocarpa Stalked-pod Locoweed		Fabaceae Pea Family	G4G5	S1		Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (BD)		3	Alpine
							e Rocky Mountain Front	. The remote habitat s	should limit the possibily of
apaver pygmaeum	Papaver radicatum var.	Papaveraceae	G3	S2S3				3	Alpine
Alpine Glacier Poppy	pygmaeum	Poppy Family		nces verified in the on: See rank details		nead, Glacier, Lewis and	Clark		
Papaver radicatum ssp.	Papaver kluanense,	Papaveraceae	G5T4	S2S3				3	Alpine
<b>kluanensis</b> Alpine Poppy	Papaver kluenensis	Poppy Family		nces verified in the on: See rank details.		on, Park, Sweet Grass			

	Orobanchaceae	G5T3	S2S3			3	Slopes (Montane/Subalpi
<b>/ar. ctenophora</b> Pink Coil-beaked Lousewort	Broomrape Family	State Rank Reason		<b>Counties:</b> Beaverhead, Judith Basin, <i>N</i> le southwestern Montana where it is o lections indicate.		oopulations. Limited d	lata is available for the species
Pedicularis contorta var. rubicunda	Orobanchaceae Broomrape Family	G5T3	S2S3			3	Ridgetops and meadow (subalpine and alpine
Selway Coil-beaked Lousewort		State Rank Reaso		ounties: Ravalli a to the Bitterroot Mountains where in the few collections indicate.	it is documented from se	veral occurrences. Lir	nited data are available for the
Pedicularis crenulata	Orobanchaceae	G4	S1		SENSITIVE	1	Wetland/Riparian
Scallop-leaf Lousewort	Broomrape Family			ounties: Beaverhead ons in Montana. Much of the riparian	meadow habitat occupie	d by this species has b	been converted to agriculture o
Pedicularis pulchella	Orobanchaceae	G3	S3			3	Alpine
Mountain Lousewort	Broomrape Family		n: Restricted to high el	ounties: Carbon, Deer Lodge, Gallati evation areas of southern Montana. L			
Penstemon	Plantaginaceae	G5	S2S3			3	Sandy sites
angustifolius Narrowleaf Penstemon	Plantain Family	State Rank Reason	n: Over a dozen, small	<b>Counties:</b> Carter, Dawson, Fallon, Gra extant and/or presumed extant occu pulations appears to be relatively lar	rrences are known in sou		
Penstemon caryi Cary's Beardtongue	Plantaginaceae Plantain Family	G3	\$3		SENSITIVE	3	Grasslands and slope (Open, montane)
			<b>ces verified in these C</b> n: Restricted in Montar	ounties: Carbon a to the Pryor Mountains.			
Penstemon flavescens Yellow Beardtongue	Plantaginaceae Plantain Family	G3	53			3	Rocky slopes (Open, montane)
		State Rank Reason relatively common	n: Restricted in Montan or widely scattrered in	Counties: Mineral, Missoula, Ravalli a to the Bitterroot Range primarily ir n areas of suitable habitat, though de , distribution and any potential threa	etailed information on th		
Penstemon grandiflorus	Plantaginaceae	G5?	S1			4	Sandy soils
Large Flowered Beardtongue	Plantain Family		<b>ces verified in these C</b> <b>n:</b> Rare in Montana, wh	ounties: Custer ere it is known from only a few sites	on the plains of eastern	Montana.	
Penstemon humilis Low Beardtongue	Plantaginaceae Plantain Family	G5	S1S3			4	Sagebrush steppe (Montane)
Lott Doul deoliguo					and Clark Lincoln Mad	lison Meagher Missou	Le Davis Deviall Devialli
		State Rank Reason	<b>ces verified in these C</b> n: Known in Montana fr	om 1 collection from Beaverhead Col		ison, meagner, missou	la, Park, Powell, Kavalli
Penstemon lemhiensis Lemhi Beardtongue	Plantaginaceae Plantain Family	State Rank Reason G3	n: Known in Montana fr S3	om 1 collection from Beaverhead Cou Sensitive - Known o Forests (BD, BRT)	n SENSITIVE	2	
Penstemon lemhiensis		State Rank Reason G3 Species Occurren State Rank Reason in Beaverhead and moderate in size. mix of federal, sta negative impacts a Additional impacts	Known in Montana fr      S3      ces verified in these C     r: Penstemon lemhiens     Ravalli Counties with     The number of plants i     ate and private ownersi     associated with drough     s to populations are occ     s the species. Several c	om 1 collection from Beaverhead Cou Sensitive - Known o	Inty SENSITIVE avalli, Silver Bow Inly in southwest Montan in Deer Lodge and Silver tely 10,000 individual plu tring the majority of the h of which are believed primarily spotted knapwe	2 a and adjacent Idaho. Flow Counties in Mon ants based on recent s occurrences. The spe to have played a signi ed in the Bitterroot re	Sagebrush-grasslands There are numerous occurrenc tana, but most are small to urvey efforts. Plants occur on a cies is primarily sensitive to ficant role in the species' declir egion. Heavy livestock grazing a
Penstemon lemhiensis		State Rank Reason G3 Species Occurren State Rank Reason in Beaverhead and moderate in size. mix of federal, sta negative impacts Additional impacts negatively impacts	Known in Montana fr      S3      ces verified in these C     r: Penstemon lemhiens     Ravalli Counties with     The number of plants i     ate and private ownersi     associated with drough     s to populations are occ     s the species. Several c	om 1 collection from Beaverhead Col Sensitive - Known or Forests (BD, BRT) Counties: Beaverhead, Deer Lodge, R is is a regional endemic that occurs of a few additional occurrences located n Montana is estimated at approxima pis with National Forest lands suppo conditions and fire suppression, bot curring from noxious weed invasion, p	Inty SENSITIVE avalli, Silver Bow Inly in southwest Montan in Deer Lodge and Silver tely 10,000 individual pla tring the majority of the h of which are believed primarily spotted knapwe adsides and thus may be	2 a and adjacent Idaho. Flow Counties in Mon ants based on recent s occurrences. The spe to have played a signi ed in the Bitterroot re	Sagebrush-grasslands There are numerous occurrenc tana, but most are small to urvey efforts. Plants occur on a cies is primarily sensitive to ficant role in the species' decliv egion. Heavy livestock grazing a
Penstemon lemhiensis Lemhi Beardtongue Penstemon payettensis	Plantain Family Plantaginaceae	State Rank Reason G3 Species Occurren State Rank Reason in Beaverhead anc moderate in size. mix of federal, sta negative impacts a Additional impacts negatively impact construction, mair G4 Species Occurren State Rank Reason Spotted knapweed	Known in Montana fr S3 Ces verified in these C     Perstemon lemhiens d Ravalli Counties with The number of plants i tate and private ownersl associated with drough s to populations are occ s the species. Several c thenance and use. S1 Ces verified in these C n: Known in Montana fr	om 1 collection from Beaverhead Col Sensitive - Known or Forests (BD, BRT) Counties: Beaverhead, Deer Lodge, R is is a regional endemic that occurs of a few additional occurrences located in Montana is estimated at approxima nips with National Forest lands suppo conditions and fire suppression, bot curring from noxious weed invasion, p occurrences are found adjacent to roa Sensitive - Known or	Inty SENSITIVE avalli, Silver Bow Inly in southwest Montan in Deer Lodge and Silver lely 10,000 individual pla ting the majority of the h of which are believed inimarily spotted knapwe adsides and thus may be n Dese proximity on the Bitte	2 a and adjacent Idaho. r Bow Counties in Mon ants based on recent so occurrences. The spe- to have played a signi ed in the Bitterroot re impacted by activities 1 erroot National Forest	Sagebrush-grasslands There are numerous occurrence tana, but most are small to urvey efforts. Plants occur on a cies is primarily sensitive to ficant role in the species' declin gion. Heavy livestock grazing a s associated with road Slopes (Open, Montane

			State Rank Reaso	n: Whipple's beard	Itongue occurs at 1	verhead, Gallatin, Madiso the edge of its range in Mo bitat that is relatively unt	ntana, and is known he	ere from just two colled	ctions, only one of which is
Petasites frigidus var. frigidus Arctic Sweet Coltsfoot		Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G5T5	52		Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)		2	Wetland/Riparian
				nces verified in the on: Rare in Montana			ge. Known from a few v	widely scattered sites i	n the northwest corner of the
Phacelia incana		Hydrophyllaceae	G3G4	S3				3	Rocky slopes (foothills)
Hoary Phacelia		Waterleaf Family	State Rank Reaso Beaverhead Coun		occurs in Idaho, N estimate the size	levada, Utah, Colorado an			oximately ten occurrences in ries greatly with climate. Habit
Phacelia thermalis		Hydrophyllaceae	G3G4	S1S3				4	Barren clay slopes
Hot Spring Phacelia		Waterleaf Family	State Rank Reaso (northern Californ which is widespre	n: Hot spring phac ia to southwesterr ad in the type of h	elia is known from n Idaho). The spec	ies is an annual and may b spring phacelia has been f	tes in northeastern Mo e vulnerable to compe	tition from invasive exe	Inct from its primary range btics, particularly sweet clover,
Phlox kelseyi var. missoulensis Missoula Phlox	Phlox missoulensis	Polemoniaceae Phlox Family	G3	53		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (LOLO) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		1	Slopes/ridges (Open, foothills to subalpine)
				n: Missoula phlox i s occur on a mix of eeds and heavy re	is a state endemic ownerships, inclu creational trail use	known from over 2 dozen ding private lands which h	occurrences in west-ce ost several occurrence	ntral Montana, most of s. The Waterworks Hill	ner, Missoula, Powell, Teton f which are moderate to large- population is infested with be at much less risk though some
Physaria brassicoides		Brassicaceae	G5	S3				3	Breaklands/badlands
Double Bladderpod		Mustards	State Rank Reaso populations. Popu minimal at this ti	n: Double bladder Ilations occur on a	pod is endemic to mix of federal, sta v steep, sparsely-ve		orthern Great Plains, ar s. Impacts to the specie	id is known in Montana es from livestock grazir	only from a handful of 19 and invasive weeds are 19 served at one location and it m
Physaria carinata Keeled Bladderpod	Lesquerella carinata, Lesquerella carinata var.	Brassicaceae Mustards	G3G4TNR	S1S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD)	SENSITIVE	1	Grassland slopes (low- elevation)
	languida, Lesquerella paysonii [misapplied in MT], Physaria carinata ssp. carinata		State Rank Reaso Beaverhead Coun they were first do weed is now a do	ties. Population nu ocumented in the 1	<i>ta</i> is restricted to imbers appear to h 1980's and early 19 ost of the keeled b	areas of calcareous limest nave declined significantly 90's. During this time peri	in at least several of t od, spotted knapweed o	he occurrences in the densities have increase	grasslands of Granite and Garnet Mountains from the time Id in the area and the noxious vigor and survivorship of keeled
Physaria didymocarpa var. lanata		Brassicaceae Mustards	G5T2	S2S3				4	Grasslands/Shrublands (Open, plains)
Woolly Twinpod			State Rank Reaso exists. Both BLM a		wn occurrences in re important to th	Montana, including two po e viability of the species i			unsurveyed potential habitat methane, and invasive weeds
Physaria douglasii Douglas Bladderpod	Lesquerella douglasii	Brassicaceae Mustards	G5	S1				1	Woodlands (Sandy soils, low-elevation)
			State Rank Reaso		e population in no				ion from ORV use, recreation ar ng.

Physaria humilis Bitterroot Bladderpod	Lesquerella humilis	Brassicaceae Mustards	G2	S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT)		2	Alpine
			State Rank Reaso	on: Montana enden		ery small area of the Bitt			urrences. All occurrences are in nilis plants or its habitat.
<b>Physaria klausii</b> Divide Bladderpod	Lesquerella klausii	Brassicaceae Mustards	G3	\$3				3	Slopes (Open, Montane/subalpine)
			State Rank Reaso	on: State endemic of the Rocky Mour	restricted to central		rity of populations occu		Aountains and extending north to bes that are not usually subject to
Physaria lesicii Lesica's Bladderpod	Lesquerella lesicii	Brassicaceae Mustards	G2	S2			SENSITIVE	1	Woodlands/Grasslands (Montane)
			State Rank Reason known population	on: Lesica's bladde ns are on federal la		Wontana, where it is rest largely on steep terrain			n the eastern Pryor Mountains. A ampling and terracing through its
Physaria ludoviciana	Lesquerella ludoviciana	Brassicaceae	G5	S2S3				4	Sandy sites
Silver Bladderpod		Mustards	State Rank Reaso	on: Rare in Montan	a. Primarily a plains	er, Fallon, Fergus, Garfie species which barely en be minimal at this time.			ley o sandy sites. Locally common at
Physaria pachyphylla		Brassicaceae	G2G3	S2S3			SENSITIVE	2	Rocky slopes (foothills)
Thick-leaf Bladderpod		Mustards		nces verified in th on: See rank detail	ese Counties: Carbo s.	n			
Physaria pulchella Beautiful Bladderpod	Lesquerella pulchella, Physaria carinata ssp.	Brassicaceae Mustards	G3G4T3	\$3		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD)	SENSITIVE	3	Open slopes (Calcaeous soils, foothills to alpine)
Physaria saximontana	pulchella	Brassicaceae	State Rank Reaso				Montana - and is known	only from a few loca	tions, where it is restricted to Gravelly slopes/talus
<b>var. dentata</b> Rocky Mountain Twinpod		Mustards	Pondera, Powell,	Sweet Grass, Teto	n	erhead, Carbon, Choutea counties across central a			(Montane/subalpine) s and Clark, Madison, Park,
Pinguicula macroceras	Pinguicula vulgaris var.	Lentibulariaceae	G4	S3	1			3	1
California Butterwort	macroceras	Bladderworts	Species Occurren State Rank Reaso populations are n potential for imp	nces verified in the pn: In Montana Ping tot that common, a acts where plants	nd many have small occur near trails and	s found only in Glacier N numbers. Information o	n about half of the known observed by some bot	nough plants are rela wn locations was colle	tively protected in GNP, ected prior to 1970. There is a ow fruit set. Currently data on
Plagiobothrys leptocladus		Boraginaceae Borage Family	G4	S2S3				3	Wetland/Riparian (low- elevation)
Slender-branched Popcorn-flower			State Rank Reasons to the known ocu	on: Rare in Montan	a, where it is knowr ed to more precisely		ered sites in the state.		opulation levels, trends and threa ockponds, etc it is likely that
Pleiacanthus spinosus	Stephanomeria spinosa,	Asteraceae	G4	S2S3			SENSITIVE	2	Grasslands (low-elevation
Spiny Skeletonweed	Lygodesmia spinosa	Aster/Sunflowers	State Rank Reaso Valley. Currently	<b>on:</b> <i>Pleiacanthus sp</i> , there are only a f	<i>inosus</i> occurs in Mo ew extant occurren		n edge of its range, whe	ea. No specific threat	rom grasslands in the Madison is have been reported. Trend data
Potentilla brevifolia		Rosaceae	G4	S2S3				3	Alpine
Short-leaved Cinquefoil		Rose Family	State Rank Reaso	on: Rare in Montan		ntly only from a few colle			, high-elevation habitat should pulation levels are lacking.

Potentilla hyparctica	Potentilla nana, Potentilla		G5	S2				3	Alpine
Low Arctic Cinquefoil	flabellifolia var. emarginata	Rose Family	State Rank Reas		a, where it is c				ote, high-elevation habitat should pulation levels are lacking.
Potentilla nivea var. pentaphylla	Potentilla quinquefolia	Rosaceae Rose Family	G5T4	S3		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD)		4	Alpine
Five-leaf Cinquefoil				on: Rare in Montar		Flathead, Glacier, Lincoln, Mad ral large populations are known		is, as well as the speci	es' habitat, are not being
Potentilla plattensis Platte Cinquefoil		Rosaceae Rose Family	G4	S3				4	Grasslands/Sagebrush (Mesic)
						Beaverhead, Carbon, Judith Bas nown from several collections,		averhead County.	
<b>Primula alcalina</b> Alkali Primrose		Primulaceae Primrose Family	G2	S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD)	SENSITIVE	1	Wetland/Riparian
			State Rank Reas recently docume by F. Rose has no	on: Primula alcalir nted population in	a is a regional Beaverhead Co The extant loca	ation is actively grazed and the	t lands. Another pop	ulation documented b	y a historical collection from 192
Primula incana Mealy Primrose		Primulaceae Primrose Family	G5	53		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD) Sensitive - Historically known, not recently documented on Forests (CG)		2	Wetland/Riparian
			most known popu and private land Cattle grazing m activities that al	<b>on:</b> <i>Primula incand</i> ulations are small, s, including severa ay have some nega	and the status l locations man tive effects on of the wetlands		ain. Ownership of the ervation values. How effects of herbivory	e occupied areas is va vever, unprotected pr v and trampling. The s	ried and includes federal, state vate lands host many occurrence becies is also vulnerable to
Prunus pumila		Rosaceae	G5	S1S3				2	Sandy or rocky soils (Plain
Sand Cherry		Rose Family	State Rank Reas		n extant locatio				uction and maintenance activities
Psilocarphus brevissimus		Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G4	S2S3		Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT)		3	Wetland/Riparian
Dwarf woolly-heads			State Rank Reas	on: Limited data c	ombined with t	Cascade, Lincoln, Petroleum, P ne posibility that several report n of the species' status difficult.	ed observations from		nis-identified with other
Pyrrocoma carthamoides var.	Haplopappus carthamoides var. subsquarrosus	Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G4G5T3	S3		Sensitive - Known on Forests (CG)	SENSITIVE	3	Sagebrush-Grassland
<b>subsquarrosa</b> Beartooth Large-flowered Goldenweed			State Rank Reas Mountains and ad		large-flowered yoming. Althou	goldenweed is a local endemic			tains and the foothills of the Pryce ee cover due to fire suppression
Quercus macrocarpa		Fagaceae	G5	S2				2	Shale ridges
Bur Oak		Beech / Oaks	State Rank Reas	e mining is active	e extreme wes	tern edge of its range in Montar			airly large, occurrence in Carter been documented due to a lack o
Ranunculus		Ranunculaceae	G5	S3				3	Grasslands (Moist, Montane
cardiophyllus Heart-leaved Buttercup		Buttercup Family	Species Occurre State Rank Reas			Chouteau, Glacier, Sweet Grass	, Toole		

Ranunculus grayi	Ranunculus karelinii,	Ranunculaceae	G4G5	S3				3	Alpine
Arctic Buttercup	Ranunculus verecundus, Ranunculus gelidus	Buttercup Family				oon, Deer Lodge, Flathead h was formerly tracked as			
Ranunculus orthorhynchus		Ranunculaceae Buttercup Family	G5	S1S2				2	Wetland/Riparian (Montane)
Straightbeak Buttercup			State Rank Reaso	n: Rare in Montan	a, where is is know	r Lodge, Flathead, Glacie n from the western portio ditional data are need to	on of the state based up	oon several specimen c	ollections. However, only one
Ranunculus pedatifidus Northern Buttercup	;	Ranunculaceae Buttercup Family	G5	53		Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		3	Meadows/Woodlands (Montane to Alpine)
						oon, Flathead, Glacier, Li he state from several col			precisely determine the species
<b>Ribes laxiflorum</b> Trailing Black Currant		Grossulariaceae Currants / Gooseberries	G5	S2?				4	Shrublands (Rocky, montane)
				<b>n:</b> Rare in Montan	ese Counties: Linc a, where it is know		from Lincoln County. T	The documented popula	ation does not appear to be at
<b>Ribes triste</b> Swamp Red Currant		Grossulariaceae Currants / Gooseberries	G5	S2?				4	Forest openings (Mesic, montane/subalpine)
						verhead, Deer Lodge, Gra		on of the state. Additio	nal data are needed.
Rorippa calycina		Brassicaceae	G3	SH				4	Wetland/Riparian
Persistent-sepal Yellow- cress		Mustards		n: Rorippa calycin	a is a regional ende	Horn, Custer, Mccone, Ro emic currently known onl			last observed in Montana more
	Lythraceae	G5	S1S2				4	Wetland/Riparian	
Toothcup		Loosestrife Family	State Rank Reaso	n: Rare in Montan	a, where it is know	e, Missoula, Ravalli n from approximately a h ırrences, as well as popul	alf-dozen wetland sites ation trends, need to b	in the valley bottoms e evaluated.	in the western portion of the
Rubus arcticus	Rubus acaulis, Rubus	Rosaceae	G5	S2				3	
Nagoonberry	arcticus ssp. acaulis	Rose Family	State Rank Reaso	<b>n:</b> Rubus acaulis n	nay be rare or comm	/erhead, Flathead, Glacie non where its habitat is p often limited in Montana	resent. However, its ha	abitat (hummocks in Sp	hagnum-moss dominated fens,
Sagina nivalis		Caryophyllaceae	G5	S2S3				3	Alpine
Arctic Pearlwort		Pink Family	State Rank Reaso	n: Rare in Montan	a, where it is know				igh-elevation habitat should ulation levels are lacking.
Salix barrattiana Barratt's Willow		Salicaceae Willows / Poplar	G5	S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (CG)		3	Alpine
			State Rank Reaso	n: Rare in Montan	a. Known from two	oon, Glacier, Madison disjunct sites, one in Gla ninimize the potential fo			lateau. Populations are small,
	1	Salicaceae	G5	S2				3	Alpine
Salix cascadensis Cascade Willow		Willows / Poplar		n: Rare in Montan	a. Species is known	in Montana only from a s			te, high-elevation habitat shou ulation levels are lacking.
Cascade Willow		Willows / Poplar	State Rank Reaso	n: Rare in Montan	a. Species is known	in Montana only from a s			
Salix cascadensis Cascade Willow Salix serissima Autumn Willow			State Rank Reaso greatly minimize f G5 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso	n: Rare in Montan the potential for a S3 Inces verified in th n: This willow is p servation value. Th	a. Species is known ny negative impact ese Counties: Case rimarily found in M	in Montana only from a site to the viability of the site to the viability of the site ade, Glacier, Meagher, Poontana along the Rocky M	ondera, Teton lountain Front. Approxi	aurate estimates of pop	

			knapweed is knowr	: Rare in Montar n from at least oi	a, where it is know ne of the population	n only from the very southe			terroot National Forest. Spotted likely without control measures.
Satureja douglasii	Clinopodium douglasii	Lamiaceae	G5	S3				3	Forest (Moist, montane)
Yerba Buena		Mints		Rare in Montar	a, where it is know			primarily a coastal sp	ecies, disjunct in western Montan
Saussurea nuda	Saussurea nuda var.	Asteraceae	G4	S2S3				3	Alpine
Dwarf Saw-wort	densa, Saussurea densa	Aster/Sunflowers	State Rank Reason	Known from a	nandfull of small oc	head, Lewis and Clark, Pon ccurrences along the Rocky uncertainty in the species'	Mountain Front, prim	narily in the Bob Marsl	hall Wilderness Complex. Limited
Saussurea weberi Weber's Saw-wort		Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G3	S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD)		3	Alpine
			State Rank Reason	: Known from or ntial for any nega	e large occurrence ative impacts to the				elevation habitat should greatly ingle, documented occurrence var
Saxifraga hirculus		Saxifragaceae	G5	S1S2				3	Alpine
Yellow Marsh Saxifrage		Saxifrage Family	Species Occurrence State Rank Reason alpine habitat in w	: Known from or	e small population		/ilderness. Though lit human disturbance.	tle data are available	e for the species in Montana, the
Senecio amplectens	Ligularia amplectens	Asteraceae	G4	S1S2				4	Alpine
Clasping Groundsel		Aster/Sunflowers	Species Occurrence State Rank Reason needed to evaluate	: In Montana, on	ly known from the I		eau. Additional data	on population size, tr	rends and potential threats are
Senecio elmeri		Asteraceae	G4	S2				3	Alpine
Elmer's Ragwort		Aster/Sunflowers		Rare in the sta	te. Known from onl			ins. Its location in a d	esignated wilderness and its high-
Senecio eremophilus		Asteraceae	G5	S1S2				3	Wetland/Riparian
Desert Groundsel		Aster/Sunflowers	Species Occurrence State Rank Reason information is need	: Known from at	least 5 occurrence	Horn, Blaine, Flathead, Gla s, including two historical c ections indicate.	cier, Hill, Lake, Linco collections. Little dat	oln, Phillips a are available for th	is species in Montana. More
Senecio hydrophilus		Asteraceae	G5	S3				3	
Alkali-marsh Ragwort		Aster/Sunflowers		: Senecio hydrop	hilus is present in a	verhead, Broadwater, Galla alkaline habitats within a p		Nontana. Plants are no	ot that common, and occur in low-
Senecio integerrimus		Asteraceae	G5T2T3	S2S3				3	
var. scribneri Scribner's Ragwort		Aster/Sunflowers		es verified in th	ese Counties: Cart	oon, Custer, Fergus, Golden	Valley, Hill, Liberty	Musselshell, Park, Pl	nillips, Rosebud, Valley, Wheatland
Scholer S haghore			Yellowstone State Rank Reason	: See rank detai	s.				
<b>Shoshonea pulvinata</b> Shoshonea		Apiaceae Parsley/Carrot Family	G3	S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (CG)	SENSITIVE	3	Rock Outcrops
			Species Occurrence State Rank Reason federal lands.				stern slope of the Bea	artooth Plateau. Occu	rrences are located mostly on
Sidalcea oregana	Sidalcea organa ssp.	Malvaceae	G5	S2S3				1	Grasslands (low-elevation
Oregon Checker-mallow	oregana	Mallow Family	and both locations	: Known from tw have a large con	o widely separate s ponent of weedy s	sites in Gallatin and Lake co pecies. However, S. oregan	a appears capable of	tolerating at least so	are susceptible to weed invasion ome competition from these weedy impacted by highway construction
Silene spaldingii	Spalding's Campion	Caryophyllaceae	G2	S2	LT			1	Grasslands (Intermountain
Spalding's Catchfly		Pink Family							

			State Rank Reaso Tobacco Plains are individuals, thoug upon 2011 data. C Invasive weeds ar subdivision are di affecting several exclusion and the Populations are al between populati Long- and short-te	n: Silene spaldingi ea, Lost Trail Natio h 3 sites are each One historical occu e the most widesp rectly impacting pi populations and tw successive build-ulso at risk due to th ons.	if exists in only a fe onal Wildlife Refug known to contain d rrence exists from read threat and ar opulations in the T wo other occurrenc up of litter compar ne small numbers of icult to gauge due	ye, the Niarada area and over 1,000 individuals and the Columbia Falls area, e negatively impacting the iobacco Plains and has the es have apparently been ed to historical conditions of individuals and their ison	vest corner of the state on Wild Horse Island. The I the total population si Several threats affect t e bunchgrass habitat oc e potential to further iss extirpated recently fror appears to be having r plated nature, which reconstruction monitoring data. Estim	e majority of occurrence ze in Montana is likely 21 he long-term viability of cupied by S. <i>spaldingii</i> . olate known occurrences n the severe impacts ass legative impacts on surv duces the chances of cro	0,000+ mature plants based the species in the state. Housing development and in the area. Cattle grazing is iociated with llama grazing. Fire
Solidago ptarmicoides	Oligoneuron album, Aster	Asteraceae	G5	S2S3				3	Grasslands (Plains)
Prairie Goldenrod	ptarmicoides	Aster/Sunflowers				ter, Richland, Wibaux en documented from only	a few locations on the	eastern plains.	
Sphaeromeria argentea Chicken-sage	Tanacetum nuttallii, Artemisia macarthurii	Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G3G4	S3			SENSITIVE	3	Sagebrush steppe (low- elevation)
			State Rank Reaso well as southwest	Wyoming and adja on estimates are d	<i>rgentea</i> occurs in e acent Colorado. Th	east-central Idaho and ad	ocations south of Dillon	; many populations are s	ct populations in Nevada as sparse but spread over large
Stellaria crassifolia		Caryophyllaceae	G5	S2				3	Wetland/Riparian
Fleshy Stitchwort		Pink Family				verhead, Glacier, Granite n from a few sparsely dist		re mostly poorly docume	ented.
Sullivantia hapemanii		Saxifragaceae	G3	S2S3				3	Rock/Talus
Wyoming Sullivantia		Saxifrage Family	State Rank Reaso		antia is regional er	· ·		ered locations. It grows ir	n small, fragile aquatic habitats
Symphyotrichum molle		Asteraceae	G3	S1S3				4	NA
Soft Aster		Aster/Sunflowers					Though its exact status	s is uncertain, its rarity v	warrants its inclusion as a
Synthyris canbyi	Veronica canbyi	Plantaginaceae	G2G3	S2S3				3	Alpine
Mission Mountain kittentails		Plantain Family	State Rank Reaso	n: State endemic v	with 10 occurrence		tion, open, rocky slopes		n Ranges. As such, habitat is not exist across the known range of
Tetradymia spinosa		Asteraceae	G5	S2S3				4	
Short-spine Horsebrush		Aster/Sunflowers	State Rank Reaso major floras for M observation data i with few informat small and widely s produced, germin	n: Tetradymia spin lontana (Rydberg 1 is more than 25 ye tional details. Base scattered. In gener ation is poor, and	nosa occurs in Mon 900, Booth 1966, E ars old. In Beaverh ed on available info ral, seedlings of Te establishment rate	Dorn 1984, Lesica et al. 20 lead County its presence i	e of its distribution. Sinu 12); yet, herbarium spe s documented by a sing s in a common habitat t een observed as rare, pa ). Surveys that bring for	ecimens are relatively fe de 1888 herbarium speci ype (sagebrush steppe) v artially due to durations	
Thalictrum alpinum Alpine Meadowrue		Ranunculaceae Buttercup Family	G5	S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (CG)		2	Wetland/Riparian
			State Rank Reaso	n: Rare in Montana	a, where it is know	verhead, Deer Lodge, Gra n from approximately two leads to stream downcut	o dozen sites mostly on		s vulnerable to hydrological

Thelypodium	Thelypodium sagittatum	Brassicaceae	G2	SH				3	Wetland/Riparian
Northwestern Thelypody	var. crassicarpum	Mustards				verhead, Gallatin, Madiso on in Beaverhead County,		also reports it for Madi	son County.
Thelypodium sagittatum Slender Thelypody		Brassicaceae Mustards	G4	S2				3	Alkaline meadows (Valley: and Montane)
						verhead, Gallatin, Madiso s in extreme southwester			
Tonestus aberrans Idaho Goldenweed	Haplopappus aberrans, Triniteurybia aberrans,	Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G3	S1S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT)		2	Rock/Talus
	Eurybia aberrans		State Rank Reaso One population of	on: Known from tw ccurs adjacent to	a road, where const	ccurrences and two small	ed the population. No	negative impacts to th	rest and adjacent private land. e populations are currently know
Townsendia condensata		Asteraceae	G4	S1S3				3	Alpine
Cushion Townsend-daisy		Aster/Sunflowers	State Rank Reaso	on: Cushion towns	endia is known in M	verhead, Flathead, Glacie ontana from one presume ks are likely minimal give	d extant occurrence in		and three other historical
Townsendia florifer	Townsendia florifera	Asteraceae	G5	S2				3	Grasslands and Sagebrush
Showy Townsend-daisy		Aster/Sunflowers				verhead, Park, Sweet Gra v, small occurrences in th		of the state.	
Trifolium cyathiferum		Fabaceae	G4	S3				4	
Cup Clover		Pea Family	State Rank Reaso	nces verified in the second se		oula, Ravalli vo counties with limited i	nformation on populati	ion size. One occurren	ce was re-visited in 1998 and
Trifolium eriocephalum Woolly-head Clover		Fabaceae Pea Family	G5	S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (BD, LOLO)		2	Open areas (foothills and montane)
			State Rank Reason the habitat occup	on: Known from ei bied by the specie		es on the Bitterroot Nation and related road-building a			ed knapweed, are a problem in ions. However, <i>Trifolium</i>
Trifolium gymnocarpon Hollyleaf Clover		Fabaceae Pea Family	G5	S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT, LOLO) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (BD)		2	Open areas (foothills and montane)
			State Rank Reaso Montana from one in some of the ha	on: Known from m e disjunct occurre	nce in the Rock Cre the species. Howev	West Fork Bitterroot Rive ek drainage on the Lolo N	lational Forest. Invasive	e weeds, particularly s	e metapopulation. Also known in potted knapweed, are a problem able of tolerating or even
Trifolium		Fabaceae	G5	S3				2	
microcephalum Woolly Clover		Pea Family		nces verified in th	ese Counties: Miss	oula, Ravalli			
Triodanis leptocarpa	Specularia leptocarpa	Campanulaceae	G5?	S3				3	
Slim-pod Venus'-looking- glass		Bellflower Family	Sweet Grass, Vall State Rank Reaso dominated rocky Approximately 14	ey on: Triodanis lepto slopes, and sageb locations were do	carpa is common in rush-dominated gras	the southern Great Plain sslands. It has been found	is and extends into eas I in grazed and ungraze Montana. Approximate	tern and central Monta ed lands and appears to	wder River, Rosebud, Stillwater, ana. It occurs in grasslands, grass- o tolerate some disturbance. locumented since 1974 and mostly
Utricularia intermedia Flatleaf Bladderwort		Lentibulariaceae Bladderworts	G5	S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT)		3	Fens (Aquatic)
		שומעוכו איטו גג				head, Glacier, Lake, Linco es in the western half of t		Powell	

Utricularia ochroleuca		Lentibulariaceae	G4G5	S1						
Northern Bladderwort		Bladderworts	Species Occurrer	nces verified in th	ese Counties: Dee	r Lodge, Glacier			L. L	
Vaccinium myrtilloides		Ericaceae	G5	S2				2	Forests	
Velvetleaf Huckleberry		Heath Family	State Rank Reaso		Aontana from seve				and associated habitat has been	
Viburnum lentago		Caprifoliaceae	G5	S2S3				2	Riparian forest	
Nannyberry		Honeysuckle Family		nces verified in th n: Three known oc		Horn, Richland, Roosevelt ern Montana.				
Viguiera multiflora	Heliomeris multiflora	Asteraceae	G4G5	S2S3				3	Aspen woodlands	
Many-flowered Viguiera		Aster/Sunflowers				verhead, Carbon, Cascade e in Beaverhead County a		tions from Beaverhea	ad, Gallatin and Madison Counties.	
	Larkspur-violet	Violaceae	G5	S1				3		
Prairie Violet		Violets	State Rank Reaso Canada and the U and McGregor et a	nited States (U.S.) al. [eds.] 1986). Its	was first docume and in portions of presence is known	nted in 2009 from southea the southwest and midwe	st U.S., it had been 'repere populations are sma	oorted' for Montana si Il and widely separat	stribution in the Great Plains of ince 1966 (Booth 1966; Dorn 1984; :ed. Additional surveys and	
Viola selkirkii Great-spurred Violet		Violaceae Violets	G5	S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT)		3	Wetland/Riparian	
							st corner of the state.	Additional survey data	a are needed to document	
Waldsteinia idahoensis Idaho Barren Strawberry	Geum idahoense	Rosaceae Rose Family	G3	S2S3		Sensitive - Known on Forests (LOLO)		3	Forests (Ponderosa Pine)	
			Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Mineral, Missoula State Rank Reason: Only one known site in Montana on National Forest land. Population is in an area susceptible to impacts from timber harvesting and road maintenance, though population appears to be stable or perhaps increasing in size.							

SCIENTIFIC NAME COMMON NAME TAXA SORT	OTHER NAMES	FAMILY (SCIENTIFIC) FAMILY (COMMON)	GLOBAL RANK	STATE RANK	USFWS	USFS	BLM	MNPS THREAT CATEGORY	HABITAT
Acorus americanus	Acorus calamus	Acoraceae	G5	S1S2				2	Wetland/Riparian
Sweetflag	[misapplied name]	Sweetflag/Calamus Family	State Rank Reaso	<b>n:</b> This species occ	curs at the edge of		ere it has been collecte		he vicinity of Flathead Lake ns and devolopment in the
<b>Allium acuminatum</b> Tapertip Onion		Liliaceae Lilies	G5	S2S3		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD, BRT, LOLO)		3	Dry Forest-Grassland
			State Rank Reaso	n: Rare in Montana	a, where it is known	oln, Madison, Ravalli, San n from several widely sca e, though invasive weeds	ttered sites in the west		end data are lacking. Threats
Allium columbianum		Liliaceae	G3	S1				2	Open, mesic sites
Columbia Onion		Lilies	State Rank Reaso	n: Known from one		nas Prairie. Part of this o			arly all suitable habitat in the ulation. Survey and monitorir
Allium geyeri var.		Liliaceae	G4G5T4	S3				3	
<b>geyeri</b> Geyer's Onion		Lilies			ese Counties: Flath riety of Allium geye	nead eri appears to be found ir	limited numbers with a	a limited distribution in I	Aontana.

Liliaceae         Lilies         lifolia       Orchidaceae         Orchids         lensis       Cyperaceae         Sedges	State Rank Reaso of individuals and the density and s G4 Species Occurrent State Rank Reaso data are limited f G5 Species Occurrent State Rank Reaso corner of the stat the species, as w G4 Species Occurrent State Rank Reaso alkaline, seasona	m: Known from soul cover extensive and pread of both invasion S2? more verified in the m: Rare in Montana for the species in M S3 S3 S3 more verified in the m: In Montana, this e. Several dozen or ell as trend data ar S2 mores verified in the m: Amphiscirpus ne lly wet places. Plar	ese Counties: Beaverhea tithwest Montana, primari treas. However, many of ti sive weeds are tikely, fur ese Counties: Flathead, a, where it is known from Aontana. Sens Fi Cor ese Counties: Flathead, s species is restricted to to ccurrences are known in re lacking. ese Counties: Jefferson, evadensis is known from ints may be locally commonits mate in the sense to counter the sense ese Counties: Jefferson, evadensis is known from ints may be locally commonits the sense to counter the sense to counter	ily on the Bitterroot National the sites are also infested wit ther degrading the habitat oc Gallatin, Lincoln, Ravalli n only a few locations in the s sitive - Known on orests (KOOT) Sensitive - Suspected on orests (LOLO) Species of Conservation ncern on Forests (FLAT, HLC) Glacier, Lake, Lewis and Clar the Rocky Mountain Front, Bo Montana with many being lar Lincoln, Madison, Park, Sheri four counties in western Moni	h spotted knapweed and/or che cupied by Allium parvum.	Swan Valley and the northwest er, information on threats faced by Muddy shores of alkaline ponds and fens.
Lilies lifolia Orchidaceae Orchids lensis Cyperaceae	Species Occurren State Rank Reasc data are limited f G5 Species Occurren State Rank Reasc corner of the stat the species, as w G4 Species Occurren State Rank Reasc alkaline, seasona	S3 S3 S3 S3 S3 S3 S3 S3 S3 S3 S3 S3 S3 S	a, where it is known from Antana.  Sens Fi G F G Cor ese Counties: Flathead, s species is restricted to to ccurrences are known in re lacking.  ese Counties: Jefferson, evadensis is known from ints may be locally common	n only a few locations in the s sitive - Known on orests (KOOT) Sensitive - Suspected on orests (LOLO) Species of Conservation ncern on Forests (FLAT, HLC) Glacier, Lake, Lewis and Clar the Rocky Mountain Front, Bo Montana with many being lar Lincoln, Madison, Park, Sheri four counties in western Moni	outhwest portion of the state ne 3 k, Lincoln, Pondera, Powell, Tet b Marshall Wilderness Complex, ge, healthy populations. However dan, Wibaux tana and two counties in eastern	ear the Idaho border. Available survey Wetland/Riparian  on Swan Valley and the northwest er, information on threats faced by Muddy shores of alkaline ponds and fens.  n Montana. Plants grow only in
lifolia Orchidaceae Orchids lensis Cyperaceae	State Rank Reasc data are limited 1 G5 Species Occurren State Rank Reasc corner of the stat the species, as w G4 Species Occurren State Rank Reasc alkaline, seasona	S3     S3	a, where it is known from Antana.  Sens Fi G F G Cor ese Counties: Flathead, s species is restricted to to ccurrences are known in re lacking.  ese Counties: Jefferson, evadensis is known from ints may be locally common	n only a few locations in the s sitive - Known on orests (KOOT) Sensitive - Suspected on orests (LOLO) Species of Conservation ncern on Forests (FLAT, HLC) Glacier, Lake, Lewis and Clar the Rocky Mountain Front, Bo Montana with many being lar Lincoln, Madison, Park, Sheri four counties in western Moni	3 k, Lincoln, Pondera, Powell, Tet b Marshall Wilderness Complex, ge, healthy populations. Howeve dan, Wibaux tana and two counties in eastern	Wetland/Riparian Wetland/Riparian
Orchids lensis Cyperaceae	Species Occurren State Rank Reasc corner of the stat the species, as w G4 Species Occurren State Rank Reasc alkaline, seasona	nces verified in the nr. In Montana, this e. Several dozen or ell as trend data ar S2 nces verified in the nr. Amphiscirpus ne lly wet places. Plar	ese Counties: Flathead, s species is restricted to o foccurrences are known in re lacking. ese Counties: Jefferson, evadensis is known from in nts may be locally common	Corests (KOOT) Sensitive - Suspected on corests (LOLO) Species of Conservation neern on Forests (FLAT, HLC) Glacier, Lake, Lewis and Clar the Rocky Mountain Front, Bo Montana with many being lar Lincoln, Madison, Park, Sheri four counties in western Moni	k, Lincoln, Pondera, Powell, Tet b Marshall Wilderness Complex, ge, healthy populations. Howeve dan, Wibaux tana and two counties in eastern	ton Swan Valley and the northwest er, information on threats faced by Muddy shores of alkaline ponds and fens.
	State Rank Reaso corner of the stat the species, as w G4 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso alkaline, seasona	n: In Montana, this e. Several dozen or ell as trend data ar S2 nces verified in the n: Amphiscirpus ne lly wet places. Plar	s species is restricted to accurrences are known in re lacking. ese Counties: Jefferson, evadensis is known from nts may be locally commo	the Rocky Mountain Front, Bo Montana with many being lar Lincoln, Madison, Park, Sheri four counties in western Monf	b Marshall Wilderness Complex, ge, healthy populations. Howeve dan, Wibaux tana and two counties in eastern	Swan Valley and the northwest er, information on threats faced by Muddy shores of alkaline ponds and fens.
	Species Occurren State Rank Reaso alkaline, seasona	nces verified in the on: Amphiscirpus ne Illy wet places. Plar	evadensis is known from the second se	four counties in western Mont	ana and two counties in eastern	Montana. Plants grow only in
	State Rank Reaso alkaline, seasona	<b>n:</b> Amphiscirpus ne lly wet places. Plar	evadensis is known from the second se	four counties in western Mont	tana and two counties in eastern	
	along with better		isturbances, specific thre rences is greatly needed.	eats have not been identified.	9	es, threats, and habitat requirements
tilis, Cyperaceae	G5	S1			4	
us fluviatilis Sedges					nd in very few populations withi	in three counties of Montana.
Poaceae	G3	S3			3	Montane Forest
Grasses					lly rare. Restricted in Montana t	to the extreme western portion of the
uttallii var. Liliaceae	G5	S2			2	Grasslands (Intermountain)
Lilies	State Rank Reaso and east Idaho. Ir population was re particularly by Br	n: Globally, <i>Caloch</i> Montana it has be e-discovered in 2018 omus tectorum whi	hortus bruneaunis only or een documented from a si 8. Populations are found ich colonizes naturally op	ccurs in southeast Oregon to e mall number of widely scatte in a restricted portion of ava pen ground. Surveys and moni	red locations in southern Beaver ilable habitat. At some sites, ha itoring that bring forth current d	head County. Of these the 1941 bitat is threatened by exotic plants,
Cyperaceae Sedges	G4	53			3	Wetland
	State Rank Reaso elevations in the several wetlands	n: Carex amplifolio mountains (FNA 20	<i>a</i> occurs in temperate we 002). The previous SH ran	estern North America where i k in Montana was based on a	1978 herbarium specimen. In rec	cent years it has been collected from
	Ittallii var. Liliaceae Lilies	Poaceae       G3         Grasses       G3         Species Occurrer       State Rank Reasc         state.       G5         Liliaceae       G5         Lilies       Species Occurrer         State Rank Reasc       and east Idaho. Ir         population was re       particularly by Br         distributions, three       G4         Species Occurrer       State Rank Reasc         State Rank Reasc       and east Idaho. Ir         population was re       particularly by Br         distributions, three       G4	Poaceae Grasses       G3       S3         Ittallii var.       Liliaceae Lilies       G5       S2         Species Occurrences verified in th State Rank Reason: A species of lim state.       G5       S2         Species Occurrences verified in th State Rank Reason: Globally, Caloc and east Idaho. In Montana it has be population was re-discovered in 201 particularly by Bromus tectorum wh distributions, threats, habitat needs         Cyperaceae Sedges       G4       S3	Poaceae Grasses       G3       S3         Liliaceae Lilies       G5       S2         Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Beaverhea State Rank Reason: Globally, Calchortus bruneaunis only o and east Idaho. In Montana it has been documented from a s population was re-discovered in 2018. Populations are found particularly by Bromus tectorum which colonizes naturally o distributions, threats, habitat needs, ecology, livestock man State Rank Reason: Carex amplifolia occurs in temperate we elevations in the mountains (FNA 2002). The previous SH ran several wetlands in Sanders and Flathead Counties. Addition	State Rank Reason: S1 SOC: Accurate identifications of Bolboschoenus fluviatilis are fou         Gasses       G3       S3         Grasses       Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Mineral, Missoula, Ravalli, Sanders State Rank Reason: A species of limited distribution and currently considered to be globa state.         Ittallii var.       Liliaceae       G5       S2         Lilies       Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Beaverhead         State Rank Reason: Globally, Calochortus bruneaunis only occurs in southeast Oregon to e and east Idaho. In Montana it has been documented from a small number of widely scatte population was re-discovered in 2018. Populations are found in a restricted portion of ava particularly by Bromus tectorum which colonizes naturally open ground. Surveys and moni distributions, threats, habitat needs, ecology, livestock management, and fire ecology are Sedges         Cyperaceae       G4       S3       Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT)         Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Flathead, Sanders state Rank Reason: Carex amplifolia occurs in temperate western North America where it elevations in the mountains (FNA 2002). The previous SH rank in Montana was based on a several wetlands in Sanders and Flathead Counties. Additional wetland surveys are needed	State Rank Reason: S1 SOC: Accurate identifications of Bolboshchoenus fluviatilis are found in very few populations within the set of

Carex chordorrhiza Creeping Sedge		Cyperaceae Sedges	G5	53		Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (LOLO) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)		3	Wetland/Riparian
			State Rank Reaso	n: Rare in Montana	, where it is known	ead, Lincoln, Powell from fens and wet mea ons are susceptible to h		corner of the state. Gen	erally does not appear to be
Carex comosa		Cyperaceae	G5	S1S2				1	Wetland/Riparian
Bristly Sedge		Sedges		n: Only one known	ese Counties: Flath location in Montan		ad Lake. Occurrence is	threatened by erosion c	aused by wave action and
Carex crawei		Cyperaceae	G5	S2S3				3	Wetland/Riparian
Crawe's Sedge		Sedges	State Rank Reaso	<b>n:</b> Rare in Montana	, where it is known	ade, Pondera, Powell, Pr from several areas. A fe ic changes are a potenti	ew sites contain modera	ate to large populations.	Trend data are lacking for the
Carex glacialis		Cyperaceae	G5	S3				3	
Alpine Sedge		Sedges	State Rank Reaso Montana. It grows	n: Carex glacialis o	occurs throughout C eld habitats within	ead, Lewis and Clark, Po anada, and has recently the alpine. Populations	been discovered in the		occurs at 4 locations in to explore potential habitat,
Carex gravida Heavy Sedge		Cyperaceae Sedges	G5	S3		Sensitive - Known on Forests (CG)		2	Wetland/Riparian
			State Rank Reaso However, it is like	n: Carex gravida has ely that the species nay be particularly	as been found at a t is more abundant f	than the current data sh	ations in eastern Monta ows. Habitats include n	na, and is not generally noist, green ash woodlar	abundant where it occurs. ds, which are attractive to Ilso quite vulnerable to invasion
Carex idahoa Idaho Sedge	Carex parryana ssp. idahoa	Cyperaceae Sedges	G3	53		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD)	SENSITIVE	2	Wetland/Riparian
			State Rank Reaso lands. The estima palatable, and po	n: Idaho sedge is a ted number of ster pulations may be a	regional endemic k ns is in the tens of t ffected by heavy gr		n sites in Montana whic upied habitat has been ompetition from exotic	h cluster into approx 15 estimated at less than 2 species, hydrologic alter	-20 populations, most on public 00 acres. The species is ations, agricultural
Carex incurviformis	Carex maritima var.	Cyperaceae	G4G5	S2?				3	Wetland/Riparian
Coastal Sand Sedge	incurviformis	Sedges	State Rank Reaso	n: Five known occu	urrences in Montana	Lodge, Glacier, Madison a, three are in Wildernes e species. All occurrence	s areas or Glacier Natio		opulations are apparenly small ject to human impacts.
Carex lacustris Lake-bank Sedge		Cyperaceae Sedges	G5	S1S2		Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)		3	Fens and marshes
					ese Counties: Lake, Montana, known o	Missoula nly from a few occurren	ces from Lake County.		
Carex occidentalis		Cyperaceae	G4	S1				4	Dry, montane to alpine
Western Sedge		Sedges	State Rank Reaso which specimens present and the 1	<b>n:</b> <i>Carex occidenta</i> found at sites in 20 984 report needs to	18 and 1996 have b b be verified. Threa	orthern edge of its range been verified. The 1895	specimen is imprecisely ied and this species ca	mapped in Silver Bow (	known from four locations of iounty and may no longer be Surveys that bring forth current
Carex petricosa		Cyperaceae	G4	S1S2				3	Alpine
Rock Sedge		Sedges	State Rank Reaso	<b>n:</b> Rare in Montana				k. Very little data are av	ailable for the species in

Carex plectocarpa	Carex lenticularis var.	Cyperaceae	G3	S3		2	Alpine
Goose-grass Sedge	dolia	Sedges	State Rank Reaso	on: Known in Montana prin	<b>unties:</b> Flathead, Glacier, Park narily from Glacier National Park and from o the potential for negative impacts to the sp		e plants in the Logan Pass area ar
Carex prairea Prairie Sedge		Cyperaceae Sedges	G5	S3	Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT)	3	Fens
Prairie seuge		Seages	State Rank Reaso		unties: Flathead, Lewis and Clark, Lincoln e it is currently known from a small area in	the northwest corner of the state. Th	ne potential for negative impacts
<b>arex rostrata</b> Glaucus Beaked Sedge		Cyperaceae Sedges	G5	S2S3	Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT, LOLO)	3	Fens
			State Rank Reaso		unties: Carbon, Flathead, Gallatin, Lincoln, n Montana, not to be confused with the mor as.		ad been mistakenly treated under
Carex scoparia		Cyperaceae	G5	S1S2		4	Wetland/Riparian (Valley
Pointed Broom Sedge		Sedges			unties: Beaverhead, Big Horn, Madison, Miss e it is currently known from only a few sites		er drainages.
Carex stenoptila		Cyperaceae	G3	S2S3		3	Grasslands (Montane)
Small-winged Sedge		Sedges	State Rank Reaso	on: A globally rare species	unties: Carbon, Gallatin, Madison, Mineral, F , which is known from several widely scatter specimen collections with sparse informatio	red locations in Montana. Very little	
Carex stevenii Steven's Scandinavian	Carex norvegica ssp. stevenii	Cyperaceae Sedges	G5T4?	S2?		3	Wetland/Riparian (Subalpine)
Sedge					unties: Beaverhead, Deer Lodge, Stillwater e it is currently known from a few scattered	l sites in mountainous areas across th	e southern half of the state.
					eded. Survey of suitable habitats will likely	document additional occurrences.	
Carex sychnocephala Many-headed Sedge		Cyperaceae Sedges	Additional data o G5	n population levels are ne S1S2	eded. Survey of suitable habitats will likely unties: Cascade, Flathead, Garfield, Glacier	2	Wetland/Riparian
Many-headed Sedge		Sedges	Additional data o G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso Falls and two loca The remaining po vulnerable to dev	n population levels are ne S1S2 neces verified in these Co on: Currently known in the ations in northwest Monta pulations are on the Blac relopment and hydrologic	unties: Cascade, Flathead, Garfield, Glacier e state from three occurrences that are belie na now believed to be extirpated or severly feet Indian Reservation and a Nature Conse	2 -, Lake, Lincoln, Sheridan eved to be extant. Also, known from impacted as a result of wetland drai rvancy Preserve. Due to the habitats	one 1891 collection near Great ning and construction of a dock. in which the species grows, it is
Many-headed Sedge		Sedges Cyperaceae	Additional data o G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso Falls and two loca The remaining po	n population levels are ne S1S2 nces verified in these Co on: Currently known in the ations in northwest Monta opulations are on the Blac	unties: Cascade, Flathead, Garfield, Glacier e state from three occurrences that are belie na now believed to be extirpated or severly feet Indian Reservation and a Nature Conse	2 , Lake, Lincoln, Sheridan eved to be extant. Also, known from impacted as a result of wetland drai	one 1891 collection near Great ning and construction of a dock.
		Sedges	Additional data o G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso Falls and two loca The remaining po vulnerable to dev G5 Species Occurrer	n population levels are ne S1S2 neces verified in these Co on: Currently known in the ations in northwest Monta opulations are on the Blac velopment and hydrologic S2 neces verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when	unties: Cascade, Flathead, Garfield, Glacier state from three occurrences that are beli na now believed to be extirpated or severly feet Indian Reservation and a Nature Conse alterations.	2 -, Lake, Lincoln, Sheridan eved to be extant. Also, known from impacted as a result of wetland drai rvancy Preserve. Due to the habitats 3	one 1891 collection near Great ning and construction of a dock. in which the species grows, it is Fens
Many-headed Sedge Carex tenuiflora Thin-flowered Sedge Carex vaginata		Sedges Cyperaceae	Additional data o G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso Falls and two loca The remaining po vulnerable to dev G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso	n population levels are ne S1S2 neces verified in these Co on: Currently known in the ations in northwest Monta opulations are on the Blac velopment and hydrologic S2 neces verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when	unties: Cascade, Flathead, Garfield, Glacier e state from three occurrences that are belie na now believed to be extirpated or severly cfeet Indian Reservation and a Nature Conse alterations.	2 -, Lake, Lincoln, Sheridan eved to be extant. Also, known from impacted as a result of wetland drai rvancy Preserve. Due to the habitats 3	one 1891 collection near Great ning and construction of a dock. in which the species grows, it is Fens
Many-headed Sedge Carex tenuiflora Thin-flowered Sedge Carex vaginata		Sedges Cyperaceae Sedges Cyperaceae	Additional data o G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso Falls and two loca The remaining po vulnerable to dev G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso occurrence are m G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso	n population levels are ne S152 nees verified in these Co on: Currently known in the ations in northwest Monta ations in northwest Monta and hydrologic S2 nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when inimal. S2? nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when	unties: Cascade, Flathead, Garfield, Glacier e state from three occurrences that are belie na now believed to be extirpated or severly feet Indian Reservation and a Nature Conse alterations. unties: Flathead re it is currently known from only one site in Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT)	2 ; Lake, Lincoln, Sheridan eved to be extant. Also, known from impacted as a result of wetland drai ervancy Preserve. Due to the habitats 3 Glacier National Park. The potential 3	one 1891 collection near Great ning and construction of a dock. in which the species grows, it is Fens for negative impacts to the Wetland/Riparian
Many-headed Sedge Carex tenuiflora Thin-flowered Sedge Carex vaginata Sheathed Sedge		Sedges Cyperaceae Sedges Cyperaceae	Additional data o G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso Falls and two loca The remaining po vulnerable to dev G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso occurrence are m G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso	n population levels are ne S152 nees verified in these Co on: Currently known in the ations in northwest Monta ations in northwest Monta and hydrologic S2 nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when inimal. S2? nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when	unties: Cascade, Flathead, Garfield, Glacier e state from three occurrences that are belie na now believed to be extirpated or severly feet Indian Reservation and a Nature Conse alterations. unties: Flathead e it is currently known from only one site in Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT) unties: Lincoln e it is currently known from one area in the	2 ; Lake, Lincoln, Sheridan eved to be extant. Also, known from impacted as a result of wetland drai ervancy Preserve. Due to the habitats 3 Glacier National Park. The potential 3	one 1891 collection near Great ning and construction of a dock. in which the species grows, it is Fens for negative impacts to the Wetland/Riparian
Many-headed Sedge Carex tenuiflora Thin-flowered Sedge Carex vaginata Sheathed Sedge Cyperus acuminatus		Sedges         Cyperaceae         Sedges         Cyperaceae         Sedges         Cyperaceae         Sedges	Additional data o G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso Falls and two loca The remaining po- vulnerable to dev G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso occurrence are m G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso species' range. Ad G5 Species Occurrer	n population levels are ne S152 neces verified in these Co on: Currently known in the ations in northwest Monta ations in northwest Monta appulations are on the Blac velopment and hydrologic S2 neces verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when inimal. S2? neces verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when iditional data on populati S1 neces verified in these Co	unties: Cascade, Flathead, Garfield, Glacier e state from three occurrences that are belie na now believed to be extirpated or severly feet Indian Reservation and a Nature Conse alterations. unties: Flathead re it is currently known from only one site in Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT) unties: Lincoln re it is currently known from one area in the on levels and trends are needed.	2       r, Lake, Lincoln, Sheridan       eved to be extant. Also, known from       impacted as a result of wetland drain       arvancy Preserve. Due to the habitats       3       Glacier National Park. The potential       3       northwest corner of the state, which       3	one 1891 collection near Great ning and construction of a dock. in which the species grows, it is Fens for negative impacts to the Wetland/Riparian n is at the southern edge of the Wetland/Riparian
Many-headed Sedge Carex tenuiflora Thin-flowered Sedge Carex vaginata Sheathed Sedge Cyperus acuminatus Short-pointed Flatsedge	Cyperus rivularis	Sedges         Cyperaceae         Sedges         Cyperaceae         Sedges         Cyperaceae         Sedges         Cyperaceae         Sedges         Cyperaceae         Sedges	Additional data o G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso Falls and two loca The remaining po- vulnerable to dev G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso occurrence are m G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso species' range. Ad G5 Species Occurrer	n population levels are ne S152 neces verified in these Co on: Currently known in the ations in northwest Monta ations in northwest Monta appulations are on the Blac velopment and hydrologic S2 neces verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when inimal. S2? neces verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when iditional data on populati S1 neces verified in these Co	unties: Cascade, Flathead, Garfield, Glacier e state from three occurrences that are belie na now believed to be extirpated or severly (feet Indian Reservation and a Nature Conse alterations. unties: Flathead re it is currently known from only one site in Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT) unties: Lincoln e it is currently known from one area in the on levels and trends are needed. unties: Missoula, Sanders	2       r, Lake, Lincoln, Sheridan       eved to be extant. Also, known from       impacted as a result of wetland drain       arvancy Preserve. Due to the habitats       3       Glacier National Park. The potential       3       northwest corner of the state, which       3	one 1891 collection near Great ning and construction of a dock. in which the species grows, it is Fens for negative impacts to the Wetland/Riparian n is at the southern edge of the Wetland/Riparian
Many-headed Sedge Carex tenuiflora Thin-flowered Sedge Carex vaginata Sheathed Sedge Cyperus acuminatus Short-pointed Flatsedge Cyperus bipartitus	Cyperus rivularis	Sedges         Cyperaceae         Sedges         Cyperaceae         Sedges         Cyperaceae         Sedges         Cyperaceae         Sedges	Additional data o G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso Falls and two loca The remaining po- vulnerable to dev G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso occurrence are m G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso species' range. Ad G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso Species Occurrer	n population levels are ne S152 neces verified in these Co con: Currently known in the ations in northwest Monta ations in northwest Monta ations are on the Blac velopment and hydrologic S2 neces verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when inimal. S2? neces verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when iditional data on populati S1 neces verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S1 neces verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S1 neces verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S1	unties: Cascade, Flathead, Garfield, Glacier e state from three occurrences that are belie na now believed to be extirpated or severly feet Indian Reservation and a Nature Conse alterations. unties: Flathead re it is currently known from only one site in Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT) unties: Lincoln re it is currently known from one area in the on levels and trends are needed. unties: Missoula, Sanders re it is currently known from only 2 collectio	2       , Lake, Lincoln, Sheridan       eved to be extant. Also, known from       impacted as a result of wetland drain       invancy Preserve. Due to the habitats       3       Glacier National Park. The potential       3       northwest corner of the state, which       3       ins in the western portion of the state       3	one 1891 collection near Great ning and construction of a dock. in which the species grows, it is Fens for negative impacts to the Wetland/Riparian n is at the southern edge of the Wetland/Riparian
Many-headed Sedge Carex tenuiflora Thin-flowered Sedge Carex vaginata Sheathed Sedge Cyperus acuminatus Short-pointed Flatsedge Cyperus bipartitus Shining Flatsedge Cyperus erythrorhizos	Cyperus rivularis	Sedges         Cyperaceae         Sedges	Additional data o G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso Falls and two loca The remaining po- vulnerable to dev G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso occurrence are m G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso species' range. Ad G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso Species Occurrer	n population levels are ne S152 neces verified in these Co con: Currently known in the ations in northwest Monta ations in northwest Monta ations are on the Blac velopment and hydrologic S2 neces verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when inimal. S2? neces verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when iditional data on populati S1 neces verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S1 neces verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S1 neces verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S1	unties: Cascade, Flathead, Garfield, Glacier state from three occurrences that are beli na now believed to be extirpated or severly feet Indian Reservation and a Nature Conse alterations.  unties: Flathead re it is currently known from only one site in  Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT) unties: Lincoln re it is currently known from one area in the on levels and trends are needed.  unties: Missoula, Sanders re it is currently known from only 2 collectio unties: Missoula, Ravalli	2       , Lake, Lincoln, Sheridan       eved to be extant. Also, known from       impacted as a result of wetland drain       invancy Preserve. Due to the habitats       3       Glacier National Park. The potential       3       northwest corner of the state, which       3       ins in the western portion of the state       3	one 1891 collection near Great ning and construction of a dock. in which the species grows, it is Fens for negative impacts to the Wetland/Riparian n is at the southern edge of the Wetland/Riparian
Many-headed Sedge	Cyperus rivularis	Sedges         Cyperaceae         Sedges	Additional data o G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso Falls and two loca The remaining po vulnerable to dev G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso occurrence are m G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso species' range. Ad G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso	n population levels are ne S1S2 nees verified in these Co on: Currently known in the ations in northwest Monta ations in northwest Monta appulations are on the Blac velopment and hydrologic S2 nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when inimal. S2? nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when diditional data on populati S1 nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S1 nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S1 nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S1 nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S2 nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S2 nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S2 nees verified in these Co	unties: Cascade, Flathead, Garfield, Glacier state from three occurrences that are beli na now believed to be extirpated or severly feet Indian Reservation and a Nature Conse alterations.  unties: Flathead re it is currently known from only one site in  Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT) unties: Lincoln re it is currently known from one area in the on levels and trends are needed.  unties: Missoula, Sanders re it is currently known from only 2 collectio unties: Missoula, Ravalli	2       r, Lake, Lincoln, Sheridan       eved to be extant. Also, known from       impacted as a result of wetland drain       invancy Preserve. Due to the habitats       3       Glacier National Park. The potential       3       northwest corner of the state, which       3       in the western portion of the state       3       oot Valley.       3	one 1891 collection near Great ning and construction of a dock. in which the species grows, it is Fens for negative impacts to the Wetland/Riparian n is at the southern edge of the Wetland/Riparian e. Wetland/Riparian e. Wetland/Riparian
Many-headed Sedge Carex tenuiflora Thin-flowered Sedge Carex vaginata Sheathed Sedge Cyperus acuminatus Short-pointed Flatsedge Cyperus bipartitus Shining Flatsedge Cyperus erythrorhizos	Cyperus rivularis         Schweinitz Flatsedge	Sedges         Cyperaceae         Sedges	Additional data o G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso Falls and two loca The remaining po vulnerable to dev G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso occurrence are m G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso species' range. Ad G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso	n population levels are ne S1S2 nees verified in these Co on: Currently known in the ations in northwest Monta ations in northwest Monta appulations are on the Blac velopment and hydrologic S2 nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when inimal. S2? nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when diditional data on populati S1 nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S1 nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S1 nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S1 nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S2 nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S2 nees verified in these Co on: Rare in Montana, when S2 nees verified in these Co		2       r, Lake, Lincoln, Sheridan       eved to be extant. Also, known from       impacted as a result of wetland drain       invancy Preserve. Due to the habitats       3       Glacier National Park. The potential       3       northwest corner of the state, which       3       in the western portion of the state       3       oot Valley.       3	one 1891 collection near Great ning and construction of a dock. in which the species grows, it is Fens for negative impacts to the Wetland/Riparian n is at the southern edge of the Wetland/Riparian e. Wetland/Riparian e. Wetland/Riparian

Cypripedium fasciculatum Clustered Lady's-slipper		Orchidaceae Orchids	G4	53	Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT, LOLO) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)	2	Forests (Montane)
			Species Occurrer	nces verified in these C	ounties: Lake, Mineral, Missoula, Sanders	·	· ·
			State Rank Reaso populations, 3 his	n: Clustered lady's-slipp	er is known for Montana from the northwest many additional small occurrences. Most pop		
Cypripedium passerinum Sparrow's-egg Lady's- slipper		Orchidaceae Orchids	G5	5253	Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (LOLO) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT, HLC)	2	Forests (Mesic bottoms)
			State Rank Reason historical location	n: Sparrow's-egg lady's-s	ounties: Flathead, Glacier, Lake, Lewis and ( lipper is known from over a dozen moderate nces are either in designated wilderness are	to large-sized populations, a few doze	n small occurrences and one
Dichanthelium	Panicum acuminatum,	Poaceae	G5	S2S3		2	
acuminatum	Dichanthelium	Grasses			ounties: Beaverhead, Big Horn, Carbon, Deer		
Acuminatum Panic Grass	Ianuginosum, Panicum Ianuginosum, Panicum occidentale		State Rank Reaso polymorphic and contributes to tax Dichanthelium ac and northwest Mo its narrow habitat	n: Dichanthelium acum 10 major subspecies hav conomic difficulties (Fre uminatum susp. sericeu ntana, where it can be requirements, potentia	ountes: Beavernead, Big Horn, Carbon, Deer natum is common and ubiquitous in most of i e been described, but many overlap in chara ckmann and Lelong in FNA 2007). However, o n colonizes wet soils around the edges of hot ocally common. Observation data is aging, au l threats from ground disturbance and recrea is, threats, and how it responds to natural an	the U.S. and Canada (Freckmann and L acteristics and widespread introgression only subspecies sericeum has been docc t springs. It occurs widely scattered thr nd some re-visits to known populations ation, and lack of current data a Specie	n from other <i>Dichanthium</i> species umented in Montana. rough south-central, southwest, did not re-locate the grass. Give es of Concern rank is warranted.
Panic Grass Dichanthelium	Ianuginosum, Panicum Ianuginosum, Panicum occidentale Panicum oligosanthes var.	Poaceae	State Rank Reaso polymorphic and contributes to tax Dichanthelium ac and northwest Mo its narrow habitat	n: Dichanthelium acum 10 major subspecies hav conomic difficulties (Fre uminatum susp. sericeu ntana, where it can be requirements, potentia	natum is common and ubiquitous in most of the been described, but many overlap in charackmann and Lelong in FNA 2007). However, on the colonizes wet soils around the edges of hot occally common. Observation data is aging, and threats from ground disturbance and recrea	the U.S. and Canada (Freckmann and L acteristics and widespread introgression only subspecies sericeum has been docc t springs. It occurs widely scattered thr nd some re-visits to known populations ation, and lack of current data a Specie	n from other Dichanthium species umented in Montana. 'ough south-central, southwest, did not re-locate the grass. Give es of Concern rank is warranted. eeded. Mesic, sandy woodlands
Panic Grass Dichanthelium oligosanthes var.	Ianuginosum, Panicum Ianuginosum, Panicum occidentale		State Rank Reaso polymorphic and contributes to tax Dichanthelium act and northwest Mo its narrow habitat Current data on lo G5T5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso large-sized popula eastern Montana	n: Dichanthelium acumi 10 major subspecies hav conomic difficulties (Fre uminatum susp. sericeu intana, where it can be requirements, potentia ocations, population size <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b></b>	natum is common and ubiquitous in most of the been described, but many overlap in charackmann and Lelong in FNA 2007). However, on the colonizes wet soils around the edges of hot occally common. Observation data is aging, and threats from ground disturbance and recrea	the U.S. and Canada (Freckmann and L acteristics and widespread introgressior only subspecies sericeum has been docu t springs. It occurs widely scattered thr nd some re-visits to known populations ation, and lack of current data a Specie id manmade disturbances are greatly n 2 s dely separated sites in southeastern and occurrence is known only from a histor ie in the state lies adjacent to Highway	n from other Dichanthium species umented in Montana. ough south-central, southwest, did not re-locate the grass. Give as of Concern rank is warranted. eeded. Mesic, sandy woodlands (low-elevation) d northwestern Montana. Only on prical collection. Occurrences in
Panic Grass Dichanthelium oligosanthes var. scribnerianum Scribner's Panic Grass Eleocharis bella	lanuginosum, Panicum lanuginosum, Panicum occidentale Panicum oligosanthes var. scribnerianum, Panicum	Poaceae	State Rank Reaso polymorphic and contributes to tax Dichanthelium act and northwest Mo its narrow habitat Current data on lo G5T5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso large-sized popula eastern Montana	n: Dichanthelium acumi 10 major subspecies hav conomic difficulties (Fre uminatum susp. sericeu intana, where it can be requirements, potentia ocations, population size <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b>S1S2</b> <b></b>	natum is common and ubiquitous in most of f e been described, but many overlap in chara ckmann and Lelong in FNA 2007). However, o <i>n</i> colonizes wet soils around the edges of hot ocally common. Observation data is aging, au l threats from ground disturbance and recrea s, threats, and how it responds to natural an <b>ounties:</b> Carter, Lake, Powder River, Sanders is a plant of dry woodlands, known from wid te, two others are very small, and the fourth cted by cattle grazing. The largest occurrence	the U.S. and Canada (Freckmann and L acteristics and widespread introgressior only subspecies sericeum has been docu t springs. It occurs widely scattered thr nd some re-visits to known populations ation, and lack of current data a Specie id manmade disturbances are greatly n 2 s dely separated sites in southeastern and occurrence is known only from a histor ie in the state lies adjacent to Highway	n from other Dichanthium species umented in Montana. ough south-central, southwest, did not re-locate the grass. Give es of Concern rank is warranted. eeded. Mesic, sandy woodlands (low-elevation) d northwestern Montana. Only on prical collection. Occurrences in
Panic Grass Dichanthelium oligosanthes var. scribnerianum Scribner's Panic Grass	lanuginosum, Panicum lanuginosum, Panicum occidentale Panicum oligosanthes var. scribnerianum, Panicum scribnerianum	Poaceae Grasses	State Rank Reaso polymorphic and contributes to tax <i>Dichanthelium</i> acc and northwest Mo its narrow habitat Current data on lo G5T5 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso large-sized popula eastern Montana I associated with e G5 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso and another two lo 1996. Plants can l habitats are limit	n: Dichanthelium acumi 10 major subspecies hav conomic difficulties (Fre uminatum susp. sericeu natana, where it can be requirements, potentia ocations, population size S1S2 S1S2 Ceres verified in these Con m: Scribner's panic grass ation is known in the sta may be negatively impary pansion of the highway S1 S1 Ceres verified in these Con m: Eleocharis bella has locations need to be ver be overlooked, and some	natum is common and ubiquitous in most of f e been described, but many overlap in chara ckmann and Lelong in FNA 2007). However, o <i>n</i> colonizes wet soils around the edges of hot ocally common. Observation data is aging, and l threats from ground disturbance and recree is, threats, and how it responds to natural an <b>ounties:</b> Carter, Lake, Powder River, Sanders is a plant of dry woodlands, known from wid te, two others are very small, and the fourth ted by cattle grazing. The largest occurrenc is likely. Invasive weeds and forest encroach <b>ounties:</b> Flathead, Lake, Mineral, Missoula, R been found in most of the western United Sta fied. However, these five sites have not bee e populations were noted as being small, whi I to anthropogenic disturbances. Surveys to re	the U.S. and Canada (Freckmann and Lacteristics and widespread introgression only subspecies sericeum has been doct t springs. It occurs widely scattered thr nd some re-visits to known populations ation, and lack of current data a Specie and manmade disturbances are greatly n 2 s dely separated sites in southeastern and occurrence is known only from a histo er in the state lies adjacent to Highway hment are also problems at this site. Ravalli, Teton ates. In Montana <i>Eleocharis bella</i> has be or ne-visited from the time collections of could make them vulnerable to exti	n from other Dichanthium species umented in Montana. rough south-central, southwest, did not re-locate the grass. Give ses of Concern rank is warranted. eeded. Mesic, sandy woodlands (low-elevation) d northwestern Montana. Only on rical collection. Occurrences in 93 and negative impacts een confirmed at three locations, were first made from 1923 to rpation. In Montana wetland
Panic Grass Dichanthelium oligosanthes var. scribnerianum Scribner's Panic Grass Eleocharis bella	lanuginosum, Panicum lanuginosum, Panicum occidentale Panicum oligosanthes var. scribnerianum, Panicum scribnerianum	Poaceae Grasses Cyperaceae	State Rank Reaso polymorphic and contributes to tax <i>Dichanthelium</i> acc and northwest Mo its narrow habitat Current data on lo G5T5 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso large-sized popula eastern Montana I associated with e G5 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso and another two lo 1996. Plants can l habitats are limit	n: Dichanthelium acumi 10 major subspecies hav conomic difficulties (Fre uminatum susp. sericeu intana, where it can be requirements, potentia ocations, population size S1S2 S1S2 Cores verified in these Con in: Scribner's panic grass ation is known in the sta may be negatively impar xpansion of the highway S1 Cores verified in these Con in: Eleocharis bella has ocations need to be ver be overlooked, and some ed and can be subjected	natum is common and ubiquitous in most of f e been described, but many overlap in chara ckmann and Lelong in FNA 2007). However, o <i>n</i> colonizes wet soils around the edges of hot ocally common. Observation data is aging, and l threats from ground disturbance and recree is, threats, and how it responds to natural an <b>ounties:</b> Carter, Lake, Powder River, Sanders is a plant of dry woodlands, known from wid te, two others are very small, and the fourth ted by cattle grazing. The largest occurrenc is likely. Invasive weeds and forest encroach <b>ounties:</b> Flathead, Lake, Mineral, Missoula, R been found in most of the western United Sta fied. However, these five sites have not bee e populations were noted as being small, whi I to anthropogenic disturbances. Surveys to re	the U.S. and Canada (Freckmann and Lacteristics and widespread introgression only subspecies sericeum has been doct t springs. It occurs widely scattered thr nd some re-visits to known populations ation, and lack of current data a Specie and manmade disturbances are greatly n 2 s dely separated sites in southeastern and occurrence is known only from a histo er in the state lies adjacent to Highway hment are also problems at this site. Ravalli, Teton ates. In Montana <i>Eleocharis bella</i> has be or ne-visited from the time collections of could make them vulnerable to exti	n from other Dichanthium species umented in Montana. rough south-central, southwest, did not re-locate the grass. Give ses of Concern rank is warranted. eeded. Mesic, sandy woodlands (low-elevation) d northwestern Montana. Only on rical collection. Occurrences in 93 and negative impacts een confirmed at three locations, were first made from 1923 to rpation. In Montana wetland
Panic Grass Dichanthelium oligosanthes var. scribnerianum Scribner's Panic Grass Eleocharis bella Delicate Spikerush Eleocharis rostellata	lanuginosum, Panicum lanuginosum, Panicum occidentale Panicum oligosanthes var. scribnerianum, Panicum scribnerianum	Poaceae         Grasses         Cyperaceae         Sedges         Cyperaceae	State Rank Reaso polymorphic and contributes to tax Dichanthelium acc and northwest Mo its narrow habitat Current data on lo G5T5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso large-sized popula eastern Montana i associated with ei G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso and another two l 1996. Plants can l habitats are limit size, locations, ar G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso	m: Dichanthelium acumi 10 major subspecies have conomic difficulties (Fre uminatum susp. sericeu intana, where it can be requirements, potentia ocations, population size S1S2 mes verified in these C m: Scribner's panic grass ation is known in the sta may be negatively impary xpansion of the highway S1 nees verified in these C m: Eleocharis bella has ocations need to be ver be overlooked, and some ed and can be subjected d threats are greatly new S3 S3 mess verified in these C nass, Teton m: Known from over a d	natum is common and ubiquitous in most of f e been described, but many overlap in chara ckmann and Lelong in FNA 2007). However, o <i>n</i> colonizes wet soils around the edges of hot ocally common. Observation data is aging, at l threats from ground disturbance and recree is, threats, and how it responds to natural an <b>ounties:</b> Carter, Lake, Powder River, Sanders is a plant of dry woodlands, known from wid te, two others are very small, and the fourth ted by cattle grazing. The largest occurrenc is likely. Invasive weeds and forest encroach <b>ounties:</b> Flathead, Lake, Mineral, Missoula, R been found in most of the western United Sta field. However, these five sites have not bee e populations were noted as being small, whil I to anthropogenic disturbances. Surveys to re- reded. Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD, CG) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests	the U.S. and Canada (Freckmann and Lacteristics and widespread introgression) subspecies sericeum has been doct springs. It occurs widely scattered thr nd some re-visits to known populations ation, and lack of current data a Specie de manmade disturbances are greatly n 2 2 steps and the state lies adjacent to Highway hment are also problems at this site.	n from other Dichanthium species umented in Montana. orugh south-central, southwest, did not re-locate the grass. Give ess of Concern rank is warranted. eeeded. Mesic, sandy woodlands (low-elevation) d northwestern Montana. Only on rical collection. Occurrences in 93 and negative impacts een confirmed at three locations, were first made from 1923 to rpation. In Montana wetland e, and collect data on population Wetlands (Alkaline) Wetlands (Alkaline)

Poaceae       Grasses         ovatus       Poaceae         icoides       Poaceae         Grasses       Grasses         icoides       Poaceae         Grasses       Orchidaceae         Orchids       Orchids	State Rank Reas         requires early su         stabilization that         G5         Species Occurre         State Rank Reas         species witin Mo         G4G5         Species Occurre         State Rank Reas         species witin Mo         G4G5         Species Occurre         State Rank Reas         (Barkworth in Flc locations which a grass and bring f         G4	scessional sandy habitation and the set of t		the dunes. This habitat is at risk f ad grazing. 3 ton ts east of the Divide. Additional point from historical collections. 4 Wontana has only been documented ha Vascular Plants). This grass is k ay be overlooked in our state. Sur	wetland/Riparian (mesic openings /streambanks, low-elevation)
icoides Poaceae Grasses icoides Orchidaceae	State Rank Reas         requires early su         stabilization that         G5         Species Occurre         State Rank Reas         species witin Mo         G4G5         Species Occurre         State Rank Reas         species witin Mo         G4G5         Species Occurre         State Rank Reas         (Barkworth in Flc locations which a grass and bring f         G4	on: Sand wildrye occur ccessional sandy habits can result from suppre- S2 scenario servified in these on: Rare in Montana, w ntana. Population trend S3 nces verified in these on: Elymus triticoides or a of North America 20 are widely scattered. P orth information on loo	at the edge of its range in Montana, where it is knot ts, which are localized in sand deposition areas of t sssion of natural disturbance regimes such as fire an Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC) Counties: Cascade, Flathead, Glacier, Pondera, Tet here it is currently known from a few scattered site is are unknown and two occurrences are only known Counties: Flathead, Madison ccurs throughout the western United States but in M 07; revised draft treatment in the Manual of Montan ants can be confused with <i>Elymus smithii</i> and/or ma ations, population sizes, habitat conditions, and thro Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (BRT, CG, KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests	the dunes. This habitat is at risk f ad grazing. 3 ton is east of the Divide. Additional point from historical collections. 4 Wontana has only been documented ha Vascular Plants). This grass is k any be overlooked in our state. Sur eats is greatly needed.	irom dune succession and Wetland/Riparian (mesic openings /streambanks, low-elevation) opulation data are needed for the ed in four western counties snown from fewer than five rveys that accurately identify thi
icoides Poaceae Grasses Orchidaceae	Species Occurre State Rank Reas species witin Mo G4G5 Species Occurre State Rank Reas (Barkworth <i>in</i> Flu locations which <i>a</i> grass and bring f G4	nces verified in these on: Rare in Montana, w ntana. Population trend S3 nces verified in these on: Elymus triticoides on or of North America 20 are widely scattered. P orth information on loo	Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC) Counties: Cascade, Flathead, Glacier, Pondera, Tet here it is currently known from a few scattered site: is are unknown and two occurrences are only known Counties: Flathead, Madison ccurs throughout the western United States but in A 07; revised draft treatment in the <u>Manual of Montar</u> ants can be confused with <i>Elymus smithii</i> and/or ma ations, population sizes, habitat conditions, and thre Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD, LOLO) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (BRT, CG, KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests	ton es east of the Divide. Additional point from historical collections. 4 Wontana has only been documente na Vascular Plants). This grass is k ay be overlooked in our state. Sur eats is greatly needed.	openings /streambanks, low-elevation) opulation data are needed for th ed in four western counties snown from fewer than five rveys that accurately identify thi
Grasses Orchidaceae	State Rank Reas species witin Mo G4G5 Species Occurre State Rank Reas (Barkworth <i>in</i> Fle locations which <i>a</i> grass and bring f G4	on: Rare in Montana, w ntana. Population trend S3 Inces verified in these on: Elymus triticoides ( ora of North America 20 are widely scattered. P orth information on loo	here it is currently known from a few scattered site: s are unknown and two occurrences are only known Counties: Flathead, Madison ccurs throughout the western United States but in A 07; revised draft treatment in the <u>Manual of Montan</u> ants can be confused with <i>Elymus smithii</i> and/or ma ations, population sizes, habitat conditions, and thro Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD, LOLO) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (BRT, CG, KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests	es east of the Divide. Additional point from historical collections.	ed in four western counties snown from fewer than five rveys that accurately identify this
Grasses Orchidaceae	Species Occurre State Rank Reas (Barkworth <i>in</i> Flo locations which a grass and bring f G4	nces verified in these on: Elymus triticoides ora of North America 20 are widely scattered. P orth information on loc	ccurs throughout the western United States but in A D7; revised draft treatment in the <u>Manual of Montan</u> ants can be confused with <i>Elymus smithii</i> and/or ma ations, population sizes, habitat conditions, and thro Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD, LOLO) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (BRT, CG, KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests	Wontana has only been documente n <u>a Vascular Plants</u> ). This grass is k nay be overlooked in our state. Sur eats is greatly needed.	nown from fewer than five rveys that accurately identify this
Orchidaceae	State Rank Reas (Barkworth <i>in</i> Flo locations which a grass and bring f G4	on: Elymus triticoides of ora of North America 20 are widely scattered. P orth information on loc	ccurs throughout the western United States but in A D7; revised draft treatment in the <u>Manual of Montan</u> ants can be confused with <i>Elymus smithii</i> and/or ma ations, population sizes, habitat conditions, and thro Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD, LOLO) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (BRT, CG, KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests	na Vascular Plants). This grass is k ay be overlooked in our state. Sur eats is greatly needed.	nown from fewer than five rveys that accurately identify this
		S2S3	Forests (BD, LOLO) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (BRT, CG, KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests	2	Wetland/Riparian
	Spacios Oscurra				
	State Rank Reas thermal waters.	on: Known from severa Several sites are likely	Counties: Carbon, Flathead, Granite, Lake, Lewis an dozen occurrences across western and southern Mc extirpated, while others are known only from histori rimarily vulnerable to hydrologic changes and devel	ontana where it is associated with rical collections. National Forest, s	n seeps and springs, fens, and
Cyperaceae	G5	S2S3		3	Alpine
Sedges	State Rank Reas are needed. How	on: Rare in Montana, w vever, based on the loc	here it is has been documented only from the Beart ality and habitat of the known sites, the species doe		
Cyperaceae Sedges	G5	53	Sensitive - Known on Forests (CG, KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)	3	Fens
	State Rank Reas Populations occu	on: Known from a very Ir on a mix of federal, s	few large populations, several smaller populations a tate and private ownerships in northwest Montana a	and a half dozen historical or poor	rly documented locations.
ipara, Festuca Poaceae	G4G5	S2?		3	Alpine
	State Rank Reas	<b>on:</b> Rare in Montana, w	here it is only know from a few sites in Glacier Natio		e apparently very low. However,
	ipara, Festuca Poaceae	Cyperaceae       G5         Sedges       G5         Species Occurre       Species Occurre         State Rank Reas       Populations occurre         State Rank Reas       Populations occurre         State Rank Reas       G4G5         Grasses       Species Occurre         State Rank Reas       Species Occurre	Species Occurrences verified in these         State Rank Reason: Rare in Montana, wi are needed. However, based on the loca Additional occurrences likely exist on the         Cyperaceae         Sedges         G5       S3         Species Occurrences verified in these State Rank Reason: Known from a very Populations occur on a mix of federal, si activities that may alter the hydrology of Grasses         ipara, Festuca Grasses       Poaceae Grasses         Grasses       G4G5       S2?         Species Occurrences verified in these state Rank Reason: Known from a very Populations occur on a mix of federal, si activities that may alter the hydrology of Species Occurrences verified in these State Rank Reason: Rare in Montana, wi	State Rank Reason: Rare in Montana, where it is has been documented only from the Bearlar are needed. However, based on the locality and habitat of the known sites, the species doe Additional occurrences likely exist on the Beartooth Plateau.         Cyperaceae       G5       S3       Sensitive - Known on Forests (CG, KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)         Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Flathead, Gallatin, Lake, Lincoln, Madiso State Rank Reason: Known from a very few large populations, several smaller populations - Populations occur on a mix of federal, state and private ownerships in northwest Montana a activities that may alter the hydrology of occupied sites.         ripara, Festuca       Poaceae       G4G5       S2?         Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Flathead, Glacier State Rank Reason: Rare in Montana, where it is only know from a few sites in Glacier Nati	Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Labor         State Rank Reason: Rare in Montana, where it is has been documented only from the Beartooth Plateau. Additional populati are needed. However, based on the locality and habitat of the known sites, the species does not appear to be at a high degr Additional occurrences likely exist on the Beartooth Plateau.         Cyperaceae       G5       S3       Sensitive - Known on Forests (CG, KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)       3         Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Flathead, Gallatin, Lake, Lincoln, Madison, Missoula, Park, Powell, Ravalli State Rank Reason: Known from a very few large populations, several smaller populations and a half dozen historical or poo Populations occur on a mix of federal, state and private ownerships in northwest Montana at low to moderate elevations. Po activities that may alter the hydrology of occupied sites.       3

<b>Goodyera repens</b> Northern Rattlesnake- plantain		Orchidaceae Orchids	G5	\$3		Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (CG) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		2	Mesic Forest
			State Rank Reaso species occupies i harvesting and fir	n: A widespread sp moist, montane for re. Monitoring of th	ecies that is found ests with a mossy u e species in the Lit	understory. Occurrences ttle Belt Mountains have	Belt and Big Snowy Mou are vulnerable to distur documented negative ir	Intains and at one site ir bances that open or red npacts associated with b	n Glacier National Park. The uce the canopy such as timber woth disturbances. However, rs. Recent trends are unknown.
Heteranthera dubia		Pontederiaceae	G5	S1S2				3	Aquatic
Water Star-grass		Water-hyacinth Family	State Rank Reaso	n: Three occurrend	es known in Monta	/			ed size. One population is to changes in hydrology, water
Juncus acuminatus		Juncaceae	G5	S1				3	Wetland/Riparian
Tapered Rush		Rushes		nces verified in the n: Rare in Montana		oln, Teton e state from one wetlan	d site in Teton County.		
Juncus covillei		Juncaceae	G5	S2S3				3	Wetland/Riparian
Coville's Rush		Rushes		n: Rare and periph		nead, Mineral, Missoula, urrently known from app		widely scattered wetlar	nd/riparian sites in the
Juncus triglumis var.	Juncus albescens	Juncaceae	G5	S3				3	Alpine
albescens Three-flowered Rush		Rushes	State Rank Reaso	n: Rare in Montana	, where it is known	on, Flathead, Glacier, M n from a few, moist, alpi ivities appears to be min	ne sites in Glacier Natio	nal Park and the Absaro	ka-Beartooth Mountains. The
Kobresia sibirica	Kobresia macrocarpa	Cyperaceae	G5	S2				3	Alpine
Large-fruited Kobresia		Sedges		nces verified in the n: Rare in Montana		on e state from a small area	a of the Beartooth Plate	au.	
Kobresia simpliciuscula		Cyperaceae	G5	S3				3	Alpine
Simple Kobresia		Sedges	State Rank Reaso		, where it is known				a. The specieshas a wide
Lemna valdiviana		Lemnaceae	G5	S1					
Pale Duckweed		Duckweeds	State Rank Reaso National Park, Wy eastern U.S. state subjected to hum are greatly neede	n: Lemna valdivian roming. In the west es (Landolt <i>in</i> Flora an disturbance. The ed.	a is known from or ern U.S. plants are of North America 2	2000). Montana's lone ver	tered locations, and app ified population occurs	parently are more wides in a warm spring, which rent data on its presence	pread in the mid-western and is a rare habitat, that is e, population size, and viability
Lilaea scilloides Flowering Quillwort	Triglochin scilloides	Juncaginaceae Arrow-grass family	G5?	S1S2				4	Wetland/Riparian
nowening Quittion (		Arrow-grass rainity	State Rank Reaso Charlo and a 1965	collection about 1	na from a couple re .5 miles southwest	ecent collections and pre	Population sizes and tre	nds for the species are u	k about 2 miles southeast of inknown. However, addiditonal
Lilium columbianum		Liliaceae	G5	S2				4	
Columbia Lily		Lilies	State Rank Reaso species is vulnera		num is currently or n Montana because	nly known from Lincoln ( e its attractiveness, pote			ed in the 1970's and 1980's. This ative lilies have rarely survived
Lilium philadelphicum		Liliaceae	G5	S3				3	
Wood Lily		Lilies	State Rank Reaso Montana have not	n: Lilium philadelp been made since t nd habitat requiren	hicum has a patch he 1930's and 1940	y, but wide distribution i D's. This species is vulner	n Montana, and is often able to extirpation in M	found in specialized ha ontana because of its at	lwater, Sweet Grass, Teton bitats. Observations in eastern tractiveness, potential to be s, especially in the eastern

Liparis loeselii Loesel's Twayblade		Orchidaceae Orchids	G5	S2		Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)		3	Wetland/Riparian
							of the Swan Valley. Susc	ceptible to changes in h	rdrology. May also be susceptible
Muhlenbergia andina		Poaceae	G4	S2S3				2	
Foxtail Muhły		Grasses	State Rank Reaso soils. It can be for and/or specific m	on: <i>Muhlenbergia a</i> und along streams, nicro-habitat chara	<i>ndina</i> occurs widel in wet meadows a cteristics indicates	nd seeps, and around hot	d south-central Montan springs. The low numb g, or over-looked in flo	a. It grows in damp place or of collections in com	ison, Park, Sanders es, but often with well-drained bination with limited habitat ata on locations, population
Muhlenbergia		Poaceae	G5	S3				4	
<b>minutissima</b> Annual Muhly		Grasses	State Rank Reaso occur in northeas decades, but not	on: <i>Muhlenbergia n</i> t Montana, but spe re-located (Matt La	ninutissima is know cimens have not be avin personal comn	een located (Peterson in	ed from 1895 to 2015 in FNA 2003). A 1941 occu cupy disturbed areas, y	n central and western <i>N</i> rrence near Belgrade ha	ontana. It is also reported to Is been searched for in recent be persisting. Surveys that bring
Najas guadalupensis		Najadaceae	G5	S2S3				4	Aquatic
Guadalupe Water-nymph		Water-nymph Family	State Rank Reaso	on: Rare. Currently	documented from	er, Cascade, Flathead, La a few fresh water sites ir evels, trends and threats	the western and centr		Species is poorly documented
Phippsia algida		Poaceae	G5	S2S3				3	Alpine
Ice Grass		Grasses	State Rank Reaso		a, where it has bee				al surveys of suitable habitat and
Piperia elongata Dense-flower Rein Orchid	Habenaria elegans var. elata, Piperia elegans var.	Orchidaceae Orchids	G4	S1				4	
Poa laxa ssp. banffiana	elata	Poaceae	State Rank Reaso photographed spe	ecimens from Flath	e <i>ria elongata</i> is kno ead, Lake, and Mis	wn from a single 1957 he	the more recent obser	vations lack data on pop	and more recently from a few ulation size and extent, habitat
Banff Bluegrass		Grasses		nces verified in th	ese Counties: Glad	ier		<b>5</b>	Alpine
Potamogeton obtusifolius Blunt-leaved Pondweed		Potamogetonaceae Pondweeds	G5	53		Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (LOLO) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		3	Aquatic
			State Rank Reaso foothill locations	n: Known from ove in a variety of fede	er a dozen occurren eral, state, and priv	head, Glacier, Lake, Miss nces in northwest Montan	a. Several contain mod opulations are on lands	managed specifically for	lations and occur in valley and or their conservation value. Some
Puccinellia lemmonii		Poaceae	G4	S1S2				3	Wetland/Riparian
Lemmon's Alkaligrass		Grasses	State Rank Reaso	nces verified in the on: Very rare in Mo tibility and respons	ntana where it is k	nown only from Beaverhe	ad County on BLM and S	State Trust Lands. At lea	st one site is actively grazed,
Scheuchzeria palustris Pod Grass		Scheuchzeriaceae Pod-grasses	G5	S3		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD, KOOT, LOLO) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (BRT)		3	Wetland/Riparian

Selectore	Crimus between besture	6	State Rank Reaso collections, or fro Trust lands, privat of the occupied fe	n: Known in Monta m sites that need te and National Pa en and wetland ha	ana from several do additional surveys ark lands supporting	to document the populat	tinental Divide. Several ions. The majority of po	pulations are on Nation marily vulnerable to a	only from historical surveys or onal Forest lands with MT State ctivities that change the hydrolog
Schoenoplectus heterochaetus Slender Bulrush	Scirpus heterochaetus	Cyperaceae Sedges	State Rank Reaso	<b>n:</b> Information on		ng within montana where	e it is recorded from onl	y two poorly documen	Wetland/Riparian
Schoenoplectus subterminalis Water Bulrush	Scirpus subterminalis	Cyperaceae Sedges	G5	S3	ionservation status r	Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT, LOLO) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		3	Wetland/Riparian
			State Rank Reaso	<b>n:</b> Over a dozen k are potentially v	nown occurrences i		of which are moderate		tions primarily on National Forest ed with development, agriculture
Scolochloa festucacea Sprangletop		Poaceae Grasses	State Rank Reaso	<b>n:</b> Scolochloa fest d from 1949 to 19		ugh most of Canada and i nty. A fourth location fror			. In Montana it is known from 3 n Carbon county needs to be
Sisyrinchium septentrionale Northern Blue-eyed-grass		Iridaceae Irises	State Rank Reaso	<b>n:</b> Rare in Montan			the northeastern corne	4 er of the state. Popula	Wetland/Riparian
Spiranthes diluvialis	Ute Lady's-tresses, Ute Ladies-	Orchidaceae	habitat data from G2G3	S1S2	LT			1	Wetland/Riparian
Sporobolus compositus	Sporobolus asper	Poaceae	State Rank Reaso the Missouri, Jeffe have less than 100 have been conver	n: Spiranthes dilu erson, Beaverhead ) individuals, thou ted to agricultural ccur along highwa	wialis is known from d, Ruby, and Madiso ugh a couple have o l uses. Agricultural ay right-of-ways. Mo	n River drainages where ver 500 plants. Sites are s practices can hinder or p	rrences in southwest an it is restricted in area b susceptible to hydrologi romote plants dependin	d south-central Monta y specific hydrologic r c changes and weed in g upon their timing w	na. Plants occur in the valleys of requirements. Many populations nvasion. Large areas of habitat ith critical reproductive stages. A ntly provided some potential Forests/Grasslands (open,
Tall Dropseed		Grasses		n: Known in Monta	ana from 3 collectio	Horn, Carter, Custer ons; a 1939 collection nea	ır Ekalaka, a 1957 collec	ction from Fort Keogh	Livestock and Range Laboratory
Sporobolus neglectus Small Dropseed		Poaceae Grasses	G5 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso	S1S2 Ices verified in th n: Rare in Montan	nese Counties: Galla	atin, Sanders, Valley, Wh n from a few widely scatt	eatland ered and poorly docum	4 ented sites.	Grasslands (low-elevation
Stipa lettermanii Letterman's Needlegrass	Achnatherum lettermanii	Poaceae Grasses	G5	S1S3		Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		3	Talus and Grasslands (low elevation)
			State Rank Reaso	n: Documented fr					e characteristics and related
<b>Tofieldia pusilla</b> Small Tofieldia		Liliaceae Lilies			nese Counties: Flath Intana, where it is k	nead, Glacier mown from only a very sr	nall area in Glacier Nati	3 ional Park.	Alpine
Trichophorum alpinum Hudson's Bay Bulrush	Scirpus hudsonianus, Eriophorum alpinum	Cyperaceae Sedges	G5	S2		Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)		3	Fens and cold, wet slopes

					ese Counties: Flathead, Glacier a, where it is only known from a few sites in the	e northwest corner of the state.	
espitosum	Scirpus cespitosus, Trichophorum caespitosum	Cyperaceae Sedges	G5	S2	Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD, KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)	3	Fens and wet meadows
					ese Counties: Beaverhead, Deer Lodge, Flathea a, where it is currently documented from over a		intainous portion of western
Trichophorum pumilum		Cyperaceae	G5	S3		3	Fens
Rolland's bulrush	rollandii	Sedges			ese Counties: Glacier, Teton a, where it is currently documented from only a	few calcareous fens near the Rocky Mtn I	Front.
Veratrum californicum California False-hellebore		Liliaceae Lilies	G5	S2	Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD, BRT) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (CG)	3	Wetland/Riparian
					ese Counties: Granite, Ravalli a, where it is known from a very localized area	in the southwestern corner of the state.	
Wolffia columbiana		Lemnaceae	G5	S2S3		3	Aquatic
Columbia Water-meal		Duckweeds	State Rank Reaso	<b>n:</b> Rare. Known fro	ese Counties: Flathead, Lake, Missoula, Ravalli om several water bodies in the valleys of wester cies' conservation status.		e species is needed within Montar

SCIENTIFIC NAME COMMON NAME TAXA SORT	OTHER NAMES	FAMILY (SCIENTIFIC) FAMILY (COMMON)	GLOBAL RANK	STATE RANK	USFWS	USFS	BLM	MNPS THREAT CATEGORY	HABITAT
Aloina brevirostris		Pottiaceae	G4G5	S1					
Short-beaked Aloe Moss			Species Occurren	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	nead, Lincoln			
Catoscopium nigritum		Catoscopiaceae	G5	S1					
Black Golf Club Moss			Species Occurren	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	nead, Glacier, Lewis and	Clark, Lincoln, Teton		
Cinclidium stygium		Mniaceae	G5	S1					
A Cinclidium Moss			Species Occurren	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Teto	n			
Cynodontium tenellum		Dicranaceae	G5	S1					
A Cynodontium Moss			Species Occurrences verified in these Counties:						
Dichodontium	Olympic Fork Moss	Dicranaceae	G3G5	S1					
olympicum Olympic Dichodontium Moss			Species Occurren	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Misso	bula			
Dicranella schreberiana		Dicranaceae	G5	S1					
Schreber's Dicranella Moss	Schreber's Fork Moss			n: D. grevilleana h	ad previously been			riana. Until a full review	of the species can be
Dicranum acutifolium		Dicranaceae	G5	S1					
Acuteleaf Dicranum Moss			Species Occurren	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Lewi	s and Clark, Ravalli			
Eucladium verticillatum		Pottiaceae	G4	S1					
Lime-Seep Eucladium Moss			Species Occurren	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Gran	ite, Powell			
Fabronia pusilla	Fabronia Moss	Fabroniaceae	G4G5	S1					
Silky Urn Moss	1		Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Madison						

Fissidens fontanus	A Pocket Moss	Fissidentaceae	G5	S1					
Flat Pocket Moss			Species Occurre	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Gran	ite			
Grimmia brittoniae Britton's Dry Rock Moss	Britton's Black Rock Moss	Grimmiaceae	G2	S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT, LOLO) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)			
			Species Occurre	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	iead, Sanders		1	
Grimmia incurva	Curved Black Rock Moss	Grimmiaceae	GNR	S1					
Curved Dry Rock Moss			Species Occurre	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Rava	lli			
Hamatocaulis	Drepanocladus vernicosus	Amblystegiaceae	G5	S1					
<b>vernicosus</b> Hamatocaulis Moss			Species Occurre	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	nead, Lake, Lincoln			·
Haplodontium	Mielichhoferia	Bryaceae	G2G3	S1					
macrocarpum Waterfall Copper Moss	macrocarpa, Bryum porsildii			nces verified in the on: One specimen c		pulation growing on a we	t limestone cliff in Par	k County, MT in 1973.	
Hennediella heimii	Desmatodon heimii	Pottiaceae	G5	S1					
Heim's Hennediella Moss			Species Occurre	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Rava	lli			
Homalothecium	Trachybryum megaptilum	Brachytheciaceae	G4	S1					
<b>megaptilum</b> Giant Golden Moss						, Lincoln, Mineral, Sande . In Montana it occurs on		s distribution.	
Hygroamblystegium	Hygroamblystegium	Amblystegiaceae	G5T4	S1					
varium ssp. noterophilum A Conecap Moss	noterophilum A Hygroamblystegium Moss		Species Occurre	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Casca	ade, Granite			
Leucolepis	Leucolepis menziesii	Mniaceae	G4G5	S1					
<b>acanthoneuron</b> Umbrella Moss			Species Occurren	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Linco	oln, Sanders			
Meesia longiseta		Meesiaceae	G5	S1					
Meesia Moss			Species Occurre	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	iead, Park			
Meesia triquetra Meesia Moss		Meesiaceae	G5	52		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT, CG, KOOT) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (LOLO) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)			
			Species Occurre	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Carb	on, Flathead, Glacier, La	ke, Lincoln, Ravalli, Sa	inders, Teton	·
Meesia uliginosa	Broad-leaved Hump Moss	Meesiaceae	G5	S1S2					
Meesia Moss			Species Occurre	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	nead, Glacier, Lake, Linc	oln, Sanders		
Meiotrichum Iyallii	Polytrichum lyallii,	Polytrichaceae	G3G5	S1					
Lyall's Polytrichum Moss	Polytrichadelphus Iyallii, Polytrichastrum Iyallii		Species Occurre	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	nead, Sanders			
Myurella tenerrima		Pterigynandraceae	G5	S1					
A Mousetail Moss			Species Occurre	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Glaci	ier		+	
Neckera douglasii		Neckeraceae	G4	S1					
Douglas' Neckera Moss			Species Occurre	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	nead, Lake, Sanders			

I		Ĺ	Spacios Occurron	for varified in the	co Countion: Boov	verhead, Carbon, Flathea	d Glacior		
Paraleucobryum enerve		Dicranaceae	G5?	S1	se councies, beav	lineau, carbon, riaulea			
A Windblown Moss		Dici allaceae			co Countion Elath	and Classics Stilluptor			
		E			se counties: Flatri	nead, Glacier, Stillwater			
Physcomitrium hookeri Hooker's Physcomitrium Moss		Funariaceae	G2G4 Species Occurrence	S1 ces verified in the	se Counties: Rava	lli, Roosevelt			
Porotrichum bigelovii		Thamnobryaceae	G4	S1					
Bigelow's Porotrichum Moss			Species Occurrence	ces verified in the	se Counties: Rava	lli			1
Pseudocrossidium		Pottiaceae	GU	S1					
obtusulum A Pseudocrossidium Moss			Species Occurrence	ces verified in the	se Counties: Muss	elshell, Ravalli			
Ptychostomum schleicheri	Bryum schleicheri	Bryaceae	G5?	S1					
Schleicher's Ptychostomum Moss			Species Occurrence	ces verified in the	se Counties: Glaci	ier			
Rhynchostegium	Eurhynchium riparioides,	Brachytheciaceae	GNR	S1					
aquaticum Aquatic Rhynchostegium Moss	Platyhypnidium riparioides, Platyhypnidium aquaticum		Species Occurrence	ces verified in the	se Counties: Lake	e, Lincoln, Sanders			
Sarmentypnum	Warnstorfia exannulata	Amblystegiaceae	G5	S1					
exannulatum Warnstorfia Moss			Species Occurrence	ces verified in the	se Counties: Beav	erhead, Carbon, Deer Lo	dge, Flathead, Glacier	, Lincoln, Park, Sweet G	rass
Scorpidium revolvens	Drepanocladus revolvens,	Amblystegiaceae	G5	S1					
Limprichtia Moss	Limprichtia revolvens		Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	se Counties: Flath	nead, Gallatin, Glacier, L	ake, Missoula, Sanders	, Stillwater, Sweet Grass	, Teton
Scorpidium scorpioides A Scorpidium Moss		Amblystegiaceae	G5	S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT, HLC)			
			Species Occurrence	ces verified in the	se Counties: Flath	nead, Glacier, Lake, Lew	s and Clark, Lincoln, M	lissoula, Powell, Teton	
Sphagnum		Sphagnaceae	G5	S2					
angustifolium Narrowleaf Peatmoss		Peat Mosses	Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	se Counties: Beav	verhead, Flathead, Linco	n, Missoula, Park, Sand	lers	
Sphagnum centrale		Sphagnaceae	G5	S1					
A Peatmoss		Peat Mosses	Species Occurrence	es verified in the	se Counties: Flath	nead, Missoula, Ravalli, S	anders		
Sphagnum compactum	Low Peatmoss	Sphagnaceae	G5	S1					
Cushion Peatmoss		Peat Mosses	Species Occurrence	ces verified in the	se Counties: Gran	nite, Meagher			
Sphagnum contortum		Sphagnaceae	G5	S1					
Contorted Sphagnum Moss		Peat Mosses	Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	se Counties: Flath	nead, Lincoln			
Sphagnum fimbriatum Fringed Bogmoss	Ragged Hair Peatmoss	Sphagnaceae Peat Mosses	G5	S1		Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)			
			Species Occurrent	es verified in the	se Counties: Beav	erhead, Flathead, Grani	e, Lewis and Clark, Pa	rk	
Sphagnum fuscum	Brown Peatmoss	Sphagnaceae	G5	S2					
Brown Hair Peatmoss		Peat Mosses	Species Occurrence	ces verified in the	se Counties: Carb	on, Flathead, Lake, Linc	oln, Missoula, Ravalli		1
Sphagnum girgensohnii	Girgensohn's Peatmoss	Sphagnaceae	G5	S1					
Star Hair Peatmoss		Peat Mosses	Species Occurrent	-	se Counties: Linco	oln		1	1
Sphagnum magellanicum Red Spoon Peatmoss	Magellan's Peatmoss	Sphagnaceae Peat Mosses	G5	S1		Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)			

		1							
			Species Occurren	ices verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	nead, Lincoln, Madison, J	Missoula, Ravalli		
Sphagnum mendocinum		Sphagnaceae	G4G5	S1					
Mendocino Peatmoss		Peat Mosses	Species Occurren	ices verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	nead, Missoula			
Sphagnum riparium	Streamside Sphagnum Moss	Sphagnaceae	G5	S1					
Streamside Peatmoss		Peat Mosses	Species Occurren	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Lewi	s and Clark, Lincoln, Mis	ssoula		
Sphagnum wulfianum		Sphagnaceae	G5	S1					
Wulf's Peatmoss		Peat Mosses	Species Occurren	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Lake	, Lincoln			
Stegonia latifolia	A Twist Moss	Pottiaceae	G5T4T5	S1					
Wideleaf Stegonia Moss			Species Occurren	nces verified in the	ese Counties:				
Syntrichia bartramii	Tortula bartramii	Pottiaceae	G2G4	S1					
Bartram's Syntrichia Moss	Bartram's Twist Moss		State Rank Reaso	n: Tortula species tion in sporophyte		g red in 2% KOH solution			l in <i>Henediella, Microbryum,</i> or which there is little evidence
Syntrichia norvegica	Tortula norvegica	Pottiaceae	G5	S1					
Norwegian Syntrichia Moss	Norwegian Twist Moss		Species Occurren	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Glac	ier, Lake, Madison			
Syntrichia	Tortula papillosissima	Pottiaceae	G3G5	S1					
papillosissima Antler Twist Moss	Antler Moss		Species Occurren	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Carb	on, Lewis and Clark, Mu	sselshell, Powell, Ravalli	i, Sanders, Toole	
Tortula acaulon	Phascum acaulon,	Pottiaceae	G5	S1					
Elfin Crisp Moss	Phascum cuspidatum Entire-Leaf Nitrogen Moss		Species Occurren	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Rava	lli, Richland			

LICHENS (FUNG	ii)								32 SPECIES
SCIENTIFIC NAME COMMON NAME TAXA SORT	OTHER NAMES	FAMILY (SCIENTIFIC) FAMILY (COMMON)	GLOBAL RANK	STATE RANK	USFWS	USFS	BLM	MNPS THREAT CATEGORY	HABITAT
Arctomia delicatula Delicate Arctic Scale		Arctomiaceae	GNR Species Occurren	S1 Inces verified in the	ese Counties:				
Lichen									1
Arctoparmelia		Parmeliaceae	G4G5	S1					
subcentrifuga Subcentric Ring Lichen			Species Occurren State Rank Reaso			oula s in the western and cent	ral regions of the state.		
Cetraria commixta	Cetrariella commixta,	Parmeliaceae	G5	S1					
Friendly Camouflage Lichen	Melanelia commixta		Species Occurren State Rank Reaso			head, Glacier northwest Montana.		·	
ircinaria rogeri Aspicilia fruticulosa,	Megasporaceae	G2G3	S1						
Roger's Vagabond Lichen	Aspicilia rogeri		Species Occurren State Rank Reaso			oon on in south-central regio	n of the state.		
Cladonia botrytes	Stump Soldiers, Wooden Soldiers	Cladoniaceae	G5	S1					
Stump Pixie-Cup Lichen			Species Occurren State Rank Reaso			head, Lincoln I, but is found sporadicall	y in Montana and east t	o the Black Hills and sou	th to Colorado.
Cladonia uncialis		Cladoniaceae	G5	S1					
Thorny Pixie-Sticks Lichen			Species Occurren State Rank Reaso						
<b>Collema curtisporum</b> Pustulate Tarpaper Lichen		Collemataceae	G3	S1		Sensitive - Known on Forests (KOOT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (FLAT)			
						head, Glacier, Lake, Mine few locations and is not a		abitat appears to be suit	able.

Dactylina ramulosa		Parmeliaceae	G5	S2					
Frosted Finger Lichen			Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	se Counties: Park	, Ravalli			
yalectaria diluta	Pertusaria diluta	Coccotremataceae	GNR	S1					
viluted Wart Lichen			Species Occurrence State Rank Reasor			n Montana. The Type spe	cimen is from the Cabi	net Mountains and is cu	rrently the only Montana
obaria amplissima		Lobariaceae	GNR	SNR					
arge Lungwort Lichen			Species Occurrent State Rank Reasor			rn Montana.			
obaria anomala	Pseudocyphellaria	Lobariaceae	G2G4	S1					
letted Lungwort Lichen	anomala		Species Occurrent State Rank Reasor						
obaria hallii		Lobariaceae	G4?	S2					
Gray Lungwort Lichen			Species Occurrent State Rank Reasor			head, Lake, Lincoln, Misso restern Montana.	oula, Sanders		
obaria linita		Lobariaceae	G5	S1					
Cabbage Lungwort Lichen			Species Occurrent State Rank Reasor						
obaria scrobiculata		Lobariaceae	G5	S1					
Textured Lungwort Lichen			Species Occurrent State Rank Reasor						
lelanohalea		Parmeliaceae	G5	S1					
<b>eptentrionalis</b> Northern Camouflage Lichen			Species Occurrent State Rank Reasor			dge of this species range,	where it has been fou	nd occasionally.	·
lodobryoria ubdivergens	Alectoria subdivergens, Bryoria subdivergens	Parmeliaceae	G2G3	S1S2		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BRT, KOOT)			
Alpine Foxtail Lichen						tier, Lincoln, Ravalli Testern Montana where its	abundance is always s	parse.	_
lormandina pulchella		Verrucariaceae	G4G5	S1					
Elf-Ear Lichen			Species Occurrent State Rank Reasor			oula, Ravalli 1 has a spotty distributior	. Known in Montana fr	om one location.	
armeliella triptophylla		Pannariaceae	G5	S1					
ingered Shingle Lichen	Black-bordered Shingle Lichen		Species Occurrent State Rank Reasor			tier, Lake, Missoula, Rava	li		
eltigera gowardii	Peltigera hydrothyria	Peltigeraceae	G3G4	S1					
Western Waterfan Lichen	[name misapplied in western North America], Hydrothyria venosa		Species Occurrent State Rank Reasor						
eltigera pacifica		Peltigeraceae	G3G4	S1					
ringed Pelt Lichen		5	Species Occurrent State Rank Reasor			rn Montana, but expected	l to be more present.		_
haeophyscia kairamoi		Physciaceae	G4G5	S2					
east Shadow Lichen			Species Occurrent State Rank Reason Montana.			head, Lake the northern United Stat	es and southern Canac	a and is known from a f	ew locations in western
amalina labiosorediata	Ramalina pollinaria	Ramalinaceae	G4	S1					
Chalky Bush Lichen			Species Occurrent State Rank Reason	ces verified in the				1	
amalina obtusata		Ramalinaceae	G5	S2					
Hooded Bush Lichen						head, Lake, Ravalli have been found in weste	rn Montana.		,

Rhizoplaca haydenii	Lecanoraceae	G2G3	S1S2							
Hayden's Rimmed Navel Lichen			n: Known from a f	ew locations in so				und in appropriate habitats in		
Sclerophora amabilis	Coniocybaceae	G4G5	S1							
Lovely Pin Lichen		Species Occurren State Rank Reaso				÷	·			
Solorina bispora	Peltigeraceae	G5	S1S2							
Lesser Tundra Owl Lichen		Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Beaverhead, Carbon, Flathead, Glacier, Missoula State Rank Reason: Known from a few locations in western Montana.								
Solorina octospora	Peltigeraceae	G3G5	S1							
Greater Tundra Owl Lichen		Species Occurrences verified in these Counties:           State Rank Reason: In Montana known from one location in the northwest.								
Solorina spongiosa	Peltigeraceae	G4G5	S1S2							
Fringed Chocolate Chip Lichen					thead, Lake, Lewis and C estern and central portio					
Sphaerophorus	Sphaerophoraceae	G5	S1							
<b>tuckermanii</b> Tuckermann's Coral Lichen		Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: State Rank Reason: Known from two locations in northwestern Montana.								
Stereocaulon paschale	Stereocaulaceae	G5	S1S2							
Easter Foam Lichen		Species Occurren State Rank Reaso			ke orthwest and south-centr	al Montana.				
Umbilicaria hirsuta	Umbilicariaceae	G2G4	S1							
Granulating Rocktripe Lichen		Species Occurren State Rank Reaso			roughout its range in No	rth America. In Montana	ı it is known from one la	cation.		
Verrucaria kootenaica	Verrucariaceae	G2	S1S2							
Kootenai Speck Lichen			Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Flathead, Lake State Rank Reason: Known in western Montana from a few locations.							

FERNS AND FEF	RN ALLIES (PT	ERIDOPHYTA)							4 SPECIES		
SCIENTIFIC NAME COMMON NAME TAXA SORT	OTHER NAMES	FAMILY (SCIENTIFIC) FAMILY (COMMON)	GLOBAL RANK	STATE RANK	USFWS	USFS	BLM	MNPS THREAT CATEGORY	HABITAT		
Asplenium trichomanes		Aspleniaceae	G5 SH Rock/Talus								
Maidenhair Spleenwort		Spleenwort Family	Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Flathead State Rank Reason: Known from one 1895 collection with imprecise location data near "Columbia Falls" in Flathead County.								
Botrychium montanum Mountain Moonwort		Ophioglossaceae Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts	G3G4	S3S4					Forests (Mesic bottmlands)/Open sites		
			in old growth Wes private ownership	tern Red Cedar for s.	est, though some h		rom second growth fore:		hall and most have been found a mix of federal, state and		
Botrychium sp. (Non-		Ophioglossaceae	GNR	S3S5							
SOC) Moonworts (Non-SOC)		Adder's-Tongue / Moonworts									
Cystopteris montana		Dryopteridaceae	G5	SH					Rock/talus		
Mountain Bladder Fern		Wood Fern Family	Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Flathead, Glacier, Lake State Rank Reason: Reported for Montana from one collection in 1932 near Gunsight Pass in Glacier National Park.								

SCIENTIFIC NAME COMMON NAME TAXA SORT	OTHER NAMES	FAMILY (SCIENTIFIC) FAMILY (COMMON)	GLOBAL RANK	STATE RANK	USFWS	USFS	BLM	MNPS THREAT CATEGORY	HABITAT			
Agoseris lackschewitzii	Agoseris aurantiaca var.	Asteraceae	G4Q	\$3\$4								
Pink Agoseris	aurantiaca, Agoseris carnea	Aster/Sunflowers	Bow, Sweet Grass			verhead, Carbon, Cascado	e, Deer Lodge, Gallatin,	Granite, Judith Basin, N	Nadison, Meagher, Park, Sil			
Allotropa virgata		Ericaceae	G4	\$3\$4								
Candystick		Heath Family	Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Beaverhead, Deer Lodge, Granite, Ravalli State Rank Reason: Limited distribution and small population sizes make the species potentially vulnerable to impacts to its habitat, primary lodgepole pil stands. Trend and monitoring data for the species are lacking. However, populations are presumed to be relatively stable at the present time.									
Aquilegia jonesii		Ranunculaceae	G3	\$3\$4								
Jones' Columbine	Buttercup Family		Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Cascade, Fergus, Flathead, Glacier, Judith Basin, Lewis and Clark, Meagher, Park, Stillwater, Sweet Gra Teton									
Arabidopsis lyrata	Arabis lyrata, Arabis	Brassicaceae	G5	SH					NA			
Lyre-leaf Rockcress	kamchatica	Mustards		<b>ices verified in the</b> <b>n:</b> Known from one		nead ear Mount Brown in Glaci	er National Park.					
			G5	S3S4								
Atriplex canescens		Amaranthaceae	Amaranth (Pigweed) Family Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Carter, Park, Richland, Silver Bow, Valley									
Atriplex canescens Four-wing Saltbush			Species Occurren	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Carte	er, Park, Richland, Silver	Bow, Valley					
	Atriplex dioica (Nutt.)		Species Occurren G4	ces verified in the S3S4	ese Counties: Carto	er, Park, Richland, Silver	Bow, Valley					

Balsamorhiza macrophylla		Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G3G5	S3S4		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD, CG)		3	Sagebrush-grassland		
Large-leaved Balsamroot			Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Beaverhead, Gallatin, Madison, Park State Rank Reason: This species occurs in Montana at the edge of its range where it is known from three southwestern Montana mountain ranges. Most of th known populations are moderate to large in size and in generally good-quality habitat. One occurrence in Gallatin County is only known from a 1931 collection. Invasive weeds are not a problem at sites occupied by <i>Balsamorhiza macrophylla</i> and livestock grazing at some of the sites does not appear to be negatively impacting the species.								
Camissonia minor	Oenothera minor	Onagraceae	G4	S3S4							
Small-flowered Evening- primrose		Evening-primrose Family	Species Occurrent	ces verified in th	nese Counties: Car	bon					
Ceanothus herbaceus		Rhamnaceae	G5	SH					Forests (Dry. Open)		
New Jersey Tea		Buckthorn Family	Species Occurrent State Rank Reasor surveys have not b	n: Known from or	ie 1948 specimen c		ocation data in Powder	r River County that note	d a "few" plants. Subsequent		
Centaurium exaltatum	Zeltnera exaltata	Gentianaceae	G5	SH					Wetland/Riparian		
Western Centaury		Gentians				Horn, Treasure, Yellowsto with imprecise location da		ty, "seven miles south of			
Collomia tinctoria Yellow-staining Collomia		Polemoniaceae Phlox Family	G5	SH					Grasslands/Rocky slopes (Valleys to Montane)		
			Species Occurrent State Rank Reasor			head, Teton a for over 100 years.		·			
Cryptantha flavoculata		Boraginaceae	G5	S3S4							
Pale Yellow Cryptantha		Borage Family	Species Occurrent	ces verified in th	nese Counties: Car	bon					
Delphinium bicolor ssp. calcicola Limestone Larkspur		Ranunculaceae Buttercup Family	G4G5T3T4	S3S4		Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		3			
			Species Occurrent State Rank Reasor			verhead, Broadwater, Ca	bon, Jefferson, Lewis	and Clark, Madison, Miss	oula, Silver Bow		
Delphinium glaucescens	;	Ranunculaceae	G3G4	S3S4							
Electric Peak Larkspur		Buttercup Family				verhead, Deer Lodge, Gra elatively high elevations.			not be that uncommon.		
Drosera rotundifolia		Droseraceae	G5	S3S4					Fens		
Roundleaf Sundew		Sundew Family				head, Glacier, Granite, L rous occurrences in fens a			, Sanders		
Epilobium densiflorum	Boisduvalia densiflora	Onagraceae	G5	SH					Wetland/Riparian		
Dense Spike-primrose		Evening-primrose Family				roleum, Sanders, Teton tion in Sanders County fro	m 1938.				
<b>Epilobium</b> suffruticosum Shrubby Willowherb		Onagraceae Evening-primrose Family	G5 Species Occurrent	S3S4 ces verified in th	nese Counties: Gal	latin, Missoula, Park					
Ericameria nana	Haplopappus nanus	Asteraceae	G5	SH					Rock/Talus		
Dwarf Goldenweed	hapopappus hanus	Aster/Sunflowers	Species Occurrent	ces verified in th		 verhead outh of Upper Red Rock L	ake.				
<b>Erigeron eatonii</b> Eaton's Fleabane		Asteraceae Aster/Sunflowers	G5	SH					Sagbrush/Woodlands (Open, Montane)		
				n: This species ha	as only been collect			lwater County. The popu	llation where this specimen was		
Erigeron lanatus		Asteraceae	G4	S3S4							
Woolly Fleabane		Aster/Sunflowers	State Rank Reasor	n: Only known in	Montana from a fe		lational Park, though t		t as well as the occurrences all being located appears good.		
Eriogonum brevicaule	Eriogonum lagopus,	Polygonaceae	G3G4	S3S4	1	1		3			
Parasol Buckwheat	Eriogonum pauciflorum var. canum Rabbit Buckwheat	Buckwheat Family	Species Occurrent State Rank Reasor	ces verified in the company of the c	nic taxa restricted			Desert area where it is	locally abundant in some locali		

Eutrema salsugineum	Arabidopsis salsuginea,	Brassicaceae	G5?	SH					
Saltwater Cress	Thellungiella salsuginea	Mustards	Species Occurren	nces verified in the	ese Counties:				
Gaultheria ovatifolia		Ericaceae	G5	\$354					
Slender Wintergreen		Heath Family	Species Occurren	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	head, Glacier, Lake, Lin	coln, Mineral, Sanders	1	1
Geocaulon lividum	Comandra lividum	Santalaceae	G5	\$3\$4					
Northern Toadflax		Sandalwood Family	Species Occurren	ces verified in the	se Counties: Flath	head, Lake, Lincoln, Mis	soula. Sanders		
Gilia tweedyi	Gilia sinuata var. tweedyi,	Polemoniaceae	G4G5Q	\$354					
Tweedy's Gilia	Gilia inconspicua var. tweedyi	Phlox Family	Species Occurren State Rank Reaso	nces verified in the	locally common or	n the south and west sid	es of the Pryor Mountain	ns in the drainages of t	he Bighorn and Clarks Fork of the
Hedysarum alpinum		Fabaceae	G5	S3S4					
Alpine Sweet-vetch		Pea Family	Species Occurren	nces verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	head, Gallatin, Glacier,	Lake, Missoula, Phillips		
Hymenoxys torreyana	Tetraneuris torreyana	Asteraceae	G4	\$3\$4					
Torrey Bitterweed		Aster/Sunflowers	Species Occurren	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Carb	bon	·		
Impatiens ecalcarata		Balsaminaceae	G3G4	\$3\$4	1				
Spurless Touch-me-not		Impatiens	Species Occurren	ces verified in the	se Counties: Galla	atin, Lake, Missoula, Sar	Iders		
Linanthastrum nuttallii	Linanthus nuttallii,	Polemoniaceae	G5	\$354	Jan State	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Nuttall's Linanthus	Leptosiphon nuttallii	Phlox Family		ces verified in the	Counties: Pava				
						Bitterroot Mountains by	/ Lesica & Shelly (1991)		
Lomatium bicolor		Apiaceae	G4	\$3\$4					
Bicolor Biscuitroot		Parsley/Carrot Family	Species Occurren	ces verified in the	se Counties: Glac	ier. Ravalli	1		
Lorandersonia linifolia	Chrysothamnus	Asteraceae	G5	\$3\$4					
Spearleaf Rabbitbrush	viscidiflorus var. linifolius, Chrysothamnus linifolius	Aster/Sunflowers		nces verified in the	ese Counties: Cust	er, Powder River			
Madia minima	Hemizonella minima	Asteraceae	G4	\$3\$4					
Small-headed Tarweed		Aster/Sunflowers	Species Occurren		se Counties: Flath	head, Granite, Lincoln, I	I Vissoula Ravalli Sande	irs	
Mimulus suksdorfii		Phrymaceae	G4	\$354					1
Suksdorf Monkeyflower		Lopseed Family		1		I /erhead, Carbon, Gallati	n Lowis and Clark Mac	tison Missoula Park P	lasobud. Silvar Bow
-				S3S4	ese councies, beav				
Musineon vaginatum Rydberg's Parsley		Apiaceae Parsley/Carrot Family		1		l Horn, Carbon, Gallatin, (	Granite, Lewis and Clark	k, Missoula, Rosebud, T	eton
Orobanche corymbosa		Orobanchaceae	G4	\$3\$4					
Flat-topped Broomrape		Broomrape Family	Species Occurren	ices verified in the	ese Counties: Beav	verhead, Deer Lodge, Gr	anite, Jefferson, Madis	on, Powell, Ravalli	
Oxytropis lagopus var.		Fabaceae	G4G5T3T4	\$3\$4				3	Sagebrush (low-elevation)
conjugans Hare's-foot Locoweed		Pea Family		nces verified in the n: See rank details		verhead, Broadwater, Gi	anite, Jefferson, Lewis	and Clark, Meagher, P	ondera, Powell, Teton
Pedicularis oederi		Orobanchaceae	G5	\$354					
Oeder's Lousewort		Broomrape Family		ices verified in the	se Counties: Carb	on. Stillwater	1	1	1
Pediomelum hypogaeum var.	Psoralea hypogaea	Fabaceae Pea Family	G5T4	\$354				3	Grasslands/Woodlands (Open sandy soil)
hypogaeum Little Indian Breadroot			State Rank Reaso Surveys in the 198 https://www.pnw categorized as a P	<b>n:</b> <i>Pediomelum hyp</i> 80s and 1990s resul /herbaria.org/). Ad Potential Species of	bogaeum was first of ted in collections r ditional observatio <sup>c</sup> Concern because	made from Fergus, Petro ons found in other count populations tend to be	from a specimen collect oleum, and Rosebud Cou les of southeast Montan smaller and widely space	cted in 1886 in Cascade unties (http://rmh.uwy a should be verified. <i>P</i> ced, habitat may be lim	rer, Rosebud County (F.W. Anderson (s.n.) N
Penstemon laricifolius		Plantaginaceae	G4	\$354	1				
Larch-leaf Beardtongue		Plantain Family	Species Occurren	ces verified in the			Ounty where it is comm	non on the south and w	vest flanks of the Pryor Mountains
	1				I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I				
Phacelia scopulina	Phacelia lutea var.	Hydrophyllaceae	G4	SH					Alkaline sites

				n: Known in Monta	na from one 1885	collection by P.A. Rydber	g near Melrose, probabl	, ,	
Phlox andicola		Polemoniaceae	G4	\$3\$4				3	Open sites (Sand to clay soil
Plains Phlox		Phlox Family	State Rank Reaso but surveys durin	n: Plains phlox rea	ches the western season have bee		tana's eastern counties	s. It has been document	ed from relatively few location is. It likely tolerates grazing an
Polygonum austiniae Austin's Knotweed	Polygonum douglasii ssp. austiniae	Polygonaceae Buckwheat Family	G5T4	5354		Sensitive - Known on Forests (BD) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (CG) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		2	Rock/Talus
			State Rank Reaso Ranges. Sites are sites however, are	on: Austin's knotwee usually on open, gr e along forest roads	ed is sparsely dist avelly, sparsely-v and are suscepti	ributed in mountainous ar regetated slopes with shal	eas of Montana from the -derived soils and as so other disturbances. The	e Rocky Mountain Front uch are not generally ir e probability of finding	, Park, Pondera, Powell, Teton to the Madison and Gallatin npacted by human activity. Sor additional occurrences appears
Ranunculus	Ranunculus natans	Ranunculaceae	G5	S354					Wetland/Riparian (Montane
<b>hyperboreus</b> High Northern Buttercup		Buttercup Family				verhead, Carbon, Deer Lo Id south-central counties i			
Sedum borschii	Sedum leibergii	Crassulaceae	G3?	\$3\$4					
Borsch's Stonecrop		Stonecrops	Species Occurre	nces verified in the	se Counties: Bea	verhead		1	-1
Solidago velutina		Asteraceae	G5?	SH					NA
Three-nerved Goldenrod		Aster/Sunflowers	State Rank Reaso		ldenrod is known	in Montana from 1 specin based on mis-identified sp			, which lacks precise locality
Sphaeralcea munroana White-stemmed globemallow	Malvaceae Mallow Family	G4	S3S4				3	Sagebrush-Grasslands (low- elevation)	
			State Rank Reaso documented loca tolerant of or per	n: Peripheral in sou tions are along road	uthwest Montana Is and 2-tracks, as some disturbance	werhead, Jefferson, Park where it is known from a f s such, at least several of e activity. Additional infor	he populations may be	e adventive or introduce	
Stanleya tomentosa		Brassicaceae	G4	\$3\$4					
Woolly Prince's plume		Mustards		nces verified in the n: See rank details		werhead, Carbon			·
Stanleya viridiflora		Brassicaceae	G4	\$3\$4					
Green Prince's plume		Mustards		nces verified in the on: See rank details		werhead, Madison			
Stenotus multicaulis	Oonopsis multicaulis,	Asteraceae	G4	S3S4					
	Haplopappus multicaulis					bon, Carter, Fallon	y, it is common in som	e habitats including al	
Many-stem Goldenweed						cies' viability in the state	exist.	ic habitats, including a	ong some roadsides at least on
Many-stem Goldenweed Streptanthella		Brassicaceae					exist.		ong some roadsides at least on
Streptanthella longirostris		Brassicaceae Mustards	BLM lands. No ap G5 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso	S3S4	threats to the spe se Counties: Car ontana and restric	ecies' viability in the state			
Streptanthella ongirostris Streptanthella		Mustards	BLM lands. No ap G5 Species Occurren State Rank Reaso	S354 Ces verified in the Discommon in M	threats to the spe se Counties: Car ontana and restric	ecies' viability in the state			
itreptanthella ongirostris Streptanthella iynthyris missurica			BLM lands. No app G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso information on tr G4 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso	sarent, substantial S3S4 Sasses verified in the sasses verified in the sasses verified in the ces verified in the	threats to the spe se Counties: Car ontana and restric e also lacking. se Counties: Rav ontana and restric	ecies' viability in the state	on County. Population	sizes are poorly docum	
Streptanthella ongirostris Streptanthella Synthyris missurica Western Mountain kittentails Fonestus pygmaeus	Haplopappus pygmaeus	Mustards Plantaginaceae Plantain Family Asteraceae	BLM lands. No app G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso information on tr G4 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso	sarent, substantial S354 S354 S354 S354 S354 S354 S354 S354	threats to the spe se Counties: Car ontana and restric e also lacking. se Counties: Rav ontana and restric	ecies' viability in the state	on County. Population	sizes are poorly docum	ented and associated
Streptanthella longirostris Streptanthella Synthyris missurica Western Mountain kittentails	Haplopappus pygmaeus	Mustards Plantaginaceae Plantain Family	BLM lands. No app G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso information on tr G4 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso information on tr G4 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso	sarent, substantial S3S4 S3S4 S3S4 S3S4 S3S4 S3S4 S3S4 S3S	threats to the species Counties: Car ontana and restrice e also lacking. ese Counties: Rav contana and restrice e also lacking. ese Counties: na from 1 historic	ecies' viability in the state	on County. Population Bitterroot Mtns. Popula	sizes are poorly docum	ented and associated
Streptanthella longirostris Streptanthella Synthyris missurica Western Mountain kittentails Tonestus pygmaeus	Haplopappus pygmaeus	Mustards Plantaginaceae Plantain Family Asteraceae	BLM lands. No app G5 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso information on tr G4 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso information on tr G4 Species Occurrer State Rank Reaso	sarent, substantial S3S4 SaS4 SaS4 SaS4 SaS4 SaS4 SaS4 SaS4	threats to the species Counties: Car ontana and restrice e also lacking. ese Counties: Rav contana and restrice e also lacking. ese Counties: na from 1 historic	ecies' viability in the state	on County. Population Bitterroot Mtns. Popula	sizes are poorly docum	ented and associated  cumented and associated  Alpine

Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Beaverhead, Broadwater, Carbon, Madison, Park, Silver Bow	
State Rank Reason: Sword Townsend-daisy occurs in limestone areas of southwest and south-central Montana. Overall, the species' viability in the s not appear to be at risk due in part to its relatively widespread distribution and its overall abundance. The population in the Limestone Hills in Broa County may be negatively impacted by proposed mine expansion and military activities.	

FLOWERING PL	АНТ - МОНОСО	TS (LILIOPSIDA	)						7 SPECIES	
SCIENTIFIC NAME COMMON NAME TAXA SORT	OTHER NAMES	FAMILY (SCIENTIFIC) FAMILY (COMMON)	GLOBAL RANK	STATE RANK	USFWS	USFS	BLM	MNPS THREAT CATEGORY	HABITAT	
Carex nelsonii		Cyperaceae	G3	S3S4						
Nelson's Sedge		Sedges		nces verified in the n: See rank details		oon, Park, Stillwater				
Cyperus strigosus		Cyperaceae	G5	SH						
Straw-colored Flatsedge		Sedges	Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: State Rank Reason: Known in Montana from two historical collections (Flathead and Missoula Counties).							
Cypripedium Darviflorum Small Yellow Lady's-slipper	Cypripedium calceolus	Orchidaceae Orchids	G5	5354		Sensitive - Known on Forests (CG, KOOT, LOLO) Sensitive - Suspected on Forests (BRT) Species of Conservation Concern on Forests (HLC)		2		
			Missoula, Pondera State Rank Reasc occurrences have federal, state and and timber harve and the number of warrant a re-listin occurrences shou	a, Stillwater, Sweet m: Many occurrence small population r d private ownership sting may have det of populations scatt ng as a Species of C d be managed to r	Grass, Teton es known from the umbers, though a s with varied land rimental impacts t ered over a wide a concern in Montana	e western half of the stat pproximately two dozen of uses and management.	e, including a dozen or occurrences are modera A variety of land uses ar yellow lady's-slipper ap he species. A loss of poj l continue to be monitor	so historical or poorly do te to large populations. I nd activities, including de pears to be tolerant to so pulations or a significant	Populations occur on variety of evelopment, livestock grazing ome disturbances at low level decline in numbers may	
Damasonium	Machaerocarpus californicus	Alismataceae	G4	SH						
<b>californicum</b> Fringed Water-plantain	californicus	Water-plantains		nces verified in the on: Collected once		he Kootenai river near R	exford prior to the creat	tion of Lake Koocanusa.		
Lipocarpha micrantha	Hemicarpha micrantha	Cyperaceae	G5	SH					Sandy soil (Moist)	
Dwarf Bulrush		Sedges		nces verified in the n: Known in Monta		oon Illection by W. E. Booth n	ear Fromberg.			
Maianthemum		Liliaceae	G5	SH					Riparian forest	
<b>canadense</b> Wild Lily-of-the-valley		Lilies		nces verified in the n: Documented for		ter e 1948 collection by W. E	. Booth near Alzada.			
Sphenopholis	Sphenopholis obtusata	Poaceae	G5	S3S4					Mesic sites (low-elevation)	
intermedia Slender Wedgegrass	var. major	Grasses	State Rank Reaso		, where it has only				and Clark, Phillips, Wheatland lata required to more precisely	

BRYOPHYTES (BRYOPHYTA) 18 SPECIES											
SCIENTIFIC NAME COMMON NAME TAXA SORT	OTHER NAMES	FAMILY (SCIENTIFIC) FAMILY (COMMON)	GLOBAL RANK	STATE RANK	USFWS	USFS	BLM	MNPS THREAT CATEGORY	HABITAT		
Amblyodon dealbatus		Meesiaceae	G3G5	SNR							
An Amblyodon Moss			Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Cascade, Flathead State Rank Reason: Amblyodon dealbatus has been found in two counties of Montana. Several collections made in the 1890s by R.S. Williar assigned to Flathead County. A 2017 collection by J. Elliott was found in Cascade County.								
Brachythecium	Stiff Brachythecium Moss	Brachytheciaceae	G5	SH							
<b>turgidum</b> Stiff Matt Moss			Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Flathead, Glacier								

	1						1		
Callicladium		Hypnaceae	G5	SH					
haldanianum Pretty Branch Moss			Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	nead			
Calliergon richardsonii		Amblystegiaceae	G5	SH					
Richardson's Calliergon Moss			Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Glac	ier, Park			
Dendroalsia abietina		Leucodontaceae	G4	SH					
A Dendroalsia Moss			Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	ese Counties:				
Dicranum fragilifolium		Dicranaceae	G4G5	SH					
Fragile Leaf Dicranum Moss			Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	nead, Glacier, Lake			
Dicranum spadiceum	Dicranum angustum	Dicranaceae	G5	SNR					
A Dicranum Moss			Species Occurrent State Rank Reason collected in 1994 f	n: MT Botanist MIn	cemoyer downgrad	led species from S1 to SI	H for lack of knowledge	of specimens after 197	2 and was not aware of specimens
Distichium inclinatum	Incline Distichium Moss	Ditrichaceae	G5	SH					
Incline Thread Moss			Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Glac	ier, Teton			
Entosthodon	Entosthodon Moss	Funariaceae	G1G3	SH					
rubiginosus Rusty Cord Moss			Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Casc	ade			
Grimmia mollis	Hydrogrimmia mollis	Grimmiaceae	G5	SH					
A Dry Rock Moss	A Black Rock Moss		Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	nead, Glacier			
Hygrohypnum	Ear-leaf Hygrohypnum Moss	Amblystegiaceae	G4	SH					
cochlearifolium Ear-leaf Boat Moss			Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Linco	oln			
Plagiobryum zieri		Bryaceae	G5	SH					
Zierian Hump-Moss			Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	ese Counties:				
Pseudocalliergon	Calliergon trifarium	Amblystegiaceae	G5	SH					
<b>trifarium</b> Blunt Water Moss	Worm Moss		Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	nead, Glacier, Missoula			
Pseudocalliergon	Scorpidium turgescens,	Amblystegiaceae	G5	SH					
turgescens A Pseudocalliergon Moss	Calliergon turgescens		Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	nead, Glacier, Teton	·	·	
Sarmentypnum	Calliergon sarmentosum	Amblystegiaceae	G5	SNR					
<b>sarmentosum</b> A Sarmenthypnum Moss			Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	nead, Glacier			
Tayloria acuminata		Splachnaceae	G3G4	SH					
Acuminate Dung Moss			Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	ese Counties:				
Thamnobryum	A Tree Moss	Thamnobryaceae	G4	SH					
neckeroides Necker's Thamnobryum Moss			Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	ese Counties: Flath	nead, Lake, Missoula, Sa	nders		
Tortula cernua	Desmatodon cernuus	Pottiaceae	G4G5	SH					
A Tortella Moss			Species Occurrent	ces verified in the	ese Counties:				

LICHENS (FUNC	LICHENS (FUNGI) 8 SPECIES											
SCIENTIFIC NAME COMMON NAME TAXA SORT	OTHER NAMES	FAMILY (SCIENTIFIC) FAMILY (COMMON)	GLOBAL RANK	STATE RANK	USFWS	USFS	BLM	MNPS THREAT CATEGORY	HABITAT			
Brigantiaea		Brigantiaeaceae	GNR	S2S3								
praetermissa Brick-Spored Firedot Lichen		(Brigantiaeaceae)										
Cetraria sepincola	Tuckermannopsis	Parmeliaceae	G5	S2S3								
Chestnut Wrinkled Lichen	sepincola		Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Flathead, Lake, Madison, Mineral State Rank Reason: Known from many locations, associated with bogs, in western Montana.									

Evernia divaricata	Parmeliaceae	G4G5	S1S2					
Mountain Oakmoss Lichen		Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Carbon, Lake, Missoula State Rank Reason: Populations have a very spotty distribution in Montana.						
Parmelia fraudans	Parmeliaceae	G5	S1					
Pea-green Shield Lichen		Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: State Rank Reason: Rare in the Pacific Northwest (McCune and Goward 2009); Infrequently collected in Montana and adjacent states.						
Platismatia herrei	Parmeliaceae	G5	S1					
Tattered Rag Lichen		Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: State Rank Reason: Known from a few locations in northwestern Montana.						
Platismatia stenophylla	Parmeliaceae	G5	S1					
Ribbon Rag Lichen		Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Lake, Ravalli State Rank Reason: Known from a few locations in western Montana.						
Psora rubiformis	Psoraceae	G3G5	S1S2					
Pea-green Scale Lichen					nead, Glacier, Lake, Mad ations have been found i		, and southeast.	
Umbilicaria havaasii	Umbilicariaceae	G4	S1					
Havaas' Rocktripe Lichen		Species Occurrences verified in these Counties: Flathead, Ravalli State Rank Reason: Known from a few locations in western Montana. Montana occurs on the eastern edge of this species range.						

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SPECIES	DATE	NOTES
Amorpha canescens Lead Plant	9/25/2021	Amorpha canescens was documented in 1922 from Powder River County (Lockhart 25, USFS-RM) and in 1948 from Carter County (Booth 2675, MONT). From 1983 to 2013 various field projects reported another 8 locations of Amorpha canescens, but provided no specimens or photographs to validate the identifications. A 1984 search to re-locate the plants found at the 1948 location was unsuccessful. In 2019 surveys on the Custer-Gallatin National Forest found and verified 10 sites in Montana (Hansen 196 and 264, MONTU; Hansen 2019). The 2019 observations found healthy, reproductive plants with no apparent threats. Relative to the State of Montana Amorpha canescens is ranked as a Species of Concern because it occupies relatively little habitat and almost half of the reported observations need to be validated before re-assessing its state status.
Elymus triticoides Beardless Wildrye	10/20/2020	Elymus triticoides occurs throughout the western United States but in Montana has only been documented in four western counties (Barkworth in Flora of North America 2007; revised draft treatment in the Manual of Montana Vascular Plants). This grass is known from fewer than five locations which are widely scattered. Plants can be confused with Elymus smithii and/or may be overlooked in our state. Surveys that accurately identify this grass and bring forth information on locations, population sizes, habitat conditions, and threats is greatly needed.
Calochortus bruneaunis Bruneau Mariposa Lily	9/23/2020	
Lemna valdiviana Pale Duckweed	9/8/2020	
<b>Viola pedatifida</b> Prairie Violet	9/1/2020	
Tetradymia spinosa Short-spine Horsebrush	9/1/2020	
Pinguicula macroceras California Butterwort	8/14/2020	
Eleocharis bella Delicate Spikerush	8/7/2020	
Amphiscirpus nevadensis Nevada Clubrush	7/10/2020	
Carex occidentalis Western Sedge	2/25/2020	
Myriophyllum quitense Andean Water-milfoil	10/31/2019	Myriophyllum quitense is an aquatic plant that recently (2008-2016) has been found in three waterbodies of Montana. Plants are found in slow-moving rivers that vary in water quality from the Madison River in Yellowstone National Park to Toston Reservoir on the Missouri River. These locations represent a very narrow geographical portion of Montana. Proper identification of Myriophyllum species require careful collections that obtain flowering or fruiting structures, use of an appropriate and current taxonomic key, and time spent studying the specimen. More surveys are greatly needed to assess the abundance and distribution of Myriophyllum quitense Montana.
Navarretia divaricata Divaricate Navarretia	10/31/2019	Navarretia divaricata in Lesica et al. (2012) is based on a 1981 herbarium specimen (MONT 68910) collected in a pasture in Sanders County that was re-determined independently by Leigh Johnson (author for the Navarretia treatment for Flora of North America) and Matt Lavin (MONT curator) to be Navarretia squarrosa. In October 2019, retired USFS Botanist Craig Odegard brought to the MONTU herbarium his 2017 collection of Navarretia divaricata which came from a different location in Sanders County and has been verified by Shannon Kimball (MONTU Curator).
Muhlenbergia minutissima Annual Muhly	10/31/2019	Muhlenbergia minutissima is known from 7 locations observed from 1895 to 2015 in central and western Montana. It is also reported to occur in northeast Montana, but specimens have not been located (Peterson in FNA 2003). A 1941 occurrence near Belgrade has been searched for in recent decades, but not re-located (Matt Lavin personal communication). Plants can occupy disturbed areas, yet populations may not be persisting. Surveys that bring forth current data on locations, populations sizes, habitat requirements, or threats is needed.
Muhlenbergia andina Foxtail Muhly	10/31/2019	Muhlenbergia andina occurs widely scattered in western and south-central Montana. It grows in damp places, but often with well-drained soils. It can be found along streams, in wet meadows and seeps, and around hot springs. The low number of collections in combination with limited habitat and/or specific micro-habitat characteristics indicates it is either rare, declining, or over-looked in floristic surveys. Current data on locations, population sizes, habitat, and threats is greatly needed to better assess its status in Montana.
Dichanthelium acuminatum Panic Grass	10/31/2019	Dichanthelium acuminatum is common and ubiquitous in most of the U.S. and Canada (Freekmann and Lelong in FNA 2007). The species is polymorphic and 10 major subspecies have been described, but many overlap in characteristics and widespread introgression from other Dichanthium species contributes to taxonomic difficulties (Freekmann and Lelong in FNA 2007). However, only subspecies sericeum has been documented in Montana Dichanthelium acuminatum susp. sericeum colonizes wet soils around the edges of hot springs. It occurs widely scattered through south-central, southwest, and northwest Montana, where it can be locally common. Observation data is aging, and some re-visits to known populations did not re-locate the grass. Given its narrow habitat requirements, potential threats from ground disturbance and recreation, and lack of current data a Species of Concern rank is warranted. Current data on locations, population sizes, threats, and how it responds to natural and manmade disturbances are greatly needed.
<b>Isoetes howellii</b> Howell's Quillwort	9/25/2018	Isoetes howellii is known from about 5 locations in Northwestern Montana. Based on limited information threats appear to be minimal, but survey work to document locations, population sizes, and threats is greatly needed
Isoetes echinospora Spiny-spore Quillwort	9/25/2018	Isoetes echinospora is known from 8 occurrences scattered in western Montana. At one occurrence, the species has been observed in 1940, 1967, and 1998 indicating persistence. However, current survey work is need to document locations, population sizes, and threats.
Isoetes occidentalis Western Quillwort	9/25/2018	Isoetes occidentalis is known from two locations in northwest Montana. Survey work to identify other locations, document population sizes, and determine threats is greatly needed.
Celastrus scandens Bittersweet	9/25/2018	Celastrus scandens occurs frequently in woodlands, rocky hillsides, thickets, fence rows, and roadsides in the Great Plains (McGregor 1986). The previous SH rank in Montana was based on a vague location provided on a 192 herbarium specimen. In recent years it has been been collected at four locations in woody draws. It appears that the Montana sites represent the western edge of its range, and currently it ranks as an S1. Additional survey of woody draws are needed to accurately document its distribution and population size in Montana.

ADDITIONS TO STAT	EWIDE LI	ST
SPECIES	DATE	NOTES
Astragalus ceramicus var. filifolius Painted Milkvetch	9/25/2018	Astragalus ceramicus variety filifolius is associated with sandy soils of the sandhills and sandstone outcrops in eastern Montana. It is known from about 20 occurrences observed mostly from 1983 to 2000. Some populations occur in State Parks, and current data on population sizes and theats is needed. The Flora of the Great Plains (1986) considered it rare in the Great Plains except for the Nebraska sandhill region where it was somewhat common. Based on aging data, limited distribution, and an association to specific habitat types it is considered a Species of Concern.
Impatiens aurella Pale-yellow Jewel-weed	9/25/2018	Impatiens aurella is known from about 20 locations documented from 1886 to 2016. It is consider uncommon in Lake and Flathead Counties, where the majority of observations have been found, and rare in other counties of western Montana. It grows in wet, often organic soil in both disturbed and undisturbed wetlands, and rarely appears abundant. However, it may require or persist better with some hydrological disturbance. Re-visits to known locations and more surveys are needed to better document locations, population sizes, and threats.
Astragalus ceramicus Pottery Milkvetch	9/25/2018	Astragalus ceramicus variety filifolius is associated with sandy soils of the sandhills and sandstone outcrops in eastern Montana. It is known from about 20 occurrences observed mostly from 1983 to 2000. Some populations occur in State Parks, and current data on population sizes and theats is needed. The Flora of the Great Plains (1986) considered it rare in the Great Plains except for the Nebraska sandhill region where it was somewhat common. Based on aging data, limited distribution, and an association to specific habitat types it is considered a Species of Concern.
Artemisia tilesii Tilesius Wormwood	9/25/2018	Artemisia tilesii is known from seven locations located at higher elevations in western Montana. The species can be difficult to separate from Artemisia ludoviciana and A. michauxiana. Survey work to identify occurrences, determine population sizes, and assess threats is greatly needed before re-evaluating its status.
Carex amplifolia Big-leaf Sedge	9/25/2018	Carex amplifolia occurs in temperate western North America where it is usually uncommon or rare from coastal lowlands to middle elevations in the mountains (FNA 2002). The previous SH rank in Montana was based on a 1978 herbarium specimen. In recent years it has been collected from several wetlands in Sanders and Flathead Counties. Additional wetland surveys are needed to accurately document its distribution and population size in Montana.
Cryptogramma cascadensis Cascade Rockbrake	9/27/2017	Cryptogramma cascadensis is known from 11 locations in western Montana, of which 2 locations are poorly defined and considered historical, 5 locations occur in Wilderness areas, and the remaining 4 locations occur on U.S. Forest Service lands. Although the fern is thought to be undercollected and could be more common, current population and location data is needed to remove this plant from the Species of Concern list.
Marsilea oligospora Pepperwort	9/27/2017	Marsilea oligospora has relatively recently been segregated from Marsilea vestita (FNA 1993). It is quite common around Ninepipes National Wildlife Refuge, but has not been documented elsewhere in Montana. Observation data is greatly needed to further assess its distribution and viability in Montana.
Almutaster pauciflorus Alkali Marsh Aster	9/27/2017	Almutaster pauciflorus was first documented in 1988, and is now known from five sites in central and northeastern Montana. It grows in wet meadows or calcareous soil of fens within the plains.
Ligusticum verticillatum Idaho Lovage	9/27/2017	Ligusticum verticillatum occurs in northern Idaho, western Montana, and British Columbia. It has been found in Lincoln and Ravalli Counties, growing in moist forests and meadows of spruce-fir habitats, becoming common in Idaho. Herbarium specimens from Missoula and Granite Counties may be mis-identified. Current data on locations, population sizes, and threats is greatly needed.
Lobelia kalmii Kalm's Lobelia	9/27/2017	Lobelia kalmii occurs in fens and other high-organic wetlands in northwest, central, and northeast Montana. Approximately 34 observations have been made at about 23 unique locations. The central Montana location has not been observed since 1934. Current observation, population size, and threat information at documented sites is needed.
Castilleja kerryana Kerry's Paintbrush	9/27/2017	Castilleja kerryana is a recently recognized species that is found in alpine habitat within a portion of the Scapegoat Wilderness in Montana. Populations tend to be small and scattered on slopes and ridges, and apparently absent on broad, fairly flat alpine terrain. Although Castilleja species in general have brittle stems that are easily damaged by livestock, grazing is not known to occur where Kerry's Paintbrush grows. The plant appears to be limited geographically in Montana, and additional surveys are needed to accurately determine its range.
Berberis nervosa Longleaf Oregon-grape	9/27/2017	Berberis nervosa is disjunct in northern Idaho. In Montana it is known from 2-3 locations in Sanders County, of which one population in 2001 is reported to have over 1,000 plants. Additional data on locations and population sizes are greatly needed.
Triodanis leptocarpa Slim-pod Venus'-looking-glass	9/27/2017	Triodanis leptocarpa is common in the southern Great Plains and extends into eastern and central Montana. It occurs in grasslands, grass-dominated rocky slopes, and sagebrush-dominated grasslands. It has been found in grazed and ungrazed lands and appears to tolerate some disturbance. Approximately 14 locations were documented prior to 1958 and occur in central Montana. Approximately 14 locations were documented since 1974 and mostly occur in eastern Montana. Re-visits to known locations and current population data is greatly needed.
Carex glacialis Alpine Sedge	9/27/2017	Carex glacialis occurs throughout Canada, and has recently been discovered in the United States where it occurs at 4 locations in Montana. It grows in limestone fellfield habitats within the alpine. Populations are few, but appear stable. Surveys are needed to explore potential habitat, map its distribution, and determine population sizes.
Lilium columbianum Columbia Lily	9/27/2017	Lilium columbianum is currently only known from Lincoln County, where six locations have been documented in the 1980's and 1990's. This species is vulnerable to extirpation in Montana because its attractiveness, potential to be over-collected, and limited range. Native lilies have rarely survived in gardens. Current information on known locations is greatly needed.
Scolochloa festucacea Sprangletop	9/27/2017	Scolochloa festucacea occurs through most of Canada and in portions of mid-western and western States. In Montana it is known from 3 locations collected from 1949 to 1999 in Flathead County. A fourth location from a specimen with a poorly defined location in Carbon county needs to be verified. Surveys to find this species have been unsuccessful.
Lilium philadelphicum Wood Lily	9/27/2017	Lilium philadelphicum has a patchy, but wide distribution in Montana, and is often found in specialized habitats. Observations in eastern Montana have not been made since the 1930's and 1940's. This species is vulnerable to extirpation in Montana because of its attractiveness, potential to be over-collected, and habitat requirements. Native lilies have rarely survived in gardens. Current information on known locations, especially in the eastern counties, is greatly needed.
Asplenium trichomanes- ramosum Limestone Maidenhair Spleenwort	10/4/2016	Limited habitat in MT. Limited populations.
Equisetum palustre Marsh Horsetail	10/4/2016	Equisetum palustre is known from a small number of sites in seven counties of western Montana.
Equisetum pratense Meadow Horsetail	10/4/2016	Equisetum pratense has accurately been identified to occur in a few places within three counties of Montana.
Trifolium cyathiferum Cup Clover	10/4/2016	Trifolium cyathiferum occurs in two counties with limited information on population size. One occurrence was re-visited in 1998 and found to be absent due to habitat succession.
Delphinium glaucum Pale Larkspur	10/4/2016	Based on the discrepancy in the number of herbarium specimens identified as Delphinium glaucum (CPNWH 2015) and in its Montana County distribution (Lesica 2012), there seems to be an issue in how to accurately identify this species. Specimens deposited in herbaria outside of Montana will need to be examined before it can be demonstrated that this plant is more widely distributed.

ADDITIONS TO STATI	EWIDE LIS	S Τ	
SPECIES	DATE	NOTES	
Delphinium depauperatum Slim Larkspur	10/4/2016	Delphinium depauperatum has been identified in Beaverhead, Flathead, and possibly Jefferson Counties in western Montana. It is found in common habitats, yet relatively few occurrences have been documented.	
Trifolium microcephalum Woolly Clover	10/4/2016	Trifolium microcephalum occurs in two counties of Montana with limited population sizes.	
Descurainia torulosa Wyoming Tansymustard	10/4/2016	Descurainia torulosa is known in Montana from one location in Park County; in Wyoming this species is also considered rare.	
Piperia elongata Dense-flower Rein Orchid	10/4/2016	In Montana Piperia elongata is known from a single 1957 herbarium specimen collected in Lincoln County, and more recently from a few photographed specimens from Flathead, Lake, and Missoula Counties. However, the more recent observations lack data on population size and extent, habitat condition, threats, and other information. Surveys are needed to better document its status in Montana.	
Allium geyeri var. geyeri Geyer's Onion	10/4/2016	In Montana this variety of Allium geyeri has been found in limited numbers with a limited distribution.	
Bolboschoenus fluviatilis River Bulrush	10/4/2016	Accurate identifications of Bolboshchoenus fluviatilis are found in very few populations within three counties of Montana.	
Stellaria crassifolia Fleshy Stitchwort	6/18/2014	Rare in Montana where it is known from a few sparsely distributed locations.	
Utricularia ochroleuca Northern Bladderwort	6/18/2014	Rare in Montana, where it is currently known from one population that may be detrimentally impacted by an adjacent gravelpit.	
Senecio integerrimus var. scribneri Scribner's Ragwort	4/2/2013	Regional endemic with the core of its range in Montana. Few documented locations, though the species may be under-reported/under-collected. Some loss and degradation of habitat has likely occurred, primarily from agricultural uses.	
Physaria pachyphylla Thick-leaf Bladderpod	11/5/2012	Local Endemic restricted to Carbon County and probably adjacent Big Horn County as well as adjacent WY. Currently known from only a few observations.	
Pedicularis pulchella Mountain Lousewort	11/1/2012	Regional endemic from southern Montana and adjacent Wyoming with few documented locations, though the species may be under-reported/under-collected. High-elevation habitat does not appear to be at risk. Collection of additional population information may show that the viability of the species is not at risk in the state.	
Mimulus clivicola North Idaho Monkeyflower	4/22/2011	Recently documented in Montana from 1 collection from 2010.	
Erigeron grandiflorus Large-flower Fleabane	2/14/2011	Known in Montana from only a couple of collections.	
Botrychium lunaria Common Moonwort	2/11/2011	Rare in the state. Few observation records and population levels are poorly documented.	
Botrychium lanceolatum Lanceleaf Moonwort	2/11/2011	Rare in the state. Very few observation records and population levels are poorly documented.	
Botrychium simplex Least Moonwort	2/11/2011	Rare in the state. Very few observation records and population levels are poorly documented.	
Botrychium pinnatum Northern Moonwort	2/11/2011	Rare in the state. Very few observation records and population levels are poorly documented.	
Pinus albicaulis Whitebark Pine	2/11/2011	Large declines in population levels and continued threats from white pine blister rust and mountain pine beetle attacks threaten the long-term viability of the species.	
Mimulus floribundus Floriferous Monkeyflower	2/11/2011	Known in Montana from two historical collections.	
Symphyotrichum molle Soft Aster	2/11/2011	Known in Montana from 1 collection from the Bighorn Mtns. Though its exact status is uncertain, its rarity warrants its inclusion as a Species of Concern.	
Mimulus hymenophyllus Thinsepal monkeyflower	2/11/2011	Known in Montana from only 1 locality.	
Penstemon humilis Low Beardtongue	12/16/2010	Known in Montana from 1 collection from Beaverhead County.	
Douglasia conservatorum Bloom Peak Douglasia	3/16/2010	Described as a new species in 2010 based on a single location along the Idaho/Montana border.	
Senecio elmeri Elmer's Ragwort	10/26/2009	Senecio elmeri is the correct identity for the single Montana location of what was previously and incorrectly called Senecio spribillei.	
Physaria ludoviciana Silver Bladderpod	6/8/2009	Restricted in Montana to sandy sites in the extreme eastern portion of the state.	

ADDITIONS TO STATE	WIDE LIS	57
SPECIES	DATE	NOTES
Botrychium sp. 4 Adnate Moonwort	2/1/2008	A recently described species which is globally rare and recently discovered in northwest Montana.
Botrychium gallicomontanum Frenchman's Bluff Moonwort	2/1/2008	A recently described species which is globally rare and recently discovered in northwest Montana.
Botrychium michiganense Michigan Moonwort	2/1/2008	A recently described species which is globally rare and recently discovered in northwest Montana.
Botrychium tunux Moosewort	2/1/2008	A recently described species which is globally rare and recently discovered in northwest Montana.
Botrychium yaaxudakeit Yakutat Moonwort	2/1/2008	A recently described species which is globally rare and recently discovered in northwest Montana.
Delphinium burkei Meadow Larkspur	2/1/2008	Rare. Currently known from a few locations in western Montana in mesic meadows and grasslands.
Castilleja nivea Snow Indian Paintbrush	12/14/2007	Rare. Currently known from only a few collections from sw and south-central Montana mountain ranges. Most of these collections were made more than 30 years ago.
Cirsium pulcherrimum Wyoming Thistle	12/15/2006	
Botrychium montanum Mountain Moonwort	6/1/2006	
Collomia debilis var. camporum Alpine Collomia	6/1/2006	
Erigeron allocotus Big Horn Fleabane	6/1/2006	
Draba daviesiae Bitterroot Draba	6/1/2006	
Ipomoea leptophylla Bush morning-glory	6/1/2006	
Penstemon caryi Cary's Beardtongue	6/1/2006	
Cardamine rupicola Cliff Toothwort	6/1/2006	
Polygonum polygaloides ssp. confertiflorum Dense-flower Knotweed	6/1/2006	
Senecio eremophilus Desert Groundsel	6/1/2006	
Physaria klausii Divide Bladderpod	6/1/2006	
Erigeron flabellifolius Fan-leaved Fleabane	6/1/2006	
Castilleja crista-galli Greater Red Indian Paintbrush	6/1/2006	
Oxytropis lagopus var. conjugans Hare's-foot Locoweed	6/1/2006	
Delphinium bicolor ssp. calcicola Limestone Larkspur	6/1/2006	
Pediomelum hypogaeum var. hypogaeum Little Indian Breadroot	6/1/2006	
Camissonia subacaulis Long-leaf Evening-primrose	6/1/2006	

ADDITIONS TO STAT	TEWIDE LIS	бт
SPECIES	DATE	NC
Cirsium longistylum Long-styled Thistle	6/1/2006	Γ
Synthyris canbyi Mission Mountain kittentails	6/1/2006	Ť
Brickellia oblongifolia Mojave Brickellbush	6/1/2006	Ť
Eriogonum brevicaule var. canum Parasol Buckwheat	6/1/2006	
Erigeron parryi Parry's Fleabane	6/1/2006	
Pedicularis contorta var. ctenophora Pink Coil-beaked Lousewort	6/1/2006	
Eriogonum soliceps Railroad Canyon Wild Buckwheat	6/1/2006	-
Sphaeromeria capitata Rock-tansy	6/1/2006	
Physaria saximontana var. dentata Rocky Mountain Twinpod	6/1/2006	
Pedicularis crenulata Scallop-leaf Lousewort	6/1/2006	-
Pedicularis contorta var. rubicunda Selway Coil-beaked Lousewort	6/1/2006	
Castilleja gracillima Slender Indian Paintbrush	6/1/2006	
Townsendia spathulata Sword Townsend-daisy	6/1/2006	
Draba crassa Thick-leaf Whitlow-grass	6/1/2006	
Penstemon flavescens Yellow Beardtongue	6/1/2006	1
Calamagrostis tweedyi Cascade reedgrass	6/1/2006	
Listera borealis Northern Twayblade	6/1/2006	
Papaver pygmaeum Alpine Glacier Poppy	6/1/2001	
Salix cascadensis Cascade Willow	6/1/2001	
Githopsis specularioides Common Blue-cup	6/1/2001	
Physaria douglasii Douglas Bladderpod	6/1/2001	
Viola selkirkii Great-spurred Violet	6/1/2001	
Cryptantha humilis Round-headed Cryptantha	6/1/2001	
Mimulus ringens Square-stem Monkeyflower	6/1/2001	

ADDITIONS TO STATE	WIDE LIS	ат
SPECIES	DATE	NOTES
Carex chalciolepis Copper-scale Sedge	6/1/2001	Previously referred to as C. chalciolepis
Carex lacustris Lake-bank Sedge	6/1/2001	
Acorus americanus Sweetflag	6/1/2001	
Botrychium pallidum Pale Moonwort	3/1/1999	
Balsamorhiza hookeri Hooker's Balsamroot	3/1/1999	
Alnus rubra Red Alder	3/1/1999	
Erigeron tener Slender Fleabane	3/1/1999	
Mimulus ampliatus Stalk-leaved Monkeyflower	3/1/1999	Previously referred to as M. patulus
Ribes laxiflorum Trailing Black Currant	3/1/1999	
Puccinellia lemmonii Lemmon's Alkaligrass	3/1/1999	
Sisyrinchium septentrionale Northern Blue-eyed-grass	3/1/1999	
Carex pallescens Palish Sedge	3/1/1999	
Lycopodium sitchense Alaskan Clubmoss	6/1/1997	
Botrychium campestre Prairie Moonwort	6/1/1997	
Botrychium pedunculosum Stalked Moonwort	6/1/1997	
Eriogonum visheri Visher's Buckwheat	6/1/1997	
Carex chalciolepis Copper-scale Sedge	6/1/1997	Previously referred to as C. chalciolepis
Carex nelsonii Nelson's Sedge	6/1/1997	
Carex vaginata Sheathed Sedge	6/1/1997	
Evax prolifera Big-head Evax	5/1/1996	
Potentilla hyparctica Low Arctic Cinquefoil	5/1/1996	
Elatine brachysperma Short-seeded Waterwort	5/1/1996	
Eriophorum viridicarinatum Green-keeled Cottonsedge	5/1/1996	
Carex prairea Prairie Sedge	5/1/1996	
Spiranthes diluvialis Ute Ladies'-tresses	5/1/1996	

ADDITIONS TO STATE	WIDE LIS	хт
SPECIES	DATE	NOTES
Botrychium lineare Linearleaf Moonwort	5/1/1995	
Physaria brassicoides Double Bladderpod	5/1/1995	
Heterotheca villosa var. depressa Low Hairy Goldenaster	5/1/1995	
Lomatogonium rotatum Marsh Felwort	5/1/1995	
Primula incana Mealy Primrose	5/1/1995	
Lomatium nuttallii Nuttall Desert-parsley	5/1/1995	
Asclepias ovalifolia Ovalleaf Milkweed	5/1/1995	
Eustoma grandiflorum Showy Prairie-gentian	5/1/1995	
Gymnosteris parvula Small-flower Gymnosteris	5/1/1995	
Asclepias incarnata Swamp Milkweed	5/1/1995	
Poa laxa ssp. banffiana Banff Bluegrass	5/1/1995	
Trisetum orthochaetum Missoula County Oats	5/1/1995	
Scirpus pendulus Pendulous Bulrush	5/1/1995	
Poa arnowiae Short-leaved Bluegrass	5/1/1995	Previously called P. curta
Eriophorum gracile Slender Cottongrass	5/1/1995	
Botrychium ascendens Upward-lobed Moonwort	5/1/1994	
Pyrrocoma carthamoides var. subsquarrosa Beartooth Large-flowered Goldenweed	5/1/1994	
Physalis heterophylla Clammy Ground-cherry	5/1/1994	
Senecio pauciflorus Few-flowered Butterweed	5/1/1994	
Penstemon globosus Globe Beardtongue	5/1/1994	
Stellaria jamesiana James Stitchwort	5/1/1994	
Delphinium bicolor ssp. calcicola Limestone Larkspur	5/1/1994	Referrable to D. bicolor ssp. novum prior to 1995
Cryptantha humilis Round-headed Cryptantha	5/1/1994	
Townsendia leptotes Slender Townsend-daisy	5/1/1994	

ADDITIONS TO STAT	EWID <u>E LIS</u>	S Т
SPECIES	DATE	ł
Ipomopsis minutiflora Small-flower Ipomopsis	5/1/1994	Ĩ
Lomatium attenuatum Taper-tip Desert-parsley	5/1/1994	-
Physaria didymocarpa var.	5/1/1994	-
lanata Woolly Twinpod		
Saxifraga hirculus Yellow Marsh Saxifrage	5/1/1994	
Carex luzulina var. atropurpurea Black and Purple Sedge	5/1/1994	
Oryzopsis contracta Contracted Indian Ricegrass	5/1/1994	
Scheuchzeria palustris Pod Grass	5/1/1994	-
Cyperus erythrorhizos Red-root Flatsedge	5/1/1994	
Eriophorum scheuchzeri Scheuchzer Cotton-grass	5/1/1994	-
Primula alcalina Alkali Primrose	4/1/1993	
Alpine Glacier Poppy	4/1/1993	
Draba daviesiae Bitterroot Draba	4/1/1993	-
Sphaeromeria argentea	4/1/1993	-
Chicken-sage	4/1/1993	
Cliff Toothwort Oxytropis campestris var.	4/1/1993	
columbiana Columbia Locoweed		
Erigeron flabellifolius Fan-leaved Fleabane	4/1/1993	
Cuscuta pentagona Field Dodder	4/1/1993	
Oxytropis lagopus var. conjugans	4/1/1993	
Hare's-foot Locoweed Cymopterus hendersonii	4/1/1993	_
Henderson's Wavewing Penstemon grandiflorus	4/1/1993	-
Large Flowered Beardtongue		_
Braya humilis Low Braya	4/1/1993	
Viguiera multiflora Many-flowered Viguiera	4/1/1993	
Stenotus multicaulis Many-stem Goldenweed	4/1/1993	
Cryptantha scoparia Miner's Candle	4/1/1993	

ADDITIONS TO STATE	WIDE LIS	ST
SPECIES	DATE	NOTES
Synthyris canbyi Mission Mountain kittentails	4/1/1993	
Nama densum <sub>Nama</sub>	4/1/1993	
Oxytropis deflexa var. foliolosa Nodding Locoweed	4/1/1993	
Eriogonum ovalifolium var. ovalifolium Oval-leaf Buckwheat	4/1/1993	Previously referred to as E. ovalifolium var. nevadense
Eriogonum brevicaule var. canum Parasol Buckwheat	4/1/1993	E. lagopus
Oxytropis parryi Parry's Locoweed	4/1/1993	
Physalis pumila ssp. hispida Prairie Ground-cherry	4/1/1993	Previously referred to as P. virginiana var. hispida
Sphaeromeria capitata Rock-tansy	4/1/1993	
Physaria saximontana var. dentata Rocky Mountain Twinpod	4/1/1993	
Draba globosa Round-fruited Draba	4/1/1993	
Claytonia arenicola Sand Springbeauty	4/1/1993	
Pedicularis contorta var. rubicunda Selway Coil-beaked Lousewort	4/1/1993	
Mimulus breviflorus Short-flowered Monkeyflower	4/1/1993	
Pediocactus simpsonii Simpson's Hedgehog Cactus	4/1/1993	
Camissonia parvula Small Camissonia	4/1/1993	
Eriogonum salsuginosum Smooth Buckwheat	4/1/1993	
Chenopodium subglabrum Smooth Goosefoot	4/1/1993	
Solidago velutina Three-nerved Goldenrod	4/1/1993	
Transberingia bursifolia ssp. virgata Twiggy Halimolobos	4/1/1993	
Symphyotrichum lanceolatum White Panicle Aster	4/1/1993	Previously referred to as Aster simplex var. ramosissimus
Polygonum polygaloides White-margin Knotweed	4/1/1993	
Penstemon flavescens Yellow Beardtongue	4/1/1993	
Muhlenbergia minutissima Annual Muhly	4/1/1993	

ADDITIONS TO STAT	EWIDE LIS	ς т
SPECIES	DATE	NC
Carex rostrata Glaucus Beaked Sedge	4/1/1993	
Phippsia algida Ice Grass	4/1/1993	T
Carex eburnea Ivory Sedge	4/1/1993	Ţ
Stipa lettermanii Letterman's Needlegrass	4/1/1993	1
Liparis loeselii Loesel's Twayblade	4/1/1993	
Trisetum orthochaetum Missoula County Oats	4/1/1993	-
Agrostis mertensii Northern Bentgrass	4/1/1993	-
Scirpus pallidus Pale Bulrush	4/1/1993	-
Eriophorum callitrix Sheathed Cotton-grass	4/1/1993	1
Acorus americanus Sweetflag	4/1/1993	
Juncus triglumis Three-flowered Rush	4/1/1993	T
Stipa thurberiana Thurber's Needlegrass	4/1/1993	T
Dichanthelium wilcoxianum Wilcox's Panic Grass	4/1/1993	

## This section is not Filtered

SPECIES REMOVED FF	ROM STAT	TEWIDE LIST	
SPECIES	DATE	NOTES	
Erigeron grandiflorus Large-flower Fleabane	9/10/2021	Erigeron grandiflorus (PDAST3M1S0) was combined with Erigeron simplex (PDAST3M3T0) by FNA and has a widespread distribution in relatively secure alpine habitats.	
Carex multicostata Many-ribbed Sedge	9/1/2021	A statewide review of this species is warranted given changes in its nomenclature and uncertainty in the identification of many specimens.	
Castilleja cervina Deer Indian Paintbrush	3/25/2021	Castilleja cervina is not documented in Montana (MTNHP Status Review in 2021). It was included in the Flora of Montana (Booth and Wright 1966) and <u>Vascular Plants of Montana</u> (Dorn 1984) possibly based on a specimen collected by R.S. Williams (1029) from "Columbia Falls, Mont." on July 10, 1894 and deposited at the Montana State University Herbarium (MONT 2775). However Mark Egger, author for the <i>Castilleja</i> treatment in the Flora North America, determined that the specimen is <i>Castilleja flava</i> , which does match the identification for another Williams 1029 specimen collected on July 18, 1894 in "Columbia Falls," and deposited at the University of Montana Herbarium (MONT 2775). However Mark Egger, Beroks 1999) is most likely <i>Castilleja flava</i> which does match the identification for another Williams 1029 specimen collected on July 18, 1894 in "Columbia Falls" and deposited at the University of Montana Herbarium (MONTU 7081) (Egger pers. Comm.). A specimen collected in 1990 and deposited at the Rocky Mountain Herbarium (RM 561358; Brooks 19999) is most likely <i>Castilleja flava</i> based on the location but not the specimen itself (Egger pers. comm.). <i>Castilleja cervina</i> is known from neighboring British Columbia and Alberta in Canada. If it does occur in Montana, it should be looked for in the very northwestern portion of the state (Egger pers. comm.). A conservation status rank is not applicable (SNA) because this plant is not known to occur in Montana.	
Pediomelum hypogaeum var. hypogaeum Little Indian Breadroot	6/10/2013	Moved to PSOC status. Status re-determined as relatively low risk, low to moderate priority due to widespread geographic range, occurrence in over a dozen subwatersheds and low threat levels. Population numbers are small according to the limited data available, though additional surveys would likely find more populations as well as document many more individuals.	
Sphaeralcea munroana White-stemmed globemallow	5/30/2013	Species was moved to PSOC status pending the collection and availability of additional information concerning the species' conservation needs and population dynamics in Montana. Most documented occurrences are from roadsides and these may be adventive or introductions.	
Polygonum austiniae Austin's Knotweed	5/29/2013	Status re-determined as relatively low risk, low to moderate priority due to widespread geographic range, occurrence in many subwatersheds, low threat levels and habitat trends that appear to be stable.	
Phlox andicola Plains Phlox	5/29/2013	Status re-determined as relatively low risk, low to moderate priority due to widespread geographic range, moderate population levels, low intrinsic vulnerability and low threat levels.	
Solidago velutina Three-nerved Goldenrod	5/24/2013	Species is only known in Montana from one 1980 collection in the Stillwater River Valley with little additional data available. Until additional documentation on the species distribution, abundance, habitat preferences and vulnerbaility becomes available, status as a Species of Concern is unwarranted.	
Ranunculus hyperboreus High Northern Buttercup	5/20/2013	Status re-determined as low risk, low priority due to relatively widespread geographic range, occurrence in numerous subwatersheds and low threat levels. Additionally, the species does not appear to be restricted to rare habitats nor have instrinsic characteristics that make it especially vulnerable. See state rank details for additional information.	
Sphenopholis intermedia Slender Wedgegrass	2/22/2013	Rare to uncommon in the state, where it is sporadically distributed in various mesic sites. Species may respond favorably to some disturbance and threats appear to be minimal, as such its viability in the state does appear to be at significant risk. As a result, the species was moved to the Potential Species of Concern Status pending additional information.	
Balsamorhiza macrophylla Large-leaved Balsamroot	1/4/2013	Status re-determined as relatively low risk, low to moderate priority due to combination of moderate population levels, low threat levels, and habitat trends that appear to be stable. Additionally, the species does not appear to be restricted to rare habitats nor have instrinsic characteristics that make it especially vulnerable.	
Botrychium montanum Mountain Moonwort	6/7/2012	Status re-determined as relatively low risk, low to moderate priority due to widespread geographic range, occurrence in many subwatersheds, low threat levels and habitat trends that appear to be stable.	
Cirsium brevistylum Short-styled Thistle	6/7/2012	Dropped from SOC status pending additional information and a re-evaluation of its status to determine if the species' viability or its habitat is at risk. Unclear if the species has benefited or expanded its range from human- caused disturbances.	
Botrychium lunaria Common Moonwort	6/1/2012	Status re-determined as low risk, low priority due to widespread geographic range, occurrence in numerous subwatersheds, low threat levels and habitat trends that appear to be stable. See additional state rank details.	
Stellaria crassifolia Fleshy Stitchwort	5/29/2012	Species is poorly documented from Montana and its conservation priority and needs cannot be accurately assessed without additional information. Dropped from SOC status pending additional information and a re-evaluation of its status to determine if the species' viability or its habitat is at risk.	
Stellaria jamesiana James Stitchwort	5/29/2012	Species is poorly documented from Montana and its conservation priority and needs cannot be accurately assessed without additional information. Dropped from SOC status pending additional information and a re-evaluation of its status to determine if the species' viability or its habitat is at risk.	
Suckleya suckleyana Poison Suckleya	5/29/2012	Species is poorly documented from Montana and its conservation priority and needs cannot be accurately assessed without additional information. Dropped from SOC status pending additional information and a re-evaluation of its status to determine if the species' viability or its habitat is at risk.	
Listera borealis Northern Twayblade	5/4/2012	Status re-determined as low risk, low priority due to widespread geographic range, occurrence in many subwatersheds, low threat levels and habitat trends that appear to be stable.	
<b>Juncus hallii</b> Hall's Rush	3/12/2012	Status re-determined as low risk, low priority due to its occurrence in at least 15 subwatersheds, low threat levels, habitat trends that appear stable and overall low risk scores in all vulnerability factors.	
Sphaeromeria capitata Rock-tansy	1/5/2012	Regional endemic, though population levels are robust, threats to the species' viability are minimal and large areas of intact habitat exist.	
Penstemon globosus Globe Beardtongue	3/18/2011	Though rare in the state, it is more common and widespread in southwest Montana than previously reported by MTNHP. Its habitat and viability generally do not appear to be at risk in Montana.	
Castilleja crista-galli Greater Red Indian Paintbrush	3/18/2011	Though uncommon in the state, it is more common and widespread in southwest Montana than previously reported by MTNHP. Its habitat and viability generally do not appear to be at risk in Montana.	

SPECIES REMOVED FF	ROM STAT	TEWIDE LIST
SPECIES	DATE	NOTES
Potentilla uniflora One-flowered Cinquefoil	3/1/2011	Though rare in the state, the species does not appear to be at any significant risk of extirpation as a result of relatively healthy population levels and lack of threats to those populations and the species' habitat.
Poa arnowiae Short-leaved Bluegrass	3/3/2010	Moved to Status Under Review pending further taxonomic clarification of Poa anowiae in relation to Poa wheeleri and the previously used name Poa curta. Additional review of Montana material is needed.
Eustoma grandiflorum Showy Prairie-gentian	2/11/2010	Removed from SOC status due to insufficient information on the habitat and locality of the single Montana collection. May have been an isolated introduction into the state.
Townsendia spathulata Sword Townsend-daisy	9/16/2009	The species' viability in the state does not appear to be at risk due in part to its relatively widespread distribution in southwest and south-central montana and its overall abundance.
Delphinium bicolor ssp. calcicola Limestone Larkspur	9/11/2009	A Montana endemic that is widespread in sw Montana and locally common in some habitats. The viability of this endemic subspecies does not appear to be at risk.
Orogenia linearifolia Great Basin Indian-potato	5/27/2009	More common than previously known with few potential threats to the viability of the species in MT
Ranunculus jovis Jove's Buttercup	5/27/2009	More common than previously known with very few potential threats to the viability of the species in MT
Erigeron radicatus Taprooted Fleabane	4/8/2008	Removed due to overall abundance and lack of threats to high elevation habitats.
Eriogonum brevicaule var. canum Parasol Buckwheat	12/15/2006	Locally common in parts of Carbon and Big Horn Counties.
Trifolium cyathiferum Cup Clover	6/1/2006	Status of the species in Montana requires additional review. At least 2 of the 3 documented locations in Montana are likely adventive.
Senecio pauciflorus Few-flowered Butterweed	6/1/2006	Status of the species in Montana requires additional review.
Carex chalciolepis Copper-scale Sedge	6/1/2006	Reports of this species from Montana require additional review.
Carex pallescens Palish Sedge	6/1/2006	Occurrences of this species in Montana are likely introduced.
Cypripedium parviflorum Small Yellow Lady's-slipper	6/1/2006	Moved to PSOC list due in part to the number of known occurrences, level of threat to the species and the relatively wide distribution in the state.
Cirsium longistylum Long-styled Thistle	12/15/2004	Removed from SOC status at the time as a result of review showing that a state rank of S3 was warranted.
Lycopodium sitchense Alaskan Clubmoss	4/1/2003	
Botrychium montanum Mountain Moonwort	4/1/2003	
Allotropa virgata Candystick	4/1/2003	
Chrysosplenium tetrandrum Northern Golden-carpet	4/1/2003	
Castilleja gracillima Slender Indian Paintbrush	4/1/2003	
Carex livida Pale Sedge	4/1/2003	
Senecio eremophilus Desert Groundsel	6/1/2001	S. eremophilus var eremophilus
Eurybia glauca Gray Aster	6/1/2001	
Viola renifolia Kidney-leaf White Violet	6/1/2001	

SPECIES REMOVED FR		rewide List
SPECIES	DATE	NOTES
Pediomelum hypogaeum var. hypogaeum Little Indian Breadroot	6/1/2001	
Salix wolfii var. wolfii <sup>Wolf Willow</sup>	6/1/2001	
Carex magellanica Poor Sedge	6/1/2001	
Botrychium minganense Mingan Island Moonwort	3/1/1999	
Galix cascadensis Cascade Willow	3/1/1999	
Myosotis verna Early Forget-me-not	3/1/1999	
Conioselinum scopulorum Hemlock Parsley	3/1/1999	
Helenium hoopesii Orange Sneezeweed	3/1/1999	
<b>Cryptantha flavoculata</b> Pale Yellow Cryptantha	3/1/1999	
Agoseris lackschewitzii Pink Agoseris	3/1/1999	
Gentiana prostrata Pygmy Gentian	3/1/1999	
Cryptantha humilis Round-headed Cryptantha	3/1/1999	
Gentianella tenella Slender Gentian	3/1/1999	
Halenia deflexa Spurred Gentian	3/1/1999	
Bidens comosa Three-lobe Beggarticks	3/1/1999	
Carex neurophora Alpine Nerved Sedge	3/1/1999	
Calamagrostis tweedyi Cascade reedgrass	3/1/1999	
Carex chalciolepis Copper-scale Sedge	3/1/1999	Previously referred to as C. chalciolepis
Allium fibrillum Fringed Onion	3/1/1999	
Carex nelsonii Nelson's Sedge	3/1/1999	
Agrostis mertensii Northern Bentgrass	3/1/1999	
luncus triglumis Three-flowered Rush	3/1/1999	
Papaver pygmaeum Alpine Glacier Poppy	6/1/1997	
<b>Evax prolifera</b> Big-head Evax	6/1/1997	
Physaria klausii Divide Bladderpod	6/1/1997	

SPECIES REMOVED FR	ом стат	EWIDE LIST
SPECIES	DATE	NOTES
Erigeron flabellifolius Fan-leaved Fleabane	6/1/1997	
Cuscuta pentagona Field Dodder	6/1/1997	
Heterotheca villosa var. depressa Low Hairy Goldenaster	6/1/1997	Chrysopsis villosa
Eriogonum brevicaule var. canum Parasol Buckwheat	6/1/1997	E. lagopus
Spiraea x pyramidata Pyramidal Spiraea	6/1/1997	
Erigeron flagellaris Running Fleabane	6/1/1997	
Pedicularis contorta var. rubicunda Selway Coil-beaked Lousewort	6/1/1997	
Madia minima Small-headed Tarweed	6/1/1997	
Bidens vulgata Tall Bur-marigold	6/1/1997	Specifically B. vulgata var. schizantha
Symphyotrichum lanceolatum White Panicle Aster	6/1/1997	Previously referred to as Aster simplex var. ramosissimus
Polygonum polygaloides White-margin Knotweed	6/1/1997	
Lilium columbianum Columbia Lily	6/1/1997	
Oryzopsis contracta Contracted Indian Ricegrass	6/1/1997	
Eriophorum viridicarinatum Green-keeled Cottonsedge	6/1/1997	
Carex eburnea Ivory Sedge	6/1/1997	
Trisetum orthochaetum Missoula County Oats	6/1/1997	
Scirpus pendulus Pendulous Bulrush	6/1/1997	
Astragalus platytropis Broad-keeled Milkvetch	5/1/1996	
Penstemon caryi Cary's Beardtongue	5/1/1996	
Castilleja pilosa var. longispica Parrot-head Indian Paintbrush	5/1/1996	C. longispica
Physalis pumila ssp. hispida Prairie Ground-cherry	5/1/1996	Previously referred to as P. virginiana var. hispida
Carex luzulina var. atropurpurea Black and Purple Sedge	5/1/1996	
Carex torreyi Torrey's Sedge	5/1/1996	
Erigeron allocotus Big Horn Fleabane	5/1/1995	Regional endemic, secure

SPECIES REMOVED FF	ROM STAT	FEWIDE LIST
SPECIES	DATE	NOTES
Draba daviesiae Bitterroot Draba	5/1/1995	Regional endemic, secure
Physalis heterophylla Clammy Ground-cherry	5/1/1995	Adventive
Cardamine rupicola Cliff Toothwort	5/1/1995	State endemic, secure
Astragalus chamaeleuce Ground Milkvetch	5/1/1995	Many populations, low threats
Oxytropis lagopus var. conjugans Hare's-foot Locoweed	5/1/1995	State endemic, secure
Cymopterus hendersonii Henderson's Wavewing	5/1/1995	Taxonomic revision pending
Delphinium bicolor ssp. calcicola Limestone Larkspur	5/1/1995	Referable to D. bicolor ssp. novum prior to 1995
Ericameria discoidea var. linearis Linear-leaved Whitestem Goldenbush	5/1/1995	Many populations, low threats
Stenotus multicaulis Many-stem Goldenweed	5/1/1995	New populations, low threats
Synthyris canbyi Mission Mountain kittentails	5/1/1995	Regional endemic, secure
Sphaeromeria capitata Rock-tansy	5/1/1995	Many populations, low threats
Physaria saximontana var. dentata Rocky Mountain Twinpod	5/1/1995	
Epilobium suffruticosum Shrubby Willowherb	5/1/1995	Many populations, low threats
Gaultheria ovatifolia Slender Wintergreen	5/1/1995	Many populations, low threats
Lorandersonia linifolia Spearleaf Rabbitbrush	5/1/1995	Locally common, low threats
Townsendia spathulata Sword Townsend-daisy	5/1/1995	Many populations, low threats
Trifolium latifolium Twin Clover	5/1/1995	Many populations, low threats
Trifolium microcephalum Woolly Clover	5/1/1995	Many populations, low threats
Penstemon flavescens Yellow Beardtongue	5/1/1995	Regional endemic, secure
Muhlenbergia minutissima Annual Muhly	5/1/1995	Many populations, low threats
Eriophorum viridicarinatum Green-keeled Cottonsedge	5/1/1995	Many populations, locally common
Amphiscirpus nevadensis Nevada Clubrush	5/1/1995	Many populations, low threats
Scirpus pallidus Pale Bulrush	5/1/1995	Many populations, low threats
Dichanthelium acuminatum Panic Grass	5/1/1995	Many populations, low threats. Previously referred to as Panicum occidentale

SPECIES REMOVED FROM STATEWIDE LIST		
SPECIES	DATE	NOTES
Acorus americanus Sweetflag	5/1/1995	Specimen review needed
Stipa thurberiana Thurber's Needlegrass	5/1/1995	Probably accidental
Carex vallicola Valley Sedge	5/1/1995	Many populations, low threats
Dichanthelium wilcoxianum Wilcox's Panic Grass	5/1/1995	Many populations, low threats
Lycopodium alpinum Alpine Clubmoss	5/1/1994	More common than previously known
Orobanche corymbosa Flat-topped Broomrape	5/1/1994	More common than previously known
Stanleya viridiflora Green Prince's plume	5/1/1994	Limited distribution
Arenaria kingii King's Arenaria	5/1/1994	More common than previously known
Eriogonum ovalifolium var. ovalifolium Oval-leaf Buckwheat	5/1/1994	More common than previously known. Previously referred to as E. ovalifolium var. nevadense
Astragalus leptaleus Park Milkvetch	5/1/1994	Limited distribution
Castilleja flava var. rustica Rustic Indian Paintbrush	5/1/1994	More common than previously known. Many populations, low threats
Astragalus argophyllus Silver-leaved Milkvetch	5/1/1994	More common than previously known
Pediocactus simpsonii Simpson's Hedgehog Cactus	5/1/1994	More common than previously known
Erigeron gracilis Slender Fleabane	5/1/1994	More common than previously known
Mimulus suksdorfii Suksdorf Monkeyflower	5/1/1994	More common than previously known
Senecio debilis Weak Groundsel	5/1/1994	Limited distribution
Trisetum orthochaetum Missoula County Oats	5/1/1994	Sterile hybrid
Selaginella watsonii Watson's Spikemoss	4/1/1993	More common than previously known
Ipomopsis pumila Dwarf Ipomopsis	4/1/1993	More common than previously known
Ligusticum filicinum Fern-leaf Lovage	4/1/1993	More common than previously known
Gilia leptomeria Great Basin Gilia	4/1/1993	More common than previously known
Townsendia incana Hoary Townsend-daisy	4/1/1993	More common than previously known
Geocaulon lividum Northern Toadflax	4/1/1993	More common than previously known
Claytonia multiscapa Rydberg's Springbeauty	4/1/1993	1994 note: More common than previously known
Camissonia minor Small-flowered Evening-primrose	4/1/1993	More common than previously known

SPECIES REMOVED FROM STATEWIDE LIST		
SPECIES	DATE	NOTES
Phacelia ivesiana var. glandulifera Sticky Scorpion-weed	4/1/1993	More common than previously known
Streptanthella longirostris Streptanthella	4/1/1993	More common than previously known
Gilia tweedyi Tweedy's Gilia	4/1/1993	More common than previously known. Previously referred to as G. inconspicua var. tweedyi
Xylorhiza glabriuscula Woody Aster	4/1/1993	More common than previously known
Stanleya tomentosa Woolly Prince's plume	4/1/1993	More common than previously known
Scirpus cyperinus Woolgrass	4/1/1993	Adventive

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